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(54) Title: HIGH MOLECULAR WEIGHT SURFACE PROTEINS OF NON-TYPEABLE HAEMOPHILUS

(57) Abstract

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High molecular weight surface proteins of non-typeable Haemophilus influenzae which exhibit immunogenic properties and genes encoding the same are described. Specifically, genes coding for two immunodominant high molecular weight proteins, HMW1 and HMW2, have been cloned, expressed and sequenced, while genes coding for high molecular proteins HMW3 and HMW4 have also been cloned, expressed and sequenced.

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TITLE OF INVENTION HIGH MOLECULAR WEIGHT SURFACE PROTEINS OF NON-TYPEABLE HAEMOPHILUS

FIELD OF INVENTION

This invention relates to high molecular weight proteins of non-typeable haemophilus.

BACKGROUND TO THE INVENTION

Non-typeable <u>Haemophilus influenzae</u> are non-encapsulated organisms that are defined by their lack of reactivity with antisera against known <u>H. influenzae</u> capsular antigens.

These organisms commonly inhabit upper respiratory tract of humans and are frequently responsible for a variety of common mucosal surface infections, such as otitis media, sinusitis, conjunctivitis, chronic bronchitis and pneumonia. Otitis media remains an important health problem for children and most children have had at least one episode of otitis by their third birthday and approximately one-third of children have had three or more episodes. Non-typeable Haemophilus influenzae generally accounts for about 20 to 25% of acute otitis media and for a larger percentage of cases of chronic otitis media with effusion.

A critical first step in the pathogenesis of these infections is colonization of the respiratory tract mucosa. Bacterial surface molecules which mediate adherence, therefore, are of particular interest as possible vaccine candidates.

Since the non-typeable organisms do not have a polysaccharide capsule, they are not controlled by the

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present <u>Haemophilus influenzae</u> type b (Hib) vaccines, which are directed towards Hib bacterial capsular polysaccharides. The non-typeable strains, however, do produce surface antigens that can elicit bactericidal antibodies. Two of the major outer membrane proteins, P2 and P6, have been identified as targets of human serum bactericidal activity. However, it has been shown that the P2 protein sequence is variable, in particular in the non-typeable <u>Haemophilus</u> strains. Thus, a P2-based vaccine would not protect against all strains of the organism.

There have previously been identified by Barenkamp et al (Pediatr. Infect. Dis. J., 9:333-339, 1990) a group of high-molecular-weight (HMW) proteins of non-typeable Haemophilus influenzae that appeared to be major targets of antibodies present in human convalescent sera. Examination of a series of middle ear isolates revealed the presence of one or two such proteins in most strains. However, prior to the present invention, the structures of these proteins and their encoding nucleic acid sequences were unknown as were pure isolates of such proteins. In addition, the identification of surface accessible epitopes of such proteins was unknown.

25 <u>SUMMARY OF INVENTION</u>

The inventor, in an effort to further characterize the high molecular weight (HMW) non-typeable <u>Haemophilus</u> proteins, has cloned, expressed and sequenced the genes coding for two immunodominant HMW proteins (designated HMW1 and HMW2) from a prototype non-typeable <u>Haemophilus</u> strain and has cloned, expressed and sequenced the genes coding for two additional immunodominant HMW proteins (designated HMW3 and HMW4) from another non-typeabl Haemophilus strain.

In accordance with one aspect of the present invention, therefore, there is provided an isolated and

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purified nucleic acid molecule coding for a high molecular weight protein of a non-typeable <u>Haemophilus</u> strain, particularly a nucleic acid molecule coding for protein HMW1, HMW2, HMW3 or HMW4, as well as any variant or fragment of such protein which retains the immunological ability to protect against disease caused by a non-typeable <u>Haemophilus</u> strain.

The nucleic acid molecule may have a DNA sequence shown in Figure 1 (SEQ ID No: 1) and encoding HMW1 for strain 12 having the derived amino acid sequence of Figure 2 (SEQ ID No: 2). The nucleic acid molecule may have the DNA sequence shown in Figure 3 (SEQ ID No: 3) and encoding protein HMW2 for strain 12 having the derived amino acid sequence of Figure 4 (SEQ ID No: 4). The nucleic acid molecule may have the DNA sequence shown in Figure 8 (SEQ ID No: 7) and encoding HMW3 for strain 5 having the derived amino acid sequence of Figure 10 (SEQ ID No: 9). The nucleic acid molecule may have a DNA sequence shown in Figure 9 (SEQ ID No: 8) and encoding protein HMW4 for strain 5 having the derived amino acid sequence of Figure 10 (SEQ ID No: 10).

In another aspect of the invention, there is provided an isolated and purified nucleic acid molecule encoding a high molecular weight protein of a non-typeable Haemophilus strain, which is selected from the group consisting of:

- (a) a DNA sequence as shown in any one of Figures 1, 3, 8 and 9 (SEQ ID Nos: 1, 3, 7 and 8);
 - (b) a DNA sequence encoding an amino acid sequence as shown in any one of Figures 2, 4 and 10 (SEQ ID Nos: 2, 4, 9 and 10); and
- (c) a DNA sequence which hybridizes under stringent conditions to any one of the sequences of (a) and (b).

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A DNA sequence according to (c) may be one having at least about 90% identity of sequence to the DNA sequences (a) or (b).

The inventor has further found correct processing of the HMW protein requires the presence of additional downstream nucleic acid sequences. Accordingly, a further aspect of the present invention provides an isolated and purified gene cluster comprising a first nucleotide sequence encoding a high molecular weight protein of a non-typeable Haemophilus strain and at least one downstream nucleotide sequence for effecting expression of a gene product of the first nucleotide sequence fully encoded by the structural gene.

The gene cluster may comprise a DNA sequence encoding high molecular weight protein HMW1 or HMW2 and two downstream accessory genes. The gene cluster may have the DNA sequence shown in Figure 6 (SEQ ID No: 5) or Figure 7 (SEQ ID No. 6).

In an additional aspect, the present invention includes a vector adapted for transformation of a host, comprising a nucleic acid molecule as provided herein, particularly the gene cluster provided herein. vector may be an expression vector or a plasmid adapted for expression of the encoded high molecular weight protein, fragments or analogs thereof, in a heterologous or homologous host and comprising expression means operatively coupled to the nucleic acid molecule. expression means may include a nucleic acid portion encoding a leader sequence for secretion from the host of the high molecular weight protein. The expression means may include a nucleic acid portion encoding a lipidation signal for expression from the host of a lipidated form The host may be of the high molecular weight protein. example, E. coli, Bacillus, from. for selected Haemophilus, fungi, yeast, baculovirus and Semliki Forest Virus expression systems. The invention further includes

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a recombinant high molecular weight protein of non-typeable <u>Haemophilus</u> or fragment or analog there f producible by the transformed host.

In another aspect, the invention provides an isolated and purified high molecular weight protein of non-typeable <u>Haemophilus influenzae</u> which is encoded by a nucleic acid molecule as provided herein. Such high molecular weight proteins may be produced recombinantly to be devoid of non-high molecular weight proteins of non-typeable <u>Haemophilus influenzae</u> or from natural sources.

Such protein may be characterized by at least one surface-exposed B-cell epitope which is recognized by monoclonal antibody AD6 (ATCC _____). Such protein may be HMW1 encoded by the DNA sequence shown in Figure 1 (SEQ ID No: 1) and having the derived amino acid sequence of Figure 2 (SEQ ID No: 2) and having an apparent molecular weight of 125 kDa. Such protein may be HMW2 encoded by the DNA sequence shown in Figure 3 (SEQ ID No: 3) and having the derived amino acid sequence of Figure 4 (SEQ ID No: 4) and having an apparent molecular weight of 120 kDA. Such protein may be HMW3 encoded by the DNA sequence shown in Figure 8 (SEQ ID No: 7) and having the derived amino acid sequence of Figure 10 (SEQ ID No: 9) and having an apparent molecular weight of 125 kDa. Such protein may be HMW4 encoded by the DNA sequence shown in Figure 9 (SEQ ID No: 8) and having the derived amino acid sequence shown in Figure 10 (SEQ ID No: 10) and having the apparent molecular weight of 123kDa.

A further aspect of the invention provides an isolated and purified high molecular weight protein of non-typeable Haemophilus influenzae which is antigenically related to the filamentous hemagglutinin surface protein of Bordetella pertussis, particularly HMW1, HMW2, HMW3 or HMW4.

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The novel high molecular weight proteins of non-typeable <u>Haemophilus</u> may be used as carrier molecules by linking to an antigen, hapten or polysaccharide for eliciting an immune response to the antigen, hapten or polysaccharide. An example of such polysaccharide is a protective polysaccharide against <u>Haemophilus influenzae</u> type b.

In a further aspect of the invention, there is provided a synthetic peptide having an amino acid sequence containing at least six amino acids and no more than 150 amino acids and corresponding to at least one protective epitope of a high molecular weight protein of non-typeable Haemophilus influenzae, specifically HMW1, HMW2, HMW3 or HMW4. The epitope may be one recognized by at least one of the monoclonal antibodies AD6 (ATCC ____) and 10C5 (ATCC ____). Specifically, the epitope may be located within 75 amino acids of the carboxy terminus of the HMW1 or HMW2 protein and recognized by the monoclonal antibody AD6.

The present invention also provides an immunogenic composition comprising an immunoeffective amount of an active component, which may be the novel high molecular weight protein or synthetic peptide provided herein, which may be formulated along with a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier therefor. The immunogenic composition may be formulated as a vaccine for *in vivo* administration to a host.

The immunogenic composition may be formulated as a microparticle, capsule, ISCOM or liposome preparation. The immunogenic composition may be used in combination with a targeting molecule for delivery to specific cells of the immune system or to mucosal surfaces. Some targeting molecules include vitamin B12 and fragments of bacterial toxins, as described in WO 92/17167 (Biotech Australia Pty. Ltd.), and monoclonal antibodies, as described in U.S. Patent No. 5,194,254 (Barber et al).

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The immunogenic compositions of the invention (including vaccines) may further comprise at least one other immunogenic or immunostimulating material and the immunostimulating material may be at least one adjuvant.

Suitable adjuvants for use in the present invention include, (but are not limited to) aluminum phosphate, aluminum hydroxide, QS21, Quil A, derivatives components thereof, ISCOM matrix, calcium phosphate, calcium hydroxide, zinc hydroxide, a glycolipid analog, an octadecyl ester of an amino acid, a muramyl dipeptide polyphosphazare, ISCOPRP, DC-chol, DDBA and a lipoprotein other and adjuvants to induce a Thi response. Advantageous combinations of adjuvants are described in copending United States patent Application Serial No. 08/261,194 filed June 16, 1994, assigned to Connaught Laboratories Limited and the disclosure of which is incorporated herein by reference.

In a further aspect of the invention, there is provided a method of generating an immune response in a host, comprising administering thereto an immuno-effective amount of the immunogenic composition as provided herein. The immune response may be a humoral or a cell-mediated immune response. Hosts in which protection against disease may be conferred include primates including humans.

The present invention additionally provides a method of producing antibodies specific for a high molecular weight protein of non-typeable Haemophilus influenzae, comprising:

- (a) administering the high molecular weight protein or epitope containing peptide provided herein to at least one mouse to produce at least one immunized mouse;
 - (b) removing B-lymphocytes from the at least on immunized mouse;

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- (c) fusing the B-lymphocytes from the at least one immunized mouse with myeloma cells, thereby producing hybridomas;
 - (d) cloning the hybridomas;
- (e) selecting clones which produce anti-high molecular weight protein antibody;
- (f) culturing the anti-high molecular weight protein antibody-producing clones; and then
- (g) isolating anti-high molecular weight protein antibodies from the cultures.

Additional aspects of the present invention include monoclonal antibody AD6 and monoclonal antibody 10C5.

The present invention provides, in an additional aspect thereof, a method for producing an immunogenic composition, comprising administering the immunogenic composition provided herein to a first test host to determine an amount and a frequency of administration thereof to elicit a selected immune response against a high molecular weight protein of non-typeable <u>Haemophilus influenzae</u>; and formulating the immunogenic composition in a form suitable for administration to a second host in accordance with the determined amount and frequency of administration. The second host may be a human.

The novel envelope protein provided herein is useful in diagnostic procedures and kits for detecting antibodies to high molecular weight proteins of non-typeable <u>Haemophilus influenzae</u>. Further monoclonal antibodies specific for the high molecular protein or epitopes thereof are useful in diagnostic procedure and kits for detecting the presence of the high molecular weight protein.

Accordingly, a further aspect of the invention provides a method of determining the presence in a sample, of antibodies specifically reactive with a high mol cular weight protein of Haemophilus influenzae comprising the steps of:

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- (a) contacting the sample with the high molecular weight protein or epitope-containing peptide as provided herein to produce complexes comprising the protein and any said antibodies present in the sample specifically reactive therewith; and
- (b) determining production of the complexes.

In a further aspect of the invention, there is provided a method of determining the presence, in a sample, of a high molecular weight protein of Haemophilus influenzae or an epitope-containing peptide, comprising the steps of:

- (a) immunizing a host with the protein or peptide as provided herein, to produce antibodies specific for the protein or peptide;
- (b) contacting the sample with the antibodies to produce complexes comprising any high molecular weight protein or epitope-containing peptide present in the sample and said specific antibodies; and
- (c) determining production of the complexes.
- 20 A further aspect of the invention provides a diagnostic kit for determining the presence of antibodies in a sample specifically reactive with a high molecular weight protein of non-typeable Haemophilus influenzae or epitope-containing peptide, comprising:
 - (a) the high molecular weight protein or epitopecontaining peptide as provided herein;
 - (b) means for contacting the protein or peptide with the sample to produce complexes comprising the protein or peptide and any said antibodies present in the sample; and
 - (c) means for determining production of the complexes.

The invention also provides a diagnostic kit for detecting the presence, in a sample, of a high molecular weight protein of <u>Haemophilus influenzae</u> or epitopecontaining peptide, comprising:

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- (a) an antibody specific for the novel envelope protein as provided herein;
- (b) means for contacting the antibody with the sample to produce a complex comprising the protein or peptide and protein-specific antibody; and
- (c) means for determining production of th complex.

In this application, the term "high molecular weight protein" is used to define a family of high molecular weight proteins of <u>Haemophilus influenzae</u>, generally having an apparent molecular weight of from about 120 to about 130 kDa and includes proteins having variations in their amino acid sequences. In this application, a first protein or peptide is a "functional analog" of a second protein or peptide if the first protein or peptide is immunologically related to and/or has the same function as the second protein or peptide. The functional analog may be, for example, a fragment of the protein or a substitution, addition or deletion mutant thereof. The invention—also—extends—to such functional analogs.

Advantages of the present invention include:

- an isolated and purified envelope high molecular weight protein of <u>Haemophilus influenzae</u> produced recombinantly to be devoid of non-high molecular weight proteins of <u>Haemophilus influenzae</u> or from natural sources as well as nucleic acid molecules encoding the same;
- high molecular weight protein specific human monoclonal antibodies which recognize conserved epitopes in such protein; and
- diagnostic kits and immunological reagents for specific identification of hosts infected by <u>Haemophilus</u> influenzae.

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BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF DRAWINGS

Figures 1A to 1G contain the DNA sequence of a gene coding for protein HMW1 (SEQ ID No: 1). The https://hmw1A open reading frame extends from nucleotides 351 to 4958;

Figures 2A and 2B contain the derived amino acid sequence of protein HMW1 (SEQ ID No: 2);

Figures 3A to 3G contain the DNA sequence of a gene coding for protein HMW2 (SEQ ID No: 3). The open https://doi.org/10.1016/journal.com/hmw2A open reading frame extends from nucleotides 382 to 4782;

Figures 4A and 4B contain the derived amino acid sequence of HMW2 (SEQ ID No: 4);

Figure 5A shows restriction maps of representative recombinant phages which contained the HMW1 or HMW2 structural genes and of HMW1 plasmid subclones. The shaded boxes indicate the location of the structural genes. In the recombinant phage, transcription proceeds from left to right for the HMW1 gene and from right to left for the HMW2 gene;

Figure 5B shows the restriction map of the T7 expression vector pT7-7. This vector contains the T7 RNA polymerase promoter \$\Phi\$10, a ribosomal binding site (rbs) and the translational start site for the T7 gene 10 protein upstream from a multiple cloning site;

Figures 6A to 6L contain the DNA sequence of a gene cluster for the https://mw.edu.nucleotides351 to 4958 (ORF <a href="mailto:a) (as in Figure 1), as well as two additional downstream genes in the 3' flanking region, comprising ORFs <a href="mailto:b), nucleotides 5114 to 6748 and <a href="mailto:c nucleotides 7062 to 9011;

Figures 7A to 7L contain the DNA sequence of a gene cluster for the https://mw.edu.nucleotides 792 to 5222 (ORF <a href="mailto:a) (as in Figure 3), as well as two additional downstream genes in the 3' flanking region, comprising ORFs <a href="mailto:b), nucleotides 5375 to 7009, and <a href="mailto:c), nucleotides 7249 to 9198;

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Figures 8A and 8B contain the DNA sequence of a gene coding for protein HMW3 (SEQ ID NO: 7);

Figures 9A and 9B contain the DNA sequence of a gene coding for protein HMW4 (SEQ ID NO: 8);

Figures 10A to 10L contain a comparison table for the derived amino acid sequence for proteins HMW1 (SEQ ID No: 2), HMW2 (SEQ ID No: 4), HMW3 (SEQ ID No: 9) and HMW4 (SEQ ID No: 10);

Figure 11 illustrates a Western immunoblot assay of phage lysates containing either the HMW1 or HMW2 recombinant proteins. Lysates were probed with an <u>E. coli</u>-absorbed adult serum sample with high-titer antibody against high molecular weight proteins. The arrows indicate the major immunoreactive bands of 125 and 120 kDa in the HMW1 and HMW2 lysates respectively;

Figure 12 is a Western immunoblot assay of cell sonicates prepared from E. coli transformed with plasmid pT7-7 (lanes 1 and 2), pHMW1-2 (lanes 3 and 4), pHMW1-4 (lanes 5 and 6) or pHMW1-14 (lanes 7 and 8). The sonicates were probed with an E. coli-absorbed adult serum sample with high-titer antibody against high-molecular weight proteins. Lanes labelled U and I sequence sonicates prepared before and after indication of the growing samples with IPTG, respectively. The arrows indicate protein bands of interest as discussed below;

Figure 13 is a graphical illustration of an ELISA with rHMW1 antiserum assayed against purified filamentous haemagglutinin of <u>B. pertussis</u>. Ab = antibody;

Figure 14 is a Western immunoblot assay of cell sonicates from a panel of epidemiologically unrelated non-typeable <u>H. influenzae</u> strains. The sonicates were probed with rabbit antiserum prepared against HMW1-4 recombinant protein. The strain designations are indicated by the numbers below each line;

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Figure 15 is a Western immunoblot assay of cell sonicates from a panel of epidemiologically unrelated non-typeable H. influenzae strains. The sonicates were probed with monoclonal antibody X3C, a murine 1gG antibody which recognizes the filamentous hemagglutinin of B. pertussis. The strain designations are indicated by the numbers below each line;

Figure 16 shows an immunoblot assay of cell sonicates of non-typeable <u>H. influenzae</u> strain 12 derivatives. The sonicates were probed with rabbit antiserum prepared against HMW-1 recombinant protein. Lanes: 1, wild-type strain; 2, HMW2 mutant; 3, HMW1 mutant; 4. HMW1 HMW2 double mutant;

Figure 17 shows middle ear bacterial counts in PBS-immunized control animals (left panel) and HMW1/HMW2-immunized animals (right panel) seven days after middle ear inoculation with non-typeable <u>Haemophilus influenzae</u> strain 12. Data are log-transformed and the horizontal lanes indicate the means and standard deviations of middle ear fluid bacterial counts for only the infected animals in each group;

Figure 18 is a schematic diagram of pGEMEX®-hmwl recombinant plasmids. The restriction enzymes are B-BamHI, E-EcoRI, C-ClaI, RV-EcoRV, Bst-BstEII and H-HindIII;

Figure 19 is a schematic diagram of pGEMEX®-hmw2 recombinant plasmids. The restriction enzymes are E-EcoRI, H-HindIII, Hc-HincII, M-MluI and X-XhoI;

Figure 20 is immunoelectron micrograph an representative non-typeable <u>Haemophilus</u> influenzae strains after incubation with monoclonal antibody AD6 followed bv incubation with goat anti-mouse IgG conjugated with 10-nm colloidal gold particles. Strains are: upper left panel-strain 12; upper right panel-strain 12 mutant deficient in expression of the high molecular

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weight proteins; lower left panel-strain 5; lower right
panel-strain 15;

Figure 21 is a Western immunoblot assay with Mab AD6 and HMW1 or HMW2 recombinant proteins. The upper left panel indicates the segments of hmw2A structural genes which are being expressed in the recombinant proteins. The lane numbers correspond to the indicated segments;

Figure 22 is a Western immunoblot assay with MAb 10C5 and HMW1 or HMW2 recombinant proteins. The upper panel indicates the segments of the hmwla or hmwla or <a href="https://mww.hmwla.com/hm

Figure 23 is a Western immunoblot assay with MAb AD6 and a panel of unrelated non-typeable <u>Haemophilus</u> influenzae strains which express HMW1/HMW-2 like protein. Cell sonicates were prepared from freshly grown samples of each strain prior to analysis in the Western blot.

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GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF INVENTION

The DNA sequences of the genes coding for the HMWl and HMW2 proteins of non-typeable Haemophilus influenzae strain 12, shown in Figures 1 and 3 respectively, were shown to be about 80% identical, with the first 1259 base pairs of the genes being identical. The open reading frame extend from nucleotides 351 to 4958 and from nucleotide 382 to 4782 respectively. The derived amino acid sequences of the two HMW proteins, shown in Figures respectively, are about 70% identical. and Furthermore, the encoded proteins are antigenically related to the filamentous hemagglutinin surface protein of Bordetella pertussis. A monoclonal antibody prepared against filamentous hemagglutinin (FHA) of Bordetella pertussis was found to recognize both of the high molecular weight proteins. This data suggests that the

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and FHA proteins may serve similar biological functions. The derived amino acid sequences of the HMW1 and HMW2 proteins show sequence similarity to that for the FHA protein. It has further been shown that these antigenically-related proteins are produced majority of the non-typeable strains of Haemophilus. Antisera raised against the protein expressed by the HMW1 gene recognizes both the HMW2 protein and the B. pertussis FHA. The present invention includes isolated and purified high molecular weight protein of non-typeable haemophilus which is antigenically related to the B. pertussis FHA and which may be obtained from natural sources or produced recombinantly.

A phage genomic library of a known strain of non-typeable <u>Haemophilus</u> was prepared by standard methods and the library was screened for clones expressing high molecular weight proteins, using a high titre antiserum against HMW's. A number of strongly reactive DNA clones were plaque-purified and sub-cloned into a T7 expression 20 plasmid. It was found that they all expressed either one or the other of the two high-molecular-weight proteins designated HMW1 and HMW2, with apparent molecular weights of 125 and 120 kDa, respectively, encoded by open reading frames of 4.6 kb and 4.4 kb, respectively.

Representative clones expressing either HMW1 or HMW2 25 were further characterized and the genes isolated, purified and sequenced. The DNA sequence of HMW1 is shown in Figure 1 and the corresponding derived amino acid sequence in Figure 2. Similarly, the DNA sequence of HMW2 is shown in Figure 3 and the corresponding deriv d 30 amino acid sequence in Figure 4. Partial purification of the isolated proteins and N-terminal sequence analysis indicated that the expressed proteins are truncated since their sequence starts at residue number 442 of both full length HMW1 and HMW2 gene products. 35

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The <u>b</u> ORFs are 1635 bp in length, extending from nucleotides 5114 to 6748 in the case of <u>hmwl</u> and nucleotides 5375 to 7009 in the case of <u>hmw2</u>, with their derived amino acid sequences being 99% identical. The derived amino acid sequences demonstrate similarity with the derived amino acid sequences of two genes which encode proteins required for secretion and activation of hemolysins of <u>P. mirabilis</u> and <u>S. marcescens</u>.

The c ORFs are 1950 bp in length, extending from nucleotides 7062 to 9011 in the case of https://mw.nucleotides 7249 to 9198 in the case of https://mw.nucleotides 7249 to 9198 in the case of <a href="https://mw.nucleotides 7249 to 9198 in the case of <a href="https://mw.nucleotides 7249 to 9198 in the case of <a href="https://mw.nucleotides 7249 to 9198 in the case of <a href="https://mw.nucleotides 7249 to 9198 in the case of <a href="https://mw.nucleotides 7249 to 9198 in the case of <a href="https://mw.nucleotides 7249 to 9198 in the case of <a href="https://mw.nucleotides 7249 to 9198 in the case of <a href="https://mw.nucleotides 7249 to 9198 in the case of <a href="https://mw.nucleotides 7249 to 9198 in the case of <a href="https://mw.nucleotides 7249 to 9198 in the case of <a href="https://mw.nucleotides 7249 to 9198 in the case of <a href="https://mw.nucleotides 96% identical. The <a href="https://mw.nucleotides Pumple of the <a href="https://mw.nucleotides 97 bp direct tandem repeats. In plasmid subclones, interruption of the <a href="https://mw.nucleotides 197 bp direct tandem repeats. In plasmid subclones, interruption of the <a href="https://mw.nucleotides 197 bp direct tandem repeats. In plasmid subclones, interruption of the <a href="https://mw.nucleotides 197 bp direct tandem repeats. In plasmid subclones, interruption of the <a href="https://mw.nucleotides 197 bp direct tandem repeats. In plasmid subclones, interruption of the <a href="https://mw.nucleotides 197 bp direct tandem repeats. In direction of the <a href="https://mw.nucleotides 197 bp direct tandem repeats. In the <a href="https://mw.nucleotides 197 bp direct tandem repeats. In the <a href="https://mw.nucleotides 197 bp direct tandem repeats. In the <a href="https://mw.nucleotides 197 bp direct tandem repeats. In the <a href="https://mw.nucleotides 197 bp dire

The two high molecular weight proteins HMW1 and HMW2 have been isolated and purified by the procedures described below in the Examples and shown to be protective against otitis media in chinchillas and to function as adhesins. These results indicate the potential for use of such high molecular proteins and structurally-related proteins of other non-typeable strains of Haemophilus influenzae as components in immunogenic compositions for protecting a susceptible host, such as a human infant, against disease caused by infection with non-typeable Haemophilus influenzae.

35 Since the proteins provided herein are good cross-reactive antigens and are present in the majority

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of non-typeabl Haemophilus strains, it is evident that these HMW proteins may become integral constituents of a universal <u>Haemophilus</u> vaccine. Indeed, these proteins may be used not only as protective antigens against otitis, sinusitis and bronchitis caused non-typeable <u>Haemophilus</u> strains, but also may be used as carriers for the protective Hib polysaccharides in a conjugate vaccine against meningitis. The proteins also may be used as carriers for other antigens, haptens and polysaccharides from other organisms, so as to induce immunity to such antigens, haptens and polysaccharides.

The nucleotide sequences encoding two high molecular weight proteins of a different non-typeable Haemophilus strain (designated HMW3 and HMW4), namely strain 5 have been elucidated, and are presented in Figures 8 and 9 (SEQ ID Nos: 7 and 8). HMW3 has an apparent molecular weight of 125 kDa while HMW4 has an apparent molecular weight of 123 kDa. These high molecular weight proteins are antigenically related to the HMW1 and HMW2 proteins 20 and to FHA. Figure 10 contains a multiple sequence comparison of the derived amino acid sequences for the four high molecular weight proteins identified herein (HMW1, SEQ ID No: 2; HMW2, SEQ ID No: 4; HMW3, SEQ ID No: 9; HMW4, SEQ ID No. 10). As may be seen from this comparison, stretches of identical amino acid sequence may be found throughout the length of the comparison, with HMW3 more closely resembling HMW1 and HMW4 more closely resembling HMW2. This information is highly suggestive of a considerable sequence homology between high molecular weight proteins from various non-typeable <u>Haemophilus</u> strains. This information is also suggestive that the HMW3 and HMW4 proteins will have the same immunological properties as the HMW1 and HMW2 proteins and that corresponding HMW proteins from other typeable <u>Haemophilus</u> strains will have the immunological properties as the HMW1 and HMW2 proteins.

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In addition, mutants of non-typeable H. influenzae strains that are deficient in expression of HMW1 or HMW2 or both have been constructed and examined for their capacity to adhere to cultured human epithelial cells. The hmwl and hmw2 gene clusters have been expressed in E. coli and have been examined for in vitro adherence. results of experimentation, such described demonstrate that both HMW1 and HMW2 mediate attachment and hence are adhesins and that this function is present even in the absence of other H. influenzae surface structures. The ability of a bacterial surface protein to function as an adhesin provides strong in vitro evidence for its potential role as a protective antigen. In view of the considerable sequence homology between the HMW3 and HMW4 proteins and the HMW1 and HMW2 proteins, these results indicate that HMW3 and HMW4 also are likely to function as adhesins and that other HMW proteins of other strains of non-typeable Haemophilus influenzae similarly are likely to function as adhesins. expectation is borne out by the results described in the Examples below.

With the isolation and purification of the high molecular weight proteins, the inventor is able to determine the major protective epitopes of the proteins by conventional epitope mapping and synthesizing peptides corresponding to these determinants for incorporation fully synthetic recombinant or vaccines. Accordingly, the invention also comprises a synthetic peptide having at least six and no more than 150 amino acids and having an amino acid sequence corresponding to at least one protective epitope of a high molecular weight protein of a non-typeable Haemophilus influenzae. Such peptides are of varying length that constitute portions of the high molecular weight proteins, that can be used to induce immunity, either directly or as part of a conjugate, against the respective organisms and thus

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constitute active components of immunogenic compositions for protection against the corresponding diseases.

In particular, the applicant has sought to identify regions of the high molecular weight proteins which are demonstrated experimentally to be surface-exposed B-cell epitopes and which are common to all or at least a large number of non-typeable strains of <u>Haemophilus influenzae</u>. The strategy which has been adopted by the inventor has been to:

- (a) generate a panel of monoclonal antibodies reactive with the high molecular weight proteins;
 - (b) screen those monoclonal antibodies for reactivity with surface epitopes of intact bacteria using immunoelectron microscopy or other suitable screening technique;
 - (c) map the epitopes recognized by the monoclonal antibody by determining the reactivity of the monoclonals with a panel of recombinant fusion proteins; and
- 20 ______(d) determining the reactivity of the monoclonal antibodies with heterologous non-typable <u>Haemophilus influenzae</u> strains using standard Western blot assays.

Using this approach, the inventor has identified one monoclonal antibody, designated AD6 (ATCC _____), which recognized a surface-exposed B-cell epitope common to all non-typeable H. influenzae which express the HMW1 and HMW2 proteins. The epitope recognized by this antibody was mapped to a 75 amino acid sequence at the carboxy termini of both HMW1 and HMW2 proteins. The ability to identify shared surface-exposed epitopes on the high molecular weight adhesion proteins suggests that it w uld be possible to develop recombinant or synthetic peptide based vaccines which would be protective against disease caused by the majority of non-typeable Haemophilus influenzae.

The present invention also provides any variant or fragment of the proteins that retains the potential immunological ability to protect against disease caused by non-typeable <u>Haemophilus</u> strains. The variants may be constructed by partial deletions or mutations of the genes and expression of the resulting modified genes to give the protein variants.

It is clearly apparent to one skilled in the art, that the various embodiments of the present invention have many applications in the fields of vaccination, diagnosis, treatment of bacterial infections and the generation of immunological reagents. A further non-limiting discussion of such uses is further presented below.

1. Vaccine Preparation and Use

Immunogenic compositions, suitable to be used as vaccines, may be prepared from the high molecular weight proteins of <u>Haemophilus influenzae</u>, as well as analogs and fragments thereof, and synthetic peptides containing epitopes of the protein, as disclosed herein. The immunogenic composition elicits an immune response which produces antibodies, including anti-high molecular weight protein antibodies and antibodies that are opsonizing or bactericidal.

Immunogenic compositions, including vaccines, may be liquid injectables, as solutions prepared The active component may be mixed with emulsions. excipients pharmaceutically acceptable Such excipients may include, compatible therewith. saline, glycerol, water, dextrose, ethanol. and The immunogenic compositions and combinations thereof. vaccines may further contain auxiliary substances, such as wetting or emulsifying agents, pH buffering agents, or to enhance the effectiveness thereof. adjuvants Immunogenic compositions and vaccines may be administered subcutaneously injection or parenterally, by

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intramuscularly. Alternatively, the immunogenic compositions formed according to the present invention. may be formulated and delivered in a manner to evoke an immune response at mucosal surfaces. Thus. the immunogenic composition may be administered to mucosal 5 surfaces by, for example, the nasal (intragastric) routes. Alternatively, other modes of administration including suppositories and oral formulations may be desirable. For suppositories, and carriers may include, for example. polyalkalene glycols or triglycerides. Oral formulations may include normally employed incipients such as, for example, pharmaceutical grades of saccharine, cellulose and magnesium carbonate. These compositions can take the form of solutions, suspensions, tablets, pills, capsul s, sustained release formulations or powders and contain about 1 to 95% of the active component. The immunogenic preparations and vaccines are administered in a manner compatible with the dosage formulation, and in such 20 amount as will be therapeutically effective, protective and immunogenic. The quantity to be administered depends on the subject to be treated, including, for example, the capacity of the individual's immune system to synthesize antibodies, and if needed, to produce a cell-mediated immune response. Precise amounts of active ingredient required to be administered depend on the judgment of the practitioner. However, suitable dosage ranges are readily determinable by one skilled in the art and may be of the order of micrograms of the HMW proteins. Suitable regimes for initial administration and booster doses are also variable, but may include an initial administration followed by subsequent administrations. The dosage may also depend on the route of administration and will vary according to the size of the host.

The concentration of the active component in an 35 immunogenic composition according to the invention is in

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general about 1 to 95%. A vaccine which contains antigenic material of only one pathogen is a monovalent vaccine. Vaccines which contain antigenic material of several pathogens are combined vaccines and also belong to the present invention. Such combined vaccines contain, for example, material from various pathogens or from various strains of the same pathogen, or from combinations of various pathogens.

Immunogenicity can be significantly improved if the antigens are co-administered with adjuvants, commonly used as 0.05 to 0.1 percent solution in phosphatebuffered saline. Adjuvants enhance the immunogenicity of but are antigen not necessarily immunogenic themselves. Adjuvants may act by retaining the antigen locally near the site of administration to produce a depot effect facilitating a slow, sustained release of antigen to cells of the immune system. Adjuvants canalso attract cells of the immune system to an antigen stimulate such cells to elicit and immune responses.

Immunostimulatory agents or adjuvants have been used for many years to improve the host immune responses to, for example, vaccines. Intrinsic adjuvants, such as lipopolysaccharides, normally are the components of the killed attenuated or bacteria used as vaccines. Extrinsic adjuvants are immunomodulators which typically non-covalently linked to antigens and are formulated to enhance the host immune responses. adjuvants have been identified that enhance the immune response to antigens delivered parenterally. Some of these adjuvants are toxic, however, and can cause undesirable side-effects, making them unsuitable for use in humans and many animals. Indeed, only aluminum hydroxide and aluminum phosphate (collectively commonly referred to as alum) are routinely used as adjuvants in human and veterinary vaccines. The efficacy of alum in

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increasing antibody responses to diphtheria and tetanus toxoids is well established and a HBsAg vaccine has been adjuvanted with alum. While the usefulness of alum is established for some applications, it has limitations. For example, alum is ineffective for influenza vaccination and inconsistently elicits a cell mediated immune response. The antibodies elicited by alum-adjuvanted antigens are mainly of the IgG1 isotype in the mouse, which may not be optimal for protection by some vaccinal agents.

A wide range of extrinsic adjuvants can provoke potent immune responses to antigens. These include saponins complexed to membrane protein antigens (immune stimulating complexes), pluronic polymers with mineral oil, killed mycobacteria in mineral oil, Freund's complete adjuvant, bacterial products, such as muramyl dipeptide (MDP) and lipopolysaccharide (LPS), as well as lipid A, and liposomes.

and cell-mediated immunity (CMI), immunogens are often emulsified in adjuvants. Many adjuvants are toxic, inducing granulomas, acute and chronic inflammations (Freund's complete adjuvant, FCA), cytolysis (saponins and Pluronic polymers) and pyrogenicity, arthritis and anterior uveitis (LPS and MDP). Although FCA is an excellent adjuvant and widely used in research, it is not licensed for use in human or veterinary vaccines because of its toxicity.

Desirable characteristics of ideal adjuvants include:

- lack of toxicity;
- (2) ability to stimulate a long-lasting immune response;
- (3) simplicity of manufacture and stability in long-term storage;
- 35 (4) ability to elicit both CMI and HIR to antigens administered by various routes, if required;

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- (5) synergy with other adjuvants;
- (6) capability of selectively interacting with populations of antigen presenting cells (APC);
- (7) ability to specifically elicit appropriate $T_{H}1$ or $T_{H}2$ cell-specific immune responses; and
- (8) ability to selectively increase appropriate antibody isotype levels (for example, IgA) against antigens.

U.S. Patent No. 4,855,283 granted to Lockhoff et al on August 8, 1989 which is incorporated herein by reference thereto teaches glycolipid analogues including N-glycosylamides, N-glycosylureas glycosylcarbamates, each of which is substituted in the sugar residue by an amino acid, as immuno-modulators or adjuvants. Thus, Lockhoff et al. (US Patent 4,855,283 and ref. 29) reported that N-glycolipid analogs displaying structural similarities to the naturallyoccurring glycolipids, such as glycosphingolipids and glycoglycerolipids, are capable of eliciting strong immune responses in both herpes simplex virus vaccine and pseudorabies virus vaccine. Some glycolipids have been synthesized from long chain-alkylamines and fatty acids that are linked directly with the sugars through the anomeric carbon atom, to mimic the functions of the naturally occurring lipid residues.

U.S. Patent No. 4,258,029 granted to Moloney, incorporated herein by reference thereto, teaches that octadecyl tyrosine hydrochloride (OTH) functioned as an adjuvant when complexed with tetanus toxoid and formalin inactivated type I, II and III poliomyelitis virus vaccine. Also, Nixon-George et al. (ref. 30), reported that octadecyl esters of aromatic amino acids complexed with a recombinant hepatitis B surface antigen, enhanced the host immune responses against hepatitis B virus.

Lipidation of synthetic peptides has also been used to increase their immunogenicity. Thus, Wiesmuller 1989, describes a peptide with a sequence homologous to a foot-

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and-mouth disease viral protein coupled to an adjuvant tripalmityl-s-glyceryl-cysteinylserylserine, being synthetic analogue of the N-terminal part of lipoprotein from Gram negative bacteria. Furthermore, Deres et al. 1989, reported in vivo priming of virusspecific cytotoxic T lymphocytes with lipopeptide vaccine which comprised of modified synthetic peptides derived from influenza virus nucleoprotein by linkage lipopeptide, to а N-palmityl-s-[2,3bis(palmitylxy)-(2RS)-propyl-[R]-cysteine (TPC).

Immunoassays

The high molecular weight protein of Haemophilus influenzae of the present invention is useful as an immunogen for the generation of anti-protein antibodies, as an antigen in immunoassays including enzyme-linked immunosorbent assays (ELISA), RIAs and other non-enzyme linked antibody binding assays or procedures known in the art for the detection of antibodies. In ELISA assays, the protein is immobilized onto a selected surface, for 20 example, a surface capable of binding proteins, such as the wells of a polystyrene microtiter plate. washing to remove incompletely adsorbed protein, a nonspecific protein, such as a solution of bovine serum albumin (BSA) that is known to be antigenically neutral with regard to the test sample, may be bound to the selected surface. This allows for blocking of nonspecific adsorption sites on the immobilizing surface and thus reduces the background caused by nonspecific bindings of antisera onto the surface.

The immobilizing surface is then contacted with a sample, such as clinical or biological materials, to be tested in manner conducive a to immune (antigen/antibody) formation. This may include diluting the sample with diluents, such as solutions of BSA, bovine gamma globulin (BGG) and/or phosphate buffered saline (PBS)/Tween. The sample is then allowed to

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incubate for from about 2 to 4 hours, at temperatures such as of the order of about 25 to 37°C. incubation, the sample-contacted surface is washed to remove non-immunocomplexed material. washing procedure may include washing with a solution, such as PBS/Tween or a borate buffer. Following formation of specific immunocomplexes between the test sample and the bound protein, and subsequent washing, the occurrence, and even amount, of immunocomplex formation may determined by subjecting the immunocomplex to a second antibody having specificity for the first antibody. the test sample is of human origin, the second antibody is an antibody having specificity for immunoglobulins and in general IgG. To provide detecting means, the second antibody may have an associated activity such as an enzymatic activity that generate. for example, a colour development incubating with an appropriate chromogenic substrate. Quantification may then be achieved by measuring the degree of colour generation using, for example, a visible spectra spectrophotometer.

3. Use of Sequences as Hybridization Probes

The nucleotide sequences of the present invention, comprising the sequences of the genes encoding the high molecular weight proteins of specific strains of non-typeable <u>Haemophilus influenzae</u>, now allow for the identification and cloning of the genes from any species of non-typeable <u>Haemophilus</u> and other strains of non-typeable <u>Haemophilus</u> influenzae.

The nucleotide sequences comprising the sequences of the genes of the present invention are useful for their ability to selectively form duplex molecules with complementary stretches of other genes of high molecular weight proteins of non-typeable <u>Haemophilus</u>. Depending on the application, a variety of hybridization conditions may be employed to achieve varying degrees of selectivity

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of the probe toward the other genes. For a high degree of selectivity, relatively stringent conditions are used to form the duplexes, such as low salt and/or high temperature conditions, such as provided by 0.02 M to 0.15 M NaCl at temperatures of between about 50°C to 70°C. some applications, less stringent hybridization conditions are required such as 0.15 M to 0.9 M salt, at temperatures ranging from between about 20°C to 55°C. Hybridization conditions can also be rendered more stringent by the addition of increasing amounts of formamide, to destabilize the hybrid duplex. particular hybridization conditions can be readily manipulated, and will generally be a method of choice depending on the desired results. In general, convenient hybridization temperatures in the presence of 50% formamide are: 42°C for a probe which is 95 to 100% homologous to the target fragment, 37°C for 90 to 95% homology and 32°C for 85 to 90% homology.

In a clinical diagnostic embodiment, the nucleic acid sequences of the genes of the present invention may be used in combination with an appropriate means, such as a label, for determining hybridization. A wide variety of appropriate indicator means are known in the art, including radioactive, enzymatic or other ligands, such as avidin/biotin, which are capable of providing a detectable signal. In some diagnostic embodiments, an enzyme tag such as urease, alkaline phosphatase or peroxidase, instead of a radioactive tag may be used. case of enzyme tags, colorimetric indicator substrates are known which can be employed to provide a means visible to the human eye or spectrophotometrically, to identify specific hybridization with containing gene sequences encoding high molecular weight proteins of non-typeable Haemophilus.

The nucleic acid sequences of genes of the present invention are useful as hybridization probes in solution

hybridizations and in embodiments employing solid-phase In embodiments involving solid-phase procedures, the test DNA (or RNA) from samples, such as clinical samples, including exudates, body fluids (e.g., amniotic fluid, middle ear effusion, sputum, 5 bronchoalveolar lavage fluid) or even tissues. adsorbed or otherwise affixed to a selected matrix or surface. The fixed, single-stranded nucleic acid is then subjected to specific hybridization with selected probes comprising the nucleic acid sequences of the genes or 10 fragments thereof of the present invention under desired conditions. The selected conditions will depend on the particular circumstances based on the particular criteria required depending on, for example, the G+C contents, type of target nucleic acid, source of nucleic acid, size 15 of hybridization probe etc. Following washing of the hybridization surface so as to remove non-specifically molecules, bound probe specific hybridization detected, or even quantified, by means of the label. with the selection of peptides, it is preferred to select 20 nucleic acid sequence portions which are conserved among species of non-typeable <u>Haemophilus</u>. The selected probe may be at least about 18 bp and may be in the range of about 30 bp to about 90 bp long.

25 4. Expression of the High Molecular Weight Protein Genes

Plasmid vectors containing replicon and control sequences which are derived from species compatible with the host cell may be used for the expression of the genes encoding high molecular weight proteins of non-typeable Haemophilus in expression systems. The vector ordinarily carries a replication site, as well as marking sequences which are capable of providing phenotypic selection in transformed cells. example, For E. coli may transformed using pBR322 which contains genes ampicillin and tetracycline resistance and thus provides

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easy means for identifying transformed cells. The pBR322 plasmid, or other microbial plasmid or phage must also contain, or be modified to contain, promoters which can be used by the host cell for expression of its own proteins.

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In addition, phage vectors containing replicon and control sequences that are compatible with the host can be used as a transforming vector in connection with these hosts. For example, the phage in lambda GEMTM-11 may be utilized in making recombinant phage vectors which can be used to transform host cells, such as <u>E. coli</u> LE392.

Promoters commonly used in recombinant DNA construction include the β -lactamase (penicillinase) and lactose promoter systems (Chang et al., 1978: Itakura et al., 1977 Goeddel et al., 1979; Goeddel et al., 1980) and other microbial promoters such as the T7 promoter system (U.S. Patent 4,952,496). Details concerning the nucleotide sequences of promoters are known, enabling a skilled worker to ligate them functionally with genes. The particular promoter used will generally be a matter of choice depending upon the desired results. Hosts that are appropriate for expression of the genes encoding the high molecular weight proteins, fragment analogs or variants thereof, include E. coli, Bacillus species, Haemophilus, fungi, yeast or the baculovirus expression system may be used.

In accordance with this invention, it is preferred to make the high molecular weight proteins by recombinant methods, particularly since the naturally occurring high molecular weight protein as purified from a culture of a species of non-typeable Haemophilus may include trace amounts of toxic materials or other contaminants. This problem can be avoided by using recombinantly produced proteins in heterologous systems which can be isolated from the host in a manner to minimize comtaminants in the purified material. Particularly desirable hosts for

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expression in this regard include Gram positive bacteria which do not have LPS and are, therefore, endotoxin free. Such hosts include species of <u>Bacillus</u> and may be particularly useful for the production of non-pyrogenic high molecular weight protein, fragments or analogs thereof. Furthermore, recombinant methods of production permit the manufacture of HMW1, HMW2, HMW3 or HMW4, and corresponding HMW proteins from other non-typeable <u>Haemophilus influenzae</u> strains, or fragments thereof, separate from one another and devoid of non-HMW protein of non-typeable <u>Haemophilus influenzae</u>.

Biological Deposits

Certain hybridomas producing monoclonal antibodies specific for high molecular weight protein of Haemophilus 15 influenzae according to aspects of the present invention that are described and referred to herein have been deposited with the American Type Culture Collection located at 12301 Parklawn Drive, Rockville. Maryland, USA, 20852, pursuant to the Budapest Treaty and 20 prior to the filing of this application. Samples of the deposited hybridomas will become available to the public upon grant of a patent based upon this United States patent application. The invention described and claimed herein is not to be limited in scope by the hybridomas 25 deposited, since the deposited embodiment is intended only as an illustration of the invention. Any equivalent or similar hybridomas that produce similar or equivalent antibodies as described in this application are within 30 the scope of the invention.

Deposit Summary

<u>Hybridomas</u> <u>ATCC Designation</u> <u>Date Deposited</u>
AD6

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EXAMPLES

The above disclosure generally describes the present invention. A more complete understanding can be obtained by reference to the following specific Examples. are described solely for purposes of illustration and are not intended to limit the scope of the invention. Changes in form and substitution of equivalents are contemplated as circumstances may suggest or render expedient. Although specific terms have been employed herein, such terms are intended in a descriptive sense and not for purposes of limitations.

Methods of molecular genetics, protein biochemistry, and immunology used but not explicitly described in this disclosure and these Examples are amply reported in the scientific literature and are well within the ability of those skilled in the art.

Example 1:

This Example describes the isolation of DNA encoding HMW1 and HMW2 proteins, cloning and expression of such proteins, and sequencing and sequence analysis of the DNA molecules encoding the HMW1 and HMW2 proteins.

Non-typeable <u>H.influenzae</u> strains 5 and 12 were isolated in pure culture from the middle ear fluid of children with acute otitis media. Chromosomal DNA from strain 12, providing genes encoding proteins HMW1 and HMW2, was prepared by preparing Sau3A partial restriction digests of chromosomal DNA and fractionating on sucros gradients. Fractions containing DNA fragments in the 9 to 20 kbp range were pooled and a library was prepared by ligation into λ EMBL3 arms. Ligation mixtures were packaged in vitro and plate-amplified in a P2 lysogen of E. coli LE392.

For plasmid subcloning studies, DNA from a representative recombinant phage was subcloned into the T7 expression plasmid pT7-7, containing the T7 RNA polymerase promoter \$\Phi 10\$, a ribosome-binding site and the

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translational start site for the T7 gene 10 protein upstream from a multiple cloning site (see Figure 5B).

DNA sequence analysis was performed by the dideoxy method and both strands of the HMW1 gene and a single strand of the HMW2 gene were sequenced.

immunoblot Western analysis was performed identify the recombinant proteins being produced by reactive phage clones (Figure 11). Phage lysates grown in LE392 cells or plaques picked directly from a lawn of LE392 cells on YT plates were solubilized electrophoresis sample buffer prior to electrophoresis. Sodium dodecyl sulfate polyacrylamide gel electrophoresis (SDS-PAGE) was performed on 7.5% or 11% polyacrylamide modified Laemmli gels. After transfer of the proteins to nitrocellulose sheets, the sheets were sequentially with an E. coli-absorbed human serum sample containing high-titer antibody to the high-molecularweight proteins and then with alkaline phosphataseconjugated goat anti-human immunoglobulin G (IgG) second antibody. Sera from healthy adults contains high-titer antibody directed against surface-exposed high-molecularweight proteins of non-typeable H. influenzae. One such serum sample was used as the screening antiserum after having been extensively absorbed with LE392 cells.

To identify recombinant proteins being produced by E. coli transformed with recombinant plasmids, the plasmids of interest were used to transform <u>E. coli</u> BL21 The transformed strains were grown to an (DE3)/pLysS. A_{600} of 0.5 in L broth containing 50 μ g of ampicillin per IPTG was then added to 1 mM. One hour later, cells were harvested, and a sonicate of the cells was prepared. The protein concentrations of the samples were determined by the bicinchoninic acid method. Cell sonicates containing 100 µg of total protein were solubilized in buffer, electrophoresis sample subjected polyacrylamide gel electrophoresis, and transferred to

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nitrocellulose. The nitrocellulose was then probed sequentially with the <u>E. coli</u>-absorbed adult serum sample and then with alkaline phosphatase-conjugated goat anti-human IgG second antibody.

Western immunoblot analysis also was performed to determine whether homologous and heterologous typeable H. influenzae strains expressed high-molecularweight proteins antigenically related to the protein encoded by the cloned HMW1 gene (rHMW1). Cell sonicates of bacterial cells were solubilized in electrophoresis sample buffer, subjected to SDS-polyacrylamide gel electrophoresis, and transferred to nitrocellulose. Nitrocellulose was probed sequentially with polyclonal rabbit rHMW1 antiserum and then alkaline With phosphatase-conjugated goat anti-rabbit IqG second antibody.

Finally, Western immunoblot analysis was performed to determine whether non-typeable <u>Haemophilus</u> strains proteins antigenically expressed related to filamentous hemagglutinin protein of Bordetella pertussis. Monoclonal antibody X3C, murine immunoglobulin G (IgG) antibody which recognizes filamentous hemagglutinin, was used to probe cell sonicates by Western blot. An alkaline phosphataseconjugated goat anti-mouse IgG second antibody was used for detection.

To generate recombinant protein antiserum, <u>E. coli</u> BL21(DE3)/pLyss was transformed with pHMW1-4, and expression of recombinant protein was induced with IPTG, as described above. A cell sonicate of the bacterial cells was prepared and separated into a supernatant and pellet fraction by centrifugation at 10,000 x g for 30 min. The recombinant protein fractionated with the pellet fraction. A rabbit was subcutaneously immunized on biweekly schedule with 1 mg of protein from the pellet fraction, the first dose given with Freund's complete

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adjuvant and subsequent doses with Freund's incomplete adjuvant. Following the fourth injection, the rabbit was bled. Prior to use in the Western blot assay, the antiserum was absorbed extensively with sonicates of the host <u>E. coli</u> strain transformed with cloning vector alone.

To assess the sharing of antigenic determinants between HMW1 and filamentous hemagglutinin, enzyme-linked immunosorbent assay (ELISA) plates (Costar, Cambridge, Mass.) were coated with 60 μ l of a 4- μ g/ml solution of filamentous hemagglutinin in Dulbecco's buffered saline per well for 2 h at room temperature. Wells were blocked for 1 h with 1% bovine serum albumin in Dulbecco's phosphate-buffered saline prior to addition of serum dilutions. rHMW1 antiserum was serially diluted in 0.1% Brij (Sigma, St. Louis, Mo.) in Dulbecco's phosphate-buffered saline and incubated for 3 h at room temperature. After being washed, the plates were incubated with peroxidase-conjugated goat anti-rabbit lgG antibody (Bio-Rad) for 2 h at room temperature and subsedeveloped with 2,2'-azino-bis(3ethylbenzthiazoline-6-sulfonic acid) (Sigma) at concentration of 0.54 in mg/ml in 0.1 M sodium citrate buffer, pH 4.2, containing 0.03% H₂O₂. Absorbances were read on an automated ELISA reader.

Recombinant phage expressing HMW1 or HMW2 were recovered as follows. The non-typeable <u>H. influenzae</u> strain 12 genomic library was screened for clones expressing high-molecular-weight proteins with an <u>E. coli-absorbed human serum sample containing a high titer of antibodies directed against the high-molecular-weight proteins.</u>

Numerous strongly reactive clones were identified along with more weakly reactive ones. Twenty strongly reactive clones were plaque-purified and examined by Western blot for expression of recombinant proteins.

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Each of the strongly reactive clones expressed one of two types of high-molecular-weight proteins, designated HMW1 The major immunoreactive protein bands in the HMW1 and HMW2 lysates migrated with apparent molecular masses of 125 and 120 kDa, respectively. In addition to the major bands, each lysate contained minor protein bands of higher apparent molecular weight. Protein bands seen in the HMW2 lysates at molecular masses of less than 120 kDa were not regularly observed and presumably represent proteolytic degradation products. Lysates of LE392 infected with the λ EMBL3 cloning vector alone were non-reactive when immunologically screened with the same serum sample. Thus, the observed activity was not due to cross-reactive E. coli proteins or AEMBL3-encoded pro-Furthermore, the recombinant proteins were not teins. simply binding immunoglobulin nonspecifically, since the proteins were not reactive with the goat anti-human IgG conjugate alone, with normal rabbit sera, or with serum from a number of healthy young infants.

Representative clones expressing either the HMW1 or HMW2 recombinant proteins were characterized further. The restriction maps of the two phage types were different from each other, including the regions encoding the HMW1 and HMW2 structural genes. Figure 5A shows restriction maps of representative recombinant phage which contained the HMW1 or HMW2 structural genes. The locations of the structural genes are indicated by the shaded bars.

HMW1 plasmid subclones were constructed by using the T7 expression plasmid T7-7 (Fig. 5A and B). HMW2 plasmid subclones also were constructed, and the results with these latter subclones were similar to those observed with the HMW1 constructs.

The approximate location and direction of transcription of the HMW1 structure gene were initially determined by using plasmid pHMW1 (Fig. 5A). This

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plasmid was constructed by inserting the 8.5-kb BamHI-SalI fragment from λHMW1 into BamHI- and SalI-cut pT7-7.

E. coli transformed with pHMW1 expressed an immunoreactive recombinant protein with an apparent molecular mass of 115 kDa, which was strongly inducible with IPTG. This protein was significantly smaller than the 125-kDa major protein expressed by the parent phage, indicating that it either was being expressed as a fusion protein or was truncated at the carboxy terminus.

To more precisely localize the 3' end of the structural gene, additional plasmids were constructed with progressive deletions from the 3' end of the pHMW1 construct. Plasmid pHMW1-1 was constructed by digestion of pHMW1 with PstI, isolation of the resulting 8.8-kb fragment, and religation. Plasmid pHMW1-2 was constructed by digestion of pHMW1 with HindIII, isolation of the resulting 7.5-kb fragment, and religation. coli transformed with either plasmid pHMW1-1 or pHMW1-2 also expressed an immunoreactive recombinant protein with an apparent molecular mass of 115 kDa. These results indicated that the 3' end of the structural gene was 5' of the <u>HindIII</u> site. Figure 12 demonstrates the Western blot results with pHMW1-2 transformed cells before and after IPTG indicates (lanes 3 and 4, respectively). 115 kDa recombinant protein is indicated by the arrow. Transformants also demonstrated cross-reactive bands of lower apparent molecular weight, and probably represent partial degradation products. Shown for comparison and the results for E. coli transformed with the pT7-7 cloning vector alone (Fig. 12, lanes 1 and 2).

To more precisely localize the 5' end of the gene, plasmids pHMW1-4 and pHMW1-7 were constructed. Plasmid pHMW1-4 was constructed by cloning the 5.1-kb <u>Bam</u>HI-<u>HindIII</u> fragment from \(\lambda\)HMW1 into a pT7-7-derived plasmid containing the upstream 3.8-kb <u>EcoRI-Bam</u>Hi fragment. <u>E. coli</u> transformed with pHMW1-4 expressed an immunoreactive

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protein with an apparent molecular mass of approximately 160 kDa (Fig. 12, lane 6). Although protein production was inducible with IPTG, the levels of protein production in these transformants were substantially lower than those with the pHMW1-2 transformants described above. Plasmid pHMW1-7 was constructed by digesting pHMW1-4 with The 9.0-kbp fragment generated by this NdeI and SpeI. double digestion was isolated, blunt ended, and religated. E. coli transformed with pHMW1-7 also expressed an immunoreactive protein with an apparent molecular mass of 160 kDa, a protein identical in size to that expressed by the pHMW1-4 transformants. The result indicated that the initiation codon for the HMW1 structural gene was 3' of the SpeI site. DNA sequence analysis (described below) confirmed this conclusion.

As noted above, the $\lambda HMW1$ phage clones expressed a major immunoreactive band of 125 kDa, whereas the HMW1 plasmid clones pHMW1-4 and pHMW1-7, which contained what was believed to be the full-length gene, expressed an 20 immunoreactive protein of approximately 160 kDa. This size discrepancy was disconcerting. One possible explanation was that an additional gene or necessary for correct processing of the HMW1 gene product were deleted in the process of subcloning. this possibility, plasmid pHMW1-14 was constructed. This construct was generated by digesting pHMW1 with NdeI and inserting the 7.6-kbp NdeI-MluI MluI and isolated from pHMW1-4. Such a construct would contain the full-length HMW1 gene as well as the DNA 3' of the HMW1 gene which was present in the original HMW1 phage. E. coli transformed with this plasmid expressed major immunoreactive proteins with apparent molecular masses of 125 and 160 kDa as well as additional degradation products (Fig. 12, lanes 7 and 8). The 125- and 160-kDa were identical to the major and immunoreactive bands detected in the HMW1 phage lysates.

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Interestingly, the pHMW1-14 construct also expressed significant amounts of protein in the uninduced condition, a situation not observed with the earlier constructs.

The relationship between the 125- and 160-kDa proteins remains somewhat unclear. Sequence analysis, described below, reveals that the HMW1 gene would be predicted to encode a protein of 159 kDa. It is believed that the 160-kDa protein is a precursor form of the mature 125-kDa protein, with the conversion from one protein to the other being dependent on the products of the two downstream genes.

Sequence analysis of the HMW1 gene (Figure 1) revealed a 4,608-bp open reading frame (ORF), beginning with an ATG codon at nucleotide 351 and ending with a TAG stop codon at nucleotide 4959. A putative ribosomebinding site with the sequence AGGAG begins 10 bp upstream of the putative initiation codon. Five other inframe ATG codons are located within 250 bp of the beginning of the ORF, but none of these is preceded by a typical ribosome-binding site. The 5'-flanking region of the ORF contains a series of direct tandem repeats, with the 7-bp sequence ATCTTTC repeated 16 times. tandem repeats stop 100 bp 5' of the putative initiation codon. An 8-bp inverted repeat characteristic of a rhoindependent transcriptional terminator beginning at nucleotide 4983, 25 bp 3' of the presumed translational stop. Multiple termination codons are present in all three reading frames both upstream and downstream of the ORF. The derived amino acid sequence of the protein encoded by the HMW1 gene (Figure 2) has a molecular weight of 159,000, in good agreement with the apparent molecular weights of the proteins expressed by the HMW1-4 and HMW1-7 transformants. The derived amino acid sequence of the amino terminus does not demonstrate the characteristics of a typical signal sequence.

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BamHI site used in generation of pHMWl comprises bp 1743 through 1748 of the nucleotide sequence. The ORF downstream of the BamHI site would be predicted to encode a protein of 111 kDa, in good agreement with the 115 kDa estimated for the apparent molecular mass of the pHMWl-encoded fusion protein.

The sequence of the HMW2 gene (Figure 3) consists of a 4,431-bp ORF, beginning with an ATG codon at nucleotide 352 and ending with a TAG stop codon at nucleotide 4783. The first 1,259 bp of the ORF of the HMW2 gene are identical to those of the HMW1 gene. Thereafter, the sequences begin to diverge but are 80% identical overall. With the exception of a single base addition at nucleotide 93 of the HMW2 sequence, the 5'-flanking regions of the HMW1 and HMW2 genes are identical for 310 bp upstream from the respective initiation codons. Thus, the HMW2 gene is preceded by the same set of tandem repeats and the same putative ribosome-binding site which lies 5' of the HMW1 gene. A putative transcriptional terminator identical to that identified 3' of the HMW1 noted, beginning at nucleotide 4804. discrepancy in the lengths of the two is principally accounted for by a 186-bp gap in the HMW2 sequence, beginning at nucleotide position 3839. derived amino acid sequence of the protein encoded by the HMW2 gene (Figure 4) has a molecular weight of 155,000 and is 71% identical with the derived amino acid sequence of the HMW1 gene.

The derived amino acid sequences of both the HMW1 and HMW2 genes (Figures 2 and 4) demonstrated sequence similarity with the derived amino acid sequence of filamentous hemagglutinin of Bordetella pertussis, a surface-associated protein of this organism. The initial and optimized TFASTA scores for the HMW1-filamentous hemagglutinin sequence comparison were 87 and 186, respectively, with a word size of 2. The z score for the

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comparison was 45.8. The initial and optimized TFASTA scores for the HMW2-filamentous hemagglutinin sequence comparison were 68 and 196, respectively. The z score for the latter comparison was 48.7. The magnitudes of the initial and optimized TFASTA scores and the z scores suggested that a biologically significant relationship existed between the HMW1 and HMW2 gene products and filamentous hemagglutinin. When the derived amino acid sequences of HMW1, HMW2, and filamentous hemagglutinin genes were aligned and compared, the similarities were most notable at the amino-terminal ends of the three sequences. Twelve of the first 22 amino acids in the predicted peptide sequences were identical. In addition, the sequences demonstrated a common five-amino-acid stretch, Asn-Pro-Asn-Gly-Ile, and several shorter stretches of sequence identity within the first 200 amino acids.

Example 2:

This Example describes the relationship of filamentous hemagglutinin and the HMW1 protein.

further explore the HMW1-filament us hemagglutinin relationship, the ability of antiserum prepared against the HMW1-4 recombinant protein (rHMW1) to recognize purified filamentous hemagglutinin was assessed (Figure 13). The rHMW1 antiserum demonstrated. ELISA reactivity with filamentous hemagglutinin in a dose-dependent manner. Preimmune rabbit serum had minimal reactivity in this assay. The rHMW1 antiserum examined also was in a Western blot assay demonstrated weak but positive reactivity with purified filamentous hemagglutinin in this system also.

To identify the native <u>Haemophilus</u> protein corresponding to the HMW1 gene product and to determine the extent to which proteins antigenically related to the HMW1 cloned gene product were common among other non-typeable <u>H. influenzae</u> strains, a panel of <u>Haemophilus</u>

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strains was screened by Western blot with the rHMW1 antiserum. The antiserum recognized both a 125- and a 120-kDa protein band in the homologous strain 12 (Figure 14), the putative mature protein products of the HMW1 and HMW2 genes, respectively. The 120-kDa protein appears as a single band in Figure 14, wherein it appeared as a doublet in the HMW2 phage lysates (Figure 11).

When used to screen heterologous non-typeable <u>H. influenzae</u> strains, rHMW1 antiserum recognized high-molecular-weight proteins in 75% of 125 epidemiologically unrelated strains. In general, the antiserum reacted with one or two protein bands in the 100- to 150-kDa range in each of the heterologous strains in a pattern similar but not identical to that seen in the homologous strain (Figure 14).

Monoclonal antibody X3C is a murine IgG antibody directed against the filamentous hemagglutinin protein of B. pertussis. This antibody can inhibit the binding of B. pertussis cells to Chinese hamster ovary cells and 20 HeLa-cells in culture and will inhibit hemagglutination of erythrocytes by purified filamentous hemagglutinin. A Western blot assay was performed in which this monoclonal antibody was screened against the same panel of non-typeable H. influenzae strains discussed above (Figure 14). Monoclonal antibody X3C recognized both the 25 high-molecular-weight proteins in non-typeable H. influenzae strain 12 which were recognized by recombinant-protein antiserum (Figure 15). In addition, the monoclonal antibody recognized protein bands in a subset of heterologous non-typeable H. influenzae strains 30 were identical to those recognized by recombinant-protein antiserum, as may seen by comparison of Figures 14 and 15. On occasion, the filamentous hemagglutinin monoclonal antibody appeared to recognize only one of the two bands which had been 35 recognized by the recombinant-protein antiserum (compare

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strain lane 18 in Figures 14 and 15, for example). Overall, monoclonal antibody X3C recognized high-molecular-weight protein bands identical to those recognized by the rHMW1 antiserum in approximately 35% of our collection of non-typeable H. influenzae strains. Example 3:

This Example describes the adhesin properties of the HMW1 and HMW2 proteins.

Mutants deficient in expression of HMW1, HMW2 or both proteins were constructed to examine the role of these proteins in bacterial adherence. The following strategy was employed. pHMW1-14 (see Example 1, Figure 5A) was digested with BamHI and then ligated to a kanamycin cassette isolated on a 1.3-kb BamHl fragment from puc4K. The resultant plasmid (pHMW1-17) linearized by digestion with XbaI and transformed into non-typeable <u>H. influenzae</u> strain 12, followed selection for kanamycin resistant colonies. -analysis of a series of these colonies demonstrated two populations of transformants, one with an insertion in the HMW1 structural gene and the other with an insertion in the HMW2 structural gene. One mutant from each of these classes was selected for further studies.

Mutants deficient in expression of both proteins were recovered using the following protocol. deletion of the 2.1-kb fragment of DNA between two EcoRI sites spanning the 3'-portion of the HMW1 structural gen and the 5'-portion of a downstream gene encoding an accessory processing protein in pHMW-15, the kanamycin cassette from pUC4K was inserted as a 1.3-kb EcoRl fragment. The resulting plasmid (pHMW1-16) linearized by digestion with XbaI and transformed into strain 12, followed again by selection for kanamycin resistant colonies. Southern analysis representative sampling of these colonies demonstrated that in seven of eight cases, insertion into both the

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HMW1 and HMW2 loci had occurred. One such mutant was selected for further studies.

To confirm the intended phenotypes, the mutant strains were examined by Western blot analysis with a polyclonal antiserum against recombinant HMW1 protein. The parental strain expressed both the 125-kD HMW1 and the 120-kD HMW2 protein (Figure 16). In contrast, the HMW2 mutant failed to express the 120-kD protein, and th HMW1 mutant failed to express the 125-kD protein. The double mutant lacked expression of either protein. On the basis of whole cell lysates, outer membrane profiles, and colony morphology, the wild type strain and the mutants were otherwise identical with one another. Transmission electron microscopy demonstrated that none of the four strains expressed pili.

The capacity of wild type strain 12 to adhere to Chang epithelial cells was examined. In such assays, bacteria were inoculated into broth and allowed to grow to a density of -2 x 10° cfu/ml. Approximately 2 x 10° cfu were inoculated onto-epithelial cell monolayers, and plates were gently centrifuged at 165 x g for 5 minutes to facilitate contact between bacteria and the epithelial surface. After incubation for 30 minutes at 37°C in 5% CO2, monolayers were rinsed 5 times with PBS to remove nonadherent organisms and were treated with trypsin-EDTA (0.05% trypsin, 0.5% EDTA) in PBS to release them from the plastic support. Well contents were agitated, and dilutions were plated on solid medium to yield the number of adherent bacteria per monolayer. Percent adherence was calculated by dividing the number of adherent cfu per monolayer by the number of inoculated cfu.

As depicted in Table 1 below (the Tables appear at the end of the descriptive text), this strain adhered quite efficiently, with nearly 90% of the inoculum binding to the monolayer. Adherence by the mutant expressing HMW1 but not HMW2 (HMW2) was also quite

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efficient and comparable to that by the wild type strain. In contrast, attachment by the strain expressing HMW2 but deficient in expression of HMW1 (HMW1') was decreased about 15-fold relative to the wild type. Adherence by the double mutant (HMW1'/HMW2') was decreased ev n further, approximately 50-fold compared with the wild type and approximately 3-fold compared with the HMW1 mutant. Considered together, these results suggest that both the HMW1 protein and the, HMW2 protein influence attachment to Chang epithelial cells. Interestingly, optimal adherence to this cell line appears to require HMW1 but not HMW2.

Example 4:

This Example illustrates the preparation and expression of HMW3 and HMW4 proteins and their function as adhesins.

Using the plasmids pHMW1-16 and pHMW1-17 (see Example 3) and following a scheme similar to that employed with strain 12 as described in Example 3, three non-typeable <u>Haemophilus</u> strain 5 mutants were isolated, including one with the kanamycin gene inserted into the hmwl-like (designated hmw3) locus, a second with an insertion in the hmw2-like (designated hmw4) locus, and a third with insertions in both loci. As predicted, Western immunoblot analysis demonstrated that the mutant with insertion of the kanamycin cassette into the hmwllike locus had lost expression of the HMW3 125-kD protein, while the mutant with insertion into the hmw2like locus failed to express the HMW4 123-kD protein. The mutant with a double insertion was unable to express either of the high molecular weight proteins.

As shown in Table 1 below, wild type strain 5 demonstrated high level adherence, with almost 80% of the inoculum adhering per monolayer. Adherence by the mutant deficient in expression of the HMW2-like protein (i.e. HMW4 protein) was also quite high. In contrast,

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adherence by the mutant unable to express the HMW1-like protein (i.e. HMW3 protein) was reduced about 5-fold relative to the wild type, and attachment by the double mutant was diminished even further (approximately 25-fold). Examination of Giemsa-stained samples confirmed these observations (not shown). Thus, the results with strain 5 for proteins HMW3 and HMW4 corroborate the findings with strain 12 and the HMW1 and HMW2 proteins. Example 5:

This Example contains additional data concerning the adhesin properties of the HMW1 and HMW2 proteins.

To confirm an adherence function for the HMW1 and HMW2 proteins and to examine the effect of HMW1 and HMW2 independently of other H. influenzae surface structures, the hmw1 and the hmw2 gene clusters were introduced into E. coli DH5α, using plasmids pHMW1-14 and pHMW2-21, respectively. As a control, the cloning vector, pT7-7, was also transformed into E. coli DH5α. Western blot analysis demonstrated that E. coli DH5α containing the hmw1 genes expressed a 125 kDa protein, while the same strain harboring the hmw2 genes expressed a 120-kDa protein. E. coli DH5α containing pT7-7 failed to react with antiserum against recombinant HMW1. Transmission electron microscopy revealed no pili or other surface appendages on any of the E. coli strains.

Adherence by the <u>E. coli</u> strains was quantitated and compared with adherence by wild type non-typeable <u>H. influenzae</u> strain 12. As shown in Table 2 below, adherence by <u>E. coli</u> DH5α containing vector alone was less than 1% of that for strain 12. In contrast, <u>E. coli</u> DH5α harboring the <u>hmw1</u> gene cluster demonstrated adherence levels comparable to those for strain 12. Adherence by <u>E. coli</u> DH5α containing the <u>hmw2</u> genes was approximately 6-fold lower than attachment by strain 12 but was increased 20-fold over adherence by <u>E. coli</u> DH5α with pT7-7 alone. These results indicate that the HMW1

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and HMW2 proteins are capable of independently mediating attachment to Chang conjunctival cells. These results are consistent with the results with the <u>H. influenzae</u> mutants reported in Examples 3 and 4, providing further evidence that, with Chang epithelial cells, HMW1 is a more efficient adhesin than is HMW2.

Experiments with <u>E. coli</u> HB101 harboring pT7-7, pHMW1-14, or pHMW2-21 confirmed the results obtained with the DH5 α derivatives (see Table 2).

10 Example 6:

This Example illustrates the copurification of HMW1 and HMW2 proteins from wild-type non-typeable <u>H. influenzae</u> strain.

HMW1 and HMW2 were isolated and purified from nontypeable H. influenzae (NTHI) strain 12 in the following manner. Non-typeable <u>Haemophilus</u> bacteria from frozen stock culture were streaked onto a chocolate plate and grown overnight at 37°C in an incubator with 5% CO2. 50ml starter culture of brain heart infusion (BHI) broth, supplemented with 10 μ g/ml each of hemin and NAD was inoculated with growth on chocolate plate. The starter culture was grown until the optical density (O.D. -600nm) reached 0.6 to 0.8 and then the bacteria in the starter culture was used to inoculate six 500 ml flasks of supplemented BHI using 8 to 10 ml per flask. bacteria were grown in 500 ml flasks for an additional 5 to 6 hours at which time the O.D. was 1.5 or great r. Cultures were centrifuged at 10,000 rpm for 10 minutes.

Bacterial pellets were resuspended in a total volume of 250 ml of an extraction solution comprising 0.5 M NaCl, 0.01 M Na₂EDTA, 0.01 M Tris 50 μ M 1,10-phenanthroline, pH 7.5. The cells were not sonicated or otherwise disrupted. The resuspended cells were allowed to sit on ice at 0°C for 60 minutes. The resuspended cells were centrifuged at 10,000 rpm for 10 minutes at 4°C to remove the majority of intact cells and cellular

debris. The supernatant was collected and centrifuged at 100,000 x g for 60 minutes at 4°C. The supernatant again was collected and dialyzed overnight at 4°C against 0.01 M sodium phosphate, pH 6.0.

5 The sample was centrifuged at 10,000 rpm for 10 minutes at 4°C to remove insoluble debris precipitated from solution during dialysis. The supernatant was applied to a 10 ml CM Sepharose column which has been pre-equilibrated with 0.01 M sodium phosphate, pH 6. Following application to this column, the column was 10 washed with 0.01 M sodium phosphate. Proteins were elevated from the column with a 0 - 0.5M KCl gradient in 0.01 M Na phosphate, pH 6 and fractions were collected for gel examination. Coomassie gels of column fractions were carried out to identify those fractions containing 15 high molecular weight proteins. The fractions containing molecular weight proteins high were pooled concentrated to a 1 to 3 ml volume in preparation for application of sample to gel filtration column.

A Sepharose CL-4B gel filtration column was 20 equilibrated with phosphate-buffered saline, pH 7.5. The concentrated high molecular weight protein sample was applied to the gel filtration column and column fractions were collected. Coomassie gels were performed on the column fractions to 25 identify those containing high molecular weight proteins. The column fractions containing high molecular weight proteins were pooled. Example 7:

This Example illustrates the use of specified HMW1 and HMW2 proteins in immunization studies.

The copurified HMW1 and HMW2 proteins prepared as described in Example 6 were tested to determine whether they would protect against experimental otitis media caused by the homologous strain.

Healthy adult chinchillas, 1 to 2 years of age with weights of 350 to 500g, received three monthly

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subcutaneous injections with 40 μ g of an HMW1-HMW2 protein mixture in Freund's adjuvant. Control animals received phosphate-buffered saline in Freunds' adjuvant. One month after the last injection, the animals were challenged by intrabullar inoculation with 300 cfu of NTHI strain 12.

Middle ear infection developed in 5 of 5 control animals versus 5 of 10 immunized animals. Although only 5 of 10 chinchillas were protected in this test, the test conditions are very stringent, requiring bacteria to be injected directly into the middle ear space and to proliferate in what is in essence a small abscess cavity. As seen from the additional data below, complete protection of chinchillas can be achieved.

The five HMW1/HMW2-immunized animals that did not develop otitis media demonstrated no signs of middle ear inflammation when examined by otoscopy nor were middle ear effusions detectable.

Among the five HMW1/HMW2-immunized animals that became infected, the total duration of middle infection as assessed by the persistence of culturepositive middle ear fluid was not different from controls. However, the degree of inflammation of the tympanic membranes was subjectively less than in the HMW1/HMW2-immunized animals. When quantitative bacterial counts were performed on the middle ear fluid specimens recovered from infected animals, notable differences were apparent between the HMW1/HMW2-immunized immunized animals (Figure 17). Shown in Figure 17 are quantitative middle ear fluid bacterial counts from animals on day 7 post-challenge, a time point associated with the maximum colony counts in middle ear fluid. data were log-transformed for purpose of statistical comparison. The data from the control animals are shown on the left and data from the high molecular weight protein immunized animals on the right.

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horizontal lines indicate the respective means and standard derivations of middle ear fluid colony counts for only the infected animals in each group. As can be seen from this Figure, the HMW1/HMW2-immunized animals had significantly lower middle ear fluid bacterial counts than the PBS-immunized controls, geometric means of 7.4 X 10⁶ and 1.3 X 10⁵, respectively (p=0.02, Students' test)

Serum antibody titres following immunization were comparable in uninfected and infected animals. However, infection in immunized animals was uniformly associated with the appearance of bacteria down-regulated in expression of the HMW proteins, suggesting bacterial selection in response to immunologic pressure.

Although this data shows that protection following immunization was not complete, this data suggests the HMW adhesin proteins are potentially important protective antigens which may comprise one component of a multicomponent NTHI vaccine.

In_addition, complete_protection has been achieved in the chinchilla model at lower dosage challenge, as set forth in Table 3 below.

Groups of five animals were immunized with 20 μg of the HMW1-HMW2 mixture prepared as described in Example 6 on days 1, 28 and 42 in the presence of alum. Blood samples were collected on day 53 to monitor the antibody response. On day 56, the left ear of animals was challenged with about 10 cfu of <u>H. influenzae</u> strain 12. Ear infection was monitored on day 4. Four animals in Group 3 were infected previously by <u>H. influenzae</u> strain 12 and were recovered completely for at least one month before the second challenge.

Example 8:

This Example illustrates the provision of synthetic peptides corresponding to a portion only of the HMW1 protein.

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A number of synthetic peptides were derived from Antisera then were raised to these peptides. anti-peptide antisera to peptide HMW1-P5 was shown to recognize HMW1. Peptide HMW1-P5 covers amino acids 1453 of HMW1, has the sequence VDEVIEAKRILEKVKDLSDEEREALAKLG (SEO ID No: 11), and represents bases 1498 to 1576 in Figure 10.

This finding demonstrates that the DNA sequence and the derived protein is being interpreted in the correct reading frame and that peptides derived from the sequence can be produced which will be immunogenic.

Example 9:

This Example describes the generation of monoclonal antibodies to the high molecular weight proteins of non-typeable <u>H. influenzae</u>.

Monoclonal antibodies were generated using standard techniques. In brief, female BALB/c mice (4 to 6 weeks old) were immunized by intraperitoneal injection with high molecular weight proteins purified from nontypable Haemophilus strain 5 or strain 12, as described in Example 6. The first injection of 40 to 50 µg of protein was administered with Freund's complet adjuvant and the second dose, received four to five weeks after the first, was administered with phosphate-buffer d saline. Three days following the second injection, th mice were sacrificed and splenic lymphocytes were fused with SP2/0-Ag14 plasmacytoma cells.

Two weeks following fusion, hybridoma supernatants were screened for the presence of high molecular weight protein specific antibodies by dot-blot a Purified high molecular weight proteins concentration of 10 μ g per ml in TRIS-buffered saline (TBS), were used to sensitize nitrocellulose sheets (Bio-Rad Laboratories, Richmond, CA) by soaking for minutes. Following a blocking step with TBS-3% gelatin, the nitrocellulose was incubated for 60 minutes at room

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temperature with individual hybridoma supernatants, at a 1:5 dilution in TBS-0. 1 % Tween, using a 96-well Bio-Dot micro-filtration apparatus (Bio-Rad). After washing, the sheets were incubated for one hour with alkaline-phosphatase-conjugated affinity isolated goat-anti(mouse IgG + IgM) antibodies (Tago, Inc., Burlingame, CA). Following additional washes, positive supernatants were identified by incubation of the nitrocellulose sheet in alkaline phosphatase buffer (0.10 M TRIS, 0.10 M NaCl, 0.005 M MgCl₂,) containing nitroblue tetrazolium (0.1 mg/ml) and 5-bromo-4-chloro-3-indoyl phosphate (BCIP) (0.05 mg/ml).

the antibody isotyping and immunoelectron microscopy studies to be described below, the monoclonal antibodies were purified from hybridoma supernatants. The antibodies recovered in this work were all of the IgG class. purify the monoclonal antibodies, the hybridoma supernatants were first subjected to ammonium sulfate precipitation (50% final concentration at 0°C). Following overnight incubation, the precipitate was recovered by centrifugation and resolubilized in phosphate buffered saline. solution was then The dialyzed overnight against 0.01 M sodium phosphate buffer, pH 6.0. The following day the sample was applied to a DEAE-Sephacel column preequilibrated with the same phosphate buffer and the proteins were subsequently eluted with a KCl gradient. Column fractions containing the monoclonal antibodies were identified by examination of samples on Coomassie gels for protein bands typical of light and heavy chains.

The isotype of each monoclonal antibody determined by immunodiffusion using the Ouchterlony Immunodiffusion plates were prepared on glass method. slides with 10 ml of 18 DNA-grade agarose Bioproducts, Rockland, ME) in phospate-buffered saline. After the agarose solidified, 5-mm wells were punched

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into the agarose in a circular pattern. The center well contained a concentrated preparation of the monoclonal antibody being evaluated and the surrounding wells contained goat anti-mouse subclass-specific antibodies (Tago). The plates were incubated for 48 hours in a humid chamber at 4°C and then examined for white lines of immunoprecipitation.

Hybridoma supernatants which were reactive in the dot-blot assay described above were examined by Western blot analysis, both to confirm the reactivity with the molecular weight proteins of the homologous nontypable Haemophilus strain and to examine the crossreactivity with similar proteins in heterologous strains. Nontypable <u>Haemophilus</u> influenzae cell sonicates containing 100 μ g of total protein were solubilized in electrophoresis sample buffer, subjected polyacrylamide gel electrophoresis on 7.5% acrylamide gels, and transferred to nitrocellulose using a Genie electrophoretic blotter (Idea Scientific Company, Corvallis, OR) for 45 min at 24 V. After transfer, the nitrocellulose sheet was blocked and then sequentially with the hybridoma supernatant, alkaline phosphatase-conjugated goat-anti(mouse IgG + IgM) second antibody, and finally bound antibodies were detected by incubation with nitroblue tetrazolium/BCIP solution. This same assay was employed to examine the reactivity of the monoclonals with recombinant fusion proteins expressed in E. coli (see below).

In preparation for immunoelectronmicroscopy, bacteria were grown overnight on supplemented chocolate agar and several colonies were suspended in phosphate-buffered-saline containing 1 % albumin. A $20-\mu l$ drop of this bacterial suspension was then applied to a carbon-coated grid and incubated for 2 min. Excess fluid was removed and the specimen was then incubated for 5 min with the purified high molecular weight protein-specific

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monoclonal antibody being analyzed. Following removal of excess liquid and a wash with phosphatebuffered saline, the specimen was incubated with anti-mouse IgG conjugated to 10-nm colloidal gold particles. Following final washes with phosphate-buffered saline, the sample was rinsed with distilled water. Staining of the bacterial cells was performed with 0.5% uranyl acetate for 1 min. Samples were then examined in a Phillips 201c electron microscope.

Fourteen different hybridomas were recovered which produced monoclonal antibodies reactive with the purified HMW1 and HMW2 proteins of nontypable Haemophilus strain 12 in the immunoblot screening assay. Of the monoclonals screened by immunoelectron microscopy to date, as described below, two were demonstrated to bind surface epitopes on prototype strain 12. These two monoclonal antibodies, designated AD6 (ATCC _____) and 10C5 (ATCC _____), were both of the IgG1 subclass.

Example 10:

This Example describes the identification of surface-exposed B-cell epitopes of high molecular weight proteins of non-typeable H. influenzae.

antibodies, their reactivity with a panel of recombinant fusion proteins expressed by pGEMEX® recombinant plasmids was examined. These plasmids were constructed by cloning various segments of the hmwla structural genes into T7 expression vectors pGEMEX® -1 and GEMEX®-2 (Promega Corporation, Madison, WI). Shown in Figures 18 and 19 are the schematic diagrams depicting the segments derived from the hmwl and <a href="https://hmwl.com/hm

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and https://www.new.acids.com/html or https://www.new.acids.com/html in the regions indicated by the black bars in these Figures. A stop codon is present at the junction of the black and white segments of each bar.

Four discrete sites within the https://www.html.nummarker.com/ structural gene were selected as the 5' ends of the hmw1 inserts. each 5' end, a series of progressively smaller inserts was created by taking advantage of convenient downstream restriction sites. The first recombinant depicted in Figure 18 was constructed by isolating a 4.9 kbp BamHI-HindIII fragment from pHMW1-14 (Example 1, Figure 5A), which contains the entire hmwl gene cluster and inserting it into BamHI-HindIII digested pGEMEX®-1. The second recombinant plasmid in this set constructed by digesting the "parent" plasmid with BstEII-HindIII, recovering the 6.8 kbp larger fragment, blunt-ending with Klenow DNA polymerase, and religating. The third recombinant plasmid in this set was constructed by digesting the "parent" plasmid with ClaI-HindIII, recovering the 6.0 kbp larger fragment, blunt-ending, and The next set of four hmw1 recombinant religating. plasmids was derived from a "parent" plasmid constructed by ligating a 2.2 kbp EcoRI fragment from the hmwl gene cluster into EcoRI-digested pGEMEX@-2. The other three recombinant plasmids in this second set were constructed by digesting at downstream BstEII, EcoRV, and ClaI sites, respectively, using techniques similar to those just described. The third set of three recombinant plasmids depicted was derived from a "parent" plasmid constructed double-digesting the first recombinant plasmid described above (i.e. the one containing the 4.9 kbp BamHI-HindIII fragment) with BamHI and ClaI, bluntending, and religating. This resulted in a construct encoding a recombinant protein with an in-frame fusion at the ClaI site of the hmwlA gene. The remaining two plasmids in this third set were constructed by digesting

at downstream <u>BstEII</u> and <u>EcoRV</u> sites, respectively. Finally, the fourth set of two recombinant plasmids was derived from a "parent" plasmid constructed by double-digesting the original <u>BamHI-HindIII</u> construct with <u>HincII</u> and <u>EcoRV</u>, then religating. This resulted in a construct encoding a recombinant protein with an in-frame fusion at the <u>EcoRV</u> site of the <u>hmwlA</u> gene. The remaining plasmid in this fourth set was constructed by digesting at the downstream <u>BstEII</u> site.

Three discrete sites with the hmw2A structural gene 10 were selected as the 5' ends of the hmw2 inserts. first recombinant plasmid depicted in Figure 19 was constructed by isolating a 6.0 kbp EcoRI-XhoI fragment cluster, and inserting it into EcoRI-SalI digested 15 The second recombinant plasmid in this set pGEMEX@-1. was constructed by digesting at an MluI site near the 3' end of the hmw2A gene. The second set of two hmw2 recombinant plasmids was derived from a "parent" plasmid constructed by isolating a 2.3 kbp <u>Hind</u>III fragment from 20 pHMW2-21 and inserting it into <u>Hind</u>III-digested pGEMEX - The remaining plasmid in this second set was 2. constructed by digesting at the downstream MluI site. Finally, the last plasmid depicted was constructed by isolating a 1.2 kbp <u>HincII-HindIII</u> fragment from the 25 it into HincII-HindIII digested pGEMEX®-1.

Each of the recombinant plasmids was used to transform <u>E. coli</u> strain JM101. The resulting transformants were used to generate the recombinant fusion proteins employed in the mapping studies. To prepare recombinant proteins, the transformed <u>E. coli</u> strains were grown to an A_{600} of 0.5 in L broth containing 50 μ g of ampicillin per ml. IPTG was then added to 1mM and mGP1-2, the M13 phage containing the T7 RNA polymerase gene, was added at multiplicity of infection

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of 10. One hour later, cells were harvested, and a sonicate of the cells was prepared. The protein concentrations of the samples were determined and cell sonicates containing 100 μ g of total protein were solubilized in electrophoresis sample buffer, subjected to SDS-polyacrylamide gel electrophoresis, and examined on Coomassie gels to assess the expression level of recombinant fusion proteins. Once high levels of expression of the recombinant fusion proteins were confirmed, the cell sonicates were used in the Western blot analyses described above.

Shown in Figure 20 is an electron micrograph demonstrating surface binding of Mab AD6 representative nontypable <u>Haemophilus influenzae</u> strains. In the upper left panel of the Figure is nontypable Haemophilus strain 12 and in the upper right panel is a strain 12 derivative which no longer expressed the high molecular weight proteins. As can be seen, colloidal gold-particles decorate the surface of strain indicating bound AD6 antibody on the surface. contrast, no gold particles are evident on the surface of the strain 12 mutant which no longer expresses the high molecular weight proteins. These results indicate that monoclonal antibody AD6 is recognizing a surface-exposed epitope on the high molecular weight proteins of strain Analogous studies were performed with monoclonal antibody 10C5 demonstrating it too bound to surfaceaccessible epitopes on the high molecular weight HMW1 and HMW2 proteins of strain 12.

Having identified two surface-binding monoclonals, the epitope which each monoclonal recognized was mapped. To accomplish this task, the two sets of recombinant plasmids containing various portions of either the https://mww.hmwla.com/hmw2A structural genes (Figures 18 and 19) were employed. With these complementary sets of recombinant plasmids, the epitopes recognized by the monoclonal

antibodies were mapped to relatively small regions of the very large HMW1 and HMW2 proteins.

To localize epitopes recognized by Mab AD6, the pattern of reactivity of this monoclonal antibody with a large set of recombinant fusion protein was examined. Figure 21 is a Western blot which demonstrates the pattern of reactivity of Mab AD6 with five recombinant fusion proteins, a relevant subset of the larger number originally examined. From analysis of the pattern of reactivity of Mab AD6 with this set of proteins, one is able to map the epitope it recognizes to a very short segment of the HMW1 and HMW2 proteins. A brief summary of this analysis follows. For reference, the relevant portions of the <a href="https://mwla.gov/html/mwla.gov/ht were expressed in the recombinant proteins being examined are indicated in the diagram at the top of the figure. As shown in lane 1, Mab AD6 recognizes an epitope encoded by fragment 1, a fragment which encompasses the distal one-fourth of the hmwlA gene. Reactivity is lost when only the portion of the gene comprising fragment 2 is This observation localizes the AD6 epitope somewhere within the last 180 amino acids at the carboxyterminal end of the HMW1 protein. Mab AD6 recognizes an epitope encoded by fragment 3, derived from This is a rather large fragment which encompasses nearly one-third of the gene. Reactivity is lost when fragment 4 is expressed. only difference between fragments 3 and 4 is that the gene were deleted in the latter construct. observation indicates that the AD6 epitope is encoded by this short terminal segment of the hmw2A gene. support for this idea is provided by the demonstrated binding of Mab AD6 to the recombinant protein encoded by fragment 5, a fragment encompassing the distal one-tenth

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identify the AD6 epitope as common to both the HMW1 and HMW2 proteins and place its location with 75 amino acids of the carboxy termini of the two proteins.

Figure 22 is a Western blot demonstrating the pattern of reactivity of Mab 10C5 with the same five recombinant fusion proteins examined in Figure 21. As shown in lane 1, Mab 10C5 recognizes an epitope encoded by fragment 1. In contrast to Mab AD6, Mab 10C5 also recognizes an epitope encoded by fragment 2. Also in contrast to Mab AD6, Mab 10C5 does not recognize any of the https://mwww.mab.new.also.com/hmw2A-derived recombinant fusion proteins. Thus, these data identify the 10C5 epitope as being unique to the HMW1 protein and as being encoded by the fragment designated as fragment 2 in this figure. This fragment corresponds to a 155-amino acid segment encoded by the EcoRV-BstEII segment of the <a href="https://emw1A structural gene.

Having identified the approximate locations of the epitopes on HMW1 and HMW2 recognized by monoclonals, the extent to which these epitopes were shared by the high molecular weight proteins of heterologous nontypable <u>Haemophilus</u> strains was next When examined in Western blot assays with bacterial cell sonicates, Mab AD6 was reactive with epitopes expressed on the high molecular weight proteins of 75% of the inventor's collection of more than 125 25 nontypable Haemophilus influenzae strains. In fact, this monoclonal appeared to recognize epitopes expressed on molecular weight proteins in virtually nontypable <u>Haemophilus</u> strains which we previously 30 identified as expressing HMW1/HMW2-like proteins. Figure 23 is an example of a Western blot demonstrating the reactivity of Mab AD6 with a representative panel of such heterologous strains. As can be seen, the monoclonal antibody recognizes one or two bands in the 100 to 150 35 kDa range in each of these strains. For reference, the strain shown in lane 1 is prototype strain 12 and the two

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bands visualized represent HMW1 and HMW2 as the upper and lower immunoreactive bands, respectively.

In contrast to the broad cross-reactivity observed with Mab AD6, Mab 10C5 was much more limited in its ability to recognize high molecular weight proteins in heterologous strains. Mab 10C5 recognized high molecular weight proteins in approximately 40% of the strains which expressed HMW1/HMW2-like proteins. As was the case with Mab AD6, Mab 10C5 did not recognize proteins in any the nontypable <u>Haemophilus</u> strains which did not express HMW1/HMW2-like proteins.

In a limited fashion, the reactivity of Mab AD6 with surface-exposed epitopes on the heterologous strains has been examined. In the bottom two panels of Figure 20 are electron micrographs demonstrating the reactivity of Mab AD6 with surface-accessible epitopes on nontypable Haemophilus strains 5 and 15. As can be seen, abundant colloidal-gold particles are evident on the surfaces of these strains, confirming their expression of the AD6 epitope. Although limited in scope, these data suggest that the AD6 epitope may be a common surface-accessible epitope on the high molecular weight adhesion proteins of most nontypable Haemophilus influenzae which express HMW1/HMW2-like proteins.

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SUMMARY OF DISCLOSURE

In summary of this disclosure, the present invention provides high molecular weight proteins of non-typeable <u>Haemophilus</u>, genes coding for the same and vaccines incorporating such proteins. Modifications are possible within the scope of this invention.

TABLE 1: Effect of mutation of high molecular weight proteins on adherence to Chang epithelial cells by nontypable H. influenzae.

	ADHERENCE % *						
<u>strain</u>	% Inoculation	Relative to wild Type†					
Strain 12 derivatives wild type	87.76 ± 5.9	100.0 ± 6.7					
HMW1 mutant	6.0 ± 0.9	6.8 ± 1.0					
HMW2 mutant	89.9 ± 10.8	102.5 ± 12.3					
HMW1'/HMW2' mutant	2.0 ± 0.3	2.3 ± 0.3					
 Strain 5 derivatives wild type	78.7 ± 3.2	100.0 ± 4.1					
HMW1-like mutant	15.7 ± 2.6	19.9 ± 3.3					
HMW2-like mutant	103.7 ± 14.0	131.7 ± 17.8					
double mutant	3.5 ± 0.6	4.4 ± 0.8					

- * Numbers represent mean (± standard error of the mean) of measurements in triplicate or quadruplicate from representative experiments.
- † Adherence values for strain 12 derivatives are relative to strain 12 wild type; values for strain 5 derivatives are relative to strain 5 wild type.

TABLE 2: Adherence by $E.\ coli$ DH5 α and HB101 harboring hmw1 or hmw2 gene clusters.

Strain*	Adherence relative to H. influenzae strain 12†
DH5α (pT7-7)	0.7 ± 0.02
DH5α (pHMW1-14)	114.2 ± 15.9
DH5α (pHMW2-21)	14.0 ± 3.7
HB101 (pT7-7)	1.2 ± 0.5
HB101 (pHMW1-14)	93.6 ± 15.8
HB101 (pHMW2-21)	3.6 ± 0.9

^{*} The plasmid pHMW1-14 contains the hmw1 gene cluster, while pHMW2-21 contains the hmw2 gene cluster; pT7-7 is the cloning vector used in these constructs.

† Numbers represent the mean (± standard error of the mean) of measurements made in triplicate from representative experiments.

TABLE 3: Protective ability of HMW protein against non-typeable H. influenzae challenge in chinchilla model

Group	Antigens	Total Animals	Number of Animals Showed Positive Ear Infection					
(#)		·	Tympano- gram	Otosco- pic Examin- ation	cfu of Bacteria /10 μL			
1	HMW	5	0	0	. 0			
2	None	5	5	5	850- 3200 (4/5)			
3	Convalescent	4	0	0	0			

SEQUENCE LISTING

(1)	GENERAL	INFORMATION:

- (i) APPLICANT: Barenkamp, Stephen J
- (ii) TITLE OF INVENTION: High Molecular Weight Surface Proteins of Non-Typeable Haemophilus
- (iii) NUMBER OF SEQUENCES: 11
- (iv) CORRESPONDENCE ADDRESS:
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 - (C) CITY: Arlington
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 - (E) COUNTRY: U.S.A.
 - (F) ZIP: 22202-0286
- (v) COMPUTER READABLE FORM:
 - (A) MEDIUM TYPE: Floppy disk
 - (B) COMPUTER: IBM PC compatible

 - (C) OPERATING SYSTEM: PC-DOS/MS-DOS
 (D) SOFTWARE: PatentIn Release #1.0, Version #1.30
- (vi) CURRENT APPLICATION DATA:
 - (A) APPLICATION NUMBER: US 08/617,697
 (B) FILING DATE: 01-APR-1996

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- (vii) PRIOR APPLICATION DATA:
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 - (B) FILING DATE: 05-OCT-1994
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 - (A) APPLICATION NUMBER: US PCT/US93/02166
 - (B) FILING DATE: 16-MAR-1993
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- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:1:
 - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 5116 base pairs (B) TYPE: nucleic acid

 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
 - (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA (genomic)
 - (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:1:

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GGGGTTGTGA	CCATTCCACA	GAAAAAGGCA	GCGAAAAACC	TGCTCGCATG	AAAGTGCGTC	480
ACTTAGCGTT	AAAGCCACTT	TCCGCTATGT	TACTATCTTT	AGGTGTAACA	TCTATTCCAC	540
AATCTGTTTT	AGCAAGCGGC	TTACAAGGAA	TGGATGTAGT	ACACGGCACA	GCCACTATGC	600
AAGTAGATGG	TAATAAAACC	ATTATCCGCA	ACAGTGTTGA	CGATATCATT	AATTGGAAAC	. 660
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TATTCAACCG	TGTTACATCT	AACCAAATCT	CCCAATTAAA	AGGGATTTTA	GATTCTAACG	780
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(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:2:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 1536 amino acids

 - (B) TYPE: amino acid
 (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA (genomic)
- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:2:
- Met Asn Lys Ile Tyr Arg Leu Lys Phe Ser Lys Arg Leu Asn Ala Leu
- Val Ala Val Ser Glu Leu Ala Arg Gly Cys Asp His Ser Thr Glu Lys
- Gly Ser Glu Lys Pro Ala Arg Met Lys Val Arg His Leu Ala Leu Lys
- Pro Leu Ser Ala Met Leu Leu Ser Leu Gly Val Thr Ser Ile Pro Gln
- Ser Val Leu Ala Ser Gly Leu Gln Gly Met Asp Val Val His Gly Thr 80 -
- Ala Thr Met Gln Val Asp Gly Asn Lys Thr Ile Ile Arg Asn Ser Val
- Asp Ala Ile Ile Asn Trp Lys Gln Phe Asn Ile Asp Gln Asn Glu Met 100 105
- Val Gln Phe Leu Gln Glu Asn Asn Asn Ser Ala Val Phe Asn Arg Val 115 120 125

Th	r Se 13	r As O	n Gl	n Il	e Ser	Glr 139	ı Lei	ı Ly:	s Gl	y Ile	140		Se s	. Ası	ı Gly
Gl:	n Vai	l Ph	e Le	u Ile	150	Pro	Ası	Gly	y Ile	Th:	r Ile	e Gly	/ Lys	as As a	Ala 160
Il	e Ile	e Ası	n Th	r Ası 169	ı Gly	Phe	Thr	: Ala	170	Thi	. Leu	ı Asp) Ile	Ser 175	
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	`			245					250					255	
			260	,	Asn			265					270	_	
		213	,		Ala		280					285			
	230				Asp	295				•	300				_
303	•			.	Ile 310					315	-				320
				325	Leu				330				÷	335	
			340		Asp			345					350		
	*	333			Arg		360					365			
	370				Glu	3/5					380		-		
J J J					Ala 390					395					400
				103	Gln				410					415	-
			420	-	Gly			425					430		
	•	433			Trp		440					445			
	430					422					460				
165	ser	GTA	ABD	ser	Ala :	ser	Thr	Pro	Lys	Arg	Asn	Lys	Glu	Lys	Thr

					485			-	501	490		Lys	2y3	GIY	495	Pne
	Val	Asn	Ile	Thr 500	Ala	Asn	Gln	Arg	Ile 505	Tyr	Val	Asn	Ser	Ser 510	Ile	Asn
	Leu	Ser	Asn 515	Gly	Ser	Leu	Thr	Leu 520	Trp	Ser	Glu	Gly	Arg 525	Ser	Gly	Gly
	Gly	Val 530	Glu	Ile	Asn	Asn	Asp 535	Ile	Thr	Thr	Gly	Asp 540	Asp	Thr	Arg	Gly
	Ala 545	Asn	Leu	Thr	Ile	Tyr 550	Ser	Gly	Gly	Trp	Val 555	Asp	Val	His	Lys	Asn 560
	Ile	Ser	Leu	Gly	Ala 565	Gln	Gly	Asn	Ile	Asn 570	Ile	Thr	Ala	Lys	Gln 575	Asp
	Ile	Ala	Phe	Glu 580	Lys	Gly	Ser	Asn	Gln 585	Val	Ile	Thr	Gly	Gln 590	Gly	Thr
	Ile	Thr	Ser 595	Gly	Asn	Gln	Lys	Gly 600	Phe	Arg	Phe	Asn	Asn 605	Val	Ser	Leu
	Asn	Gly 610	Thr	Gly	Ser	Gly	Leu 615	Gln	Phe	Thr	Thr	Lys 620	Arg	Thr	Asn	Lys
•	Tyr 625	Ala	Ile	Thr	Asn	Lys 630	Phe	Glu	Gly	Thr	Leu 635	Asn	Ile	Ser	Gly	Lys 640
	Val	Asn	Ile	Ser	Met 645	Val	Leu	Pro	Lys	Asn 650	Glu	Ser	Gly	ŢY	Asp 655	Lys
	Phe	Lys	Gly	Arg 660	Thr	Tyr	Trp	Asn	Leu 665	Thr	Ser	Leu	Asn	Val 670	Ser	Glu
	Ser	Gly	Glu 675	Phe	Asn	Leu	Thr	Ile 680	Asp	Ser	Arg	Gly	Ser 685	Asp	Ser	Ala
	Gly	Thr 690	Leu	Thr	Gln	Pro	Tyr 695	Asn	Leu	Asn	Gly	Ile 700	Ser	Phe	Asn	Lys
	Asp 705	Thr	Thr	Phe	Asn	Val 710	Glu	Arg	Asn	Ala	Arg 715	Val	naA	Phe	Asp	Ile 720
	Lys	Ala	Pro	Ile	Gly 725	Ile	Asn	Lys	Tyr	Ser 730	Ser	Leu	Asn	Tyr	Ala 735	Ser
	Phe	Asn	Gly	Asn 740	Ile	Ser	Val	Ser	Gly 745	Gly	Gly	Ser	Val	Asp 750	Phe	Thr
	Leu	Leu	Ala 755	Ser	Ser	Ser	Asn	Val 760	Gln	Thr	Pro	Gly	Val 765	Val	Ile	Asn
	Ser	Lys 770	Tyr	Phe	naA	Val	Ser 775	Thr	Gly	Ser	Ser	Leu 780	Arg	Phe	Lys	Thr
	Ser 785	Gly	Ser	Thr	Lys	Thr 790	Gly	Phe	Ser	Ile	Glu 795	Lys	Asp	Leu	Thr	Leu 800
	Asn	Ala	Thr	Gly	Gly 805	Asn	Ile	Thr	Leu	Leu 810	Gln	Val	Glu	Gly	Thr 815	Asp
	Gly	Met	Ile	Gly 820	Lys	Gly	Ile	Val	Ala 825	Lys	Lys	Asn	Ile	Thr 830	Phe	Glu

- Gly Gly Asn Ile Thr Phe Gly Ser Arg Lys Ala Val Thr Glu Ile Glu 835 840 845
- Gly Asn Val Thr Ile Asn Asn Asn Ala Asn Val Thr Leu Ile Gly Ser 850 860
- Asp Phe Asp Asn His Gln Lys Pro Leu Thr Ile Lys Lys Asp Val Ile 865 870 875 880
- Ile Asn Ser Gly Asn Leu Thr Ala Gly Gly Asn Ile Val Asn Ile Ala 885 890 895
- Gly Asn Leu Thr Val Glu Ser Asn Ala Asn Phe Lys Ala Ile Thr Asn 900 905 910
- Phe Thr Phe Asn Val Gly Gly Leu Phe Asp Asn Lys Gly Asn Ser Asn 915 920 925
- Ile Ser Ile Ala Lys Gly Gly Ala Arg Phe Lys Asp Ile Asp Asn Ser 930 935 940
- Lys Asn Leu Ser Ile Thr Thr Asn Ser Ser Ser Thr Tyr Arg Thr Ile 945 950 955 960
- Ile Ser Gly Asn Ile Thr Asn Lys Asn Gly Asp Leu Asn Ile Thr Asn 965 970 975
- Glu Gly Ser Asp Thr Glu Met Gln Ile Gly Gly Asp Val Ser Gln Lys 980 985 990
- Glu Gly Asn Leu Thr Ile Ser Ser Asp Lys Ile Asn Ile Thr Lys Gln
 995 1000 1005
- Ile Thr Ile Lys Ala Gly Val Asp Gly Glu Asp Ser Asp Ala 1010 1020
- Thr Asn Asn Ala Asn Leu Thr Ile Lys Thr Lys Glu Leu Lys Leu Thr 1025 1030 1035 1040
- Gln Asp Leu Asn Ile Ser Gly Phe Asn Lys Ala Glu Ile Thr Ala Lys 1045 1050 1055
- Asp Gly Ser Asp Leu Thr Ile Gly Asn Thr Asn Ser Ala Asp Gly Thr 1060 1065 1070
- Asn Ala Lys Lys Val Thr Phe Asn Gln Val Lys Asp Ser Lys Ile Ser 1075 1080 1085
- Ala Asp Gly His Lys Val Thr Leu His Ser Lys Val Glu Thr Ser Gly 1090 1095 1100
- Ser Asn Asn Asn Thr Glu Asp Ser Ser Asp Asn Asn Ala Gly Leu Thr 1105 1110 1115 1120
- Ile Asp Ala Lys Asn Val Thr Val Asn Asn Asn Ile Thr Ser His Lys 1125 1130 1135
- Ala Val Ser Ile Ser Ala Thr Ser Gly Glu Ile Thr Thr Lys Thr Gly 1140 1145 1150
- Thr Thr Ile Asn Ala Thr Thr Gly Asn Val Glu Ile Thr Ala Gln Thr 1155 1160 1165
- Gly Ser Ile Leu Gly Gly Ile Glu Ser Ser Ser Gly Ser Val Thr Leu 1170 1180

- Thr Ala Thr Glu Gly Ala Leu Ala Val Ser Asn Ile Ser Gly Asn Thr 1185 1190 1195 1200
- Val Thr Val Thr Ala Asn Ser Gly Ala Leu Thr Thr Leu Ala Gly Ser 1205 1210 1215
- Thr Ile Lys Gly Thr Glu Ser Val Thr Thr Ser Ser Gln Ser Gly Asp 1220 1225 1230
- Ile Gly Gly Thr Ile Ser Gly Gly Thr Val Glu Val Lys Ala Thr Glu 1235 1240 1245
- Ser Leu Thr Thr Gln Ser Asn Ser Lys Ile Lys Ala Thr Thr Gly Glu 1250 1260
- Ala Asn Val Thr Ser Ala Thr Gly Thr Ile Gly Gly Thr Ile Ser Gly 1265 1270 1275 1280
- Asn Thr Val Asn Val Thr Ala Asn Ala Gly Asp Leu Thr Val Gly Asn 1285 1290 1295
- Gly Ala Glu Ile Asn Ala Thr Glu Gly Ala Ala Thr Leu Thr Thr Ser
- Ser Gly Lys Leu Thr Thr Glu Ala Ser Ser His Ile Thr Ser Ala Lys 1315 1320 1325
- Gly Gln Val Asn Leu Ser Ala Gln Asp Gly Ser Val Ala Gly Ser Ile 1330 1335 1340
- Asn Ala Ala Asn Val Thr Leu Asn Thr Thr Gly Thr Leu Thr Thr Val 1345 1350 1355 1360
- Lys Gly Ser Asn Ile Asn Ala Thr Ser Gly Thr Leu Val Ile Asn Ala 1365 1370 1375
- Lys Asp Ala Glu Leu Asn Gly Ala Ala Leu Gly Asn His Thr Val Val 1380 1385 1390
- Asn Ala Thr Asn Ala Asn Gly Ser Gly Ser Val Ile Ala Thr Thr Ser 1395 1400 1405
- Ser Arg Val Asn Ile Thr Gly Asp Leu Ile Thr Ile Asn Gly Leu Asn 1410 1415 1420
- Ile Ile Ser Lys Asn Gly Ile Asn Thr Val Leu Leu Lys Gly Val Lys 1425 1430 1435 1440
- Ile Asp Val Lys Tyr Ile Gln Pro Gly Ile Ala Ser Val Asp Glu Val 1445 1450 1455
- Ile Glu Ala Lys Arg Ile Leu Glu Lys Val Lys Asp Leu Ser Asp Glu 1460 1465 1470
- Glu Arg Glu Ala Leu Ala Lys Leu Gly Val Ser Ala Val Arg Phe Ile 1475 1480 1485
- Glu Pro Asn Asn Thr Ile Thr Val Asp Thr Gln Asn Glu Phe Ala Thr 1490 1495 1500
- Arg Pro Leu Ser Arg Ile Val Ile Ser Glu Gly Arg Ala Cys Phe Ser 1505 1510 1515 1520
- Asn Ser Asp Gly Ala Thr Val Cys Val Asn Ile Ala Asp Asn Gly Arg 1525 1530 1535

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:3:

- (i) SEQUÊNCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 4937 base pairs
 (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
 (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA (genomic)
- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:3:

6	A ACAATTACAA					
120	C CGCCATATAA					
180	T CATCTTTCAT					
240	C TITCATCITT					
300	G GGAGCTGAAC					
360	A TATGAACAAG					
420	C TGAATTGGCA					
480	T TAGGTGTAAC	TTACTATCTI	TTCCGCTATG	: AGAAAAAGGC	ACCATTCCA	CGGGGTTGT
540	C ATCTATTCCA	TAGGTGTAAC	TTACTATCTT	'TTCCGCTATG	TAAAGCCACT	CACTTAGCG
600	C AGCCACTATG					
660	TAATTGGAAA	ACGCTATCAT	AACAGTGTTG	CATTATCCGC	GTAATAAAA	CAAGTAGATO
720	A CAACTCCGCC					
780	AGATTCTAAC					
840	AATTATTAAC					
900	GGCGCGTAAT					
960	CGGTTTAATT					
1020	CGAGGGTGTG					
1080	CATCAGCGAT					
1140	GGTCAATCTG					
1200	TCGAAACCAA		•			
1260	TCTTTCCGCC	GCAATATTGT	GATAAAAGCG	TGTAAGCAAA	CTGCTGATTC	GGTAAACITT
1320	AGCTAAAGGC					
1380	TATCGACCTT	CAGGTGCAGT	ACATTAAAAA	CGATAAAGTC	TGATTACAGG	GGCAAGCTGA
1440	AGGTAAAAAC	AGCGCGGCGA	GGCGGTGACG	AACTTACCTT	AAGGGGGAGA	TCAGGTAAAG
1500	TGTATCAGGC	CAACCATCAA	Gaaaaaggct	AACCTCTTTA	TAGCAAAGAA	GGCATTCAAT
1560	CGGCAATATT					
1620	ATCGGGGCAT	TTGTGGAGAC	ACCGGTGGTT	TATCGCTAAA	GTAGTGGTGA	AACGCTCAAG
1680	AGACCCTGAT	AGTGGTTGCT	AAAACAAAAG	TGCAATTGTT	TTGACAGCAA	TATTTATCCA

ONIGIAACAA	TTGAAGCCGA	AGACCCCCII	CGCARIARIA	CCGGIAIAAA	IGAIGAATIC	1740
CCAACAGGCA	CCGGTGAAGC	AAGCGACCCT	AAAAAAATA	GCGAACTCAA	AACAACGCTA	1800
ACCAATACAA	CTATTTCAAA	TTATCTGAAA	AACGCCTGGA	CAATGAATAT	AACGGCATCA	1860
AGAAAACTTA	CCGTTAATAG	CTCAATCAAC	ATCGGAAGCA	ACTCCCACTT	AATTCTCCAT	1920
AGTAAAGGTC	AGCGTGGCGG	AGGCGTTCAG	ATTGATGGAG	ATATTACTTC	TAAAGGCGGA	1980
AATTTAACCA	TTTATTCTGG	CGGATGGGTT	GATGTTCATA	AAAATATTAC	GCTTGATCAG	2040
GGTTTTTTAA	ATATTACCGC	CGCTTCCGTA	GCTTTTGAAG	GTGGAAATAA	CAAAGCACGC	2100
GACGCGGCAA	ATGCTAAAAT	TGTCGCCCAG	GGCACTGTAA	CCATTACAGG	AGAGGGAAAA	2160
GATTTCAGGG	CTAACAACGT	ATCTTTAAAC	GGAACGGGTA	AAGGTCTGAA	TATCATTTCA	2220
TCAGTGAATA	ATTTAACCCA	CAATCTTAGT	GGCACAATTA	ACATATCTGG	GAATATAACA	2280
ATTAACCAAA	CTACGAGAAA	GAACACCTCG	TATTGGCAAA	CCAGCCATGA	TTCGCACTGG	2340
AACGTCAGTG	CTCTTAATCT	AGAGACAGGC	GCAAATTTTA	CCTTTATTAA	ATACATTTCA	2400
AGCAATAGCA	AAGGCTTAAC	AACACAGTAT	AGAAGCTCTG	CAGGGGTGAA	TTTTAACGGC	2460
GTAAATGGCA	ACATGTCATT	CAATCTCAAA	GAAGGAGCGA	AAGTTAATTT	CAAATTAAAA	2520
CCAAACGAGA	ACATGAACAC	AAGCAAACCT	TTACCAATTC	GGTTTTTAGC	CAATATCACA	2580
GCCACTGGTG	GGGCTCTGT	TTTTTTTGAT	ATATATGCCA	ACCATTCTGG	CAGAGGGGCT	2640
GAGTTAAAAA	TGAGTGAAAT	TAATATCTCT	AACGGCGCTA	ATTTTACCTT	AAATTCCCAT	2700
GTTCGCGGCG	ATGACGCTTT	TAAAATCAAC	AAAGACTTAA	CCATAAATGC	AACCAATTCA	2760
AATTTCAGCC	TCAGACAGAC	GAAAGATGAT	TTTTATGACG	GGTACGCACG	CAATGCCATC	2820
AATTCAACCT	ACAACATATC	CATTCTGGGC	GGTAATGTCA	CCCTTGGTGG	ACAAAACTCA	2880
AGCAGCAGCA	TTACGGGGAA	TATTACTATC	GAGAAAGCAG	CAAATGTTAC	GCTAGAAGCC	2940
AATAACGCCC	CTAATCAGCA	AAACATAAGG	GATAGAGTTA	TAAAACTTGG	CAGCTTGCTC	3000
GTTAATGGGA	GTTTAAGTTT	AACTGGCGAA	AATGCAGATA	TTAAAGGCAA	TCTCACTATT	3060
TCAGAAAGCG	CCACTTTTAA	AGGAAAGACT	AGAGATACCC	TAAATATCAC	CGGCAATTTT	3120
ACCAATAATG	GCACTGCCGA	AATTAATATA	ACACAAGGAG	TGGTAAAACT	TGGCAATGTT	3180
ACCAATGATG	GTGATTTAAA	CATTACCACT	CACGCTAAAC	GCAACCAAAG	AAGCATCATC	3240
GGCGGAGATA	TAATCAACAA	AAAAGGAAGC	TTAAATATTA	CAGACAGTAA	TAATGATGCT	3300
GAAATCCAAA	TTGGCGGCAA	TATCTCGCAA	AAAGAAGGCA	ACCTCACGAT	TTCTTCCGAT	3360
ATAATTAATA	TCACCAAACA	GATAACAATC	AAAAAGGGTA	TTGATGGAGA	GGACTCTAGT	3420
TCAGATGCGA	CAAGTAATGC	CAACCTAACT	ATTAAAACCA	AAGAATTGAA	ATTGACAGAA	3480
GACCTAAGTA	TTTCAGGTTT	CAATAAAGCA	GAGATTACAG	CCAAAGATGG	TAGAGATTTA	3540
ACTATTGGCA	ACAGTAATGA	CGGTAACAGC	GGTGCCGAAG	CCAAAACAGT	AACTTTTAAC	3600
aatgttaaag	ATTCAAAAAT	CTCTGCTGAC	GGTCACAATG	TGACACTAAA	TAGCAAAGTG	3660
AAAACATCTA	GCAGCAATGG	CGGACGTGAA	AGCAATAGCG	ACAACGATAC	CGGCTTAACT	3720

ATTACTGCA	A AAAATGTAGA	AGTAAACAAA	GATATTACTT	CTCTCAAAAC	AGTAAATATC	3780
ACCGCGTCGC	G AAAAGGTTAC	CACCACAGCA	GGCTCGACCA	TTAACGCAAC	: AAATGGCAAA	3840
GCAAGTATT	A CAACCAAAAC	AGGTGATATO	AGCGGTACGA	TTTCCGGTAA	CACGGTAAGT	3900
GTTAGCGCGA	CTGGTGATTT	' AACCACTAAA	TCCGGCTCAA	AAATTGAAGC	GAAATCGGGT	3960
GAGGCTAATC	TAACAAGTGC	AACAGGTACA	ATTGGCGGTA	CAATTTCCGG	TAATACGGTA	4020
AATGTTACGG	CAAACGCTGG	CGATTTAACA	GTTGGGAATG	GCGCAGAAAT	TAATGCGACA	4080
GAAGGAGCTG	CAACCTTAAC	CGCAACAGGG	AATACCTTGA	CTACTGAAGC	CGGTTCTAGC	4140
ATCACTTCAA	CTAAGGGTCA	GGTAGACCTC	TTGGCTCAGA	ATGGTAGCAT	CGCAGGAAGC	4200
ATTAATGCTG	CTAATGTGAC	ATTAAATACT	ACAGGCACCT	TAACCACCGT	GGCAGGCTCG	4260
GATATTAAAG	CAACCAGCGG	CACCTTGGTT	ATTAACGCAA	AAGATGCTAA	GCTAAATGGT	4320
GATGCATCAG	GTGATAGTAC	AGAAGTGAAT	GCAGTCAACG	CAAGCGGCTC	TGGTAGTGTG	4380
actgcggcaa	CCTCAAGCAG	TGTGAATATC	ACTGGGGATT	TAAACACAGT	AAATGGGTTA	4440
AATATCATTT	CGAAAGATGG	TAGAAACACT	GTGCGCTTAA	GAGGCAAGGA	AATTGAGGTG	4500
AAATATATCC	AGCCAGGTGT	AGCAAGTGTA	GAAGAAGTAA	TTGAAGCGAA	ACGCGTCCTT	4560
Gaaaaagtaa	AAGATTTATC	TGATGAAGAA	AGAGAAACAT	TAGCTAAACT	TGGTGTAAGT	4620
GCTGTACGTT	TTGTTGAGCC	AAATAATACA	ATTACAGTCA	ATACACAAAA	TGAATTTACA	4680
ACCAGACCGT	CAAGTCAAGT	GATAATTTCT	GAAGGTAAGG	CGTGTTTCTC	AAGTGGTAAT	4740
GCGCACGAG	TATGTACCAA	TGTTGCTGAC	GATGGACAGC	CGTAGTCAGT	AATTGACAAG	4800
STAGATTTCA	TCCTGCAATG	AAGTCATTTT	ATTITCGTAT	TATTTACTGT	GTGGGTTAAA	4860
TTCAGTACG	GGCTTTACCC	ATCTTGTAAA	AAATTACGGA	GAATACAATA	AAGTATTTT	4920
ACAGGTTAT	TATTATG				*	4937

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:4:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 1477 amino acids

 - (B) TYPE: amino acid (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:4:

Met Asn Lys Ile Tyr Arg Leu Lys Phe Ser Lys Arg Leu Asn Ala Leu

Val Ala Val Ser Glu Leu Ala Arg Gly Cys Asp His Ser Thr Glu Lys

Gly Ser Glu Lys Pro Ala Arg Met Lys Val Arg His Leu Ala Leu Lys

Pro Leu Ser Ala Met Leu Leu Ser Leu Gly Val Thr Ser Ile Pro Gln 55

Ser 65	Val	Leu	Ala	Ser	Gly 70	Leu	Gln	Gly	Met	Asp 75	Val	Val	His	Gly	Thr 80
Ala	Thr	Met	Gln	Val 85	Asp	Gly	Asn	Lys	Thr 90	Ile	Ile	Arg	Asn	Ser 95	Val
Asp	Ala	Ile	Ile 100	Asn	Trp	Lys	Gln	Phe 105	Asn	Ile	Asp	Gln	Asn 110	Glu	Met
Val	Gln	Phe 115	Leu	Gln	Glu	Asn	Asn 120	Asn	Ser	Ala	Val	Phe 125	Asn	Arg	Val
Thr	Ser 130	Asn	Gln	Ile	Ser	Gln 135	Leu	Lys	Gly	Ile	Leu 140	Asp	Ser	Asn	Gly
Gln 145	Val	Phe	Leu	Ile	Asn 150	Pro	Asn	Gly	Ile	Thr 155	Ile	Gly	Lys	Asp	Ala 160
Ile	Ile	Asn	Thr	Asn 165	Gly	Phe	Thr	Ala	Ser 170	Thr	Leu	Asp	Ile	Ser 175	Asn
Glu	Asn	Ile	Lys 180	Ala	Arg	Asn	Phe	Thr 185	Phe	Glu	Gln	Thr	Lys 190	Asp	Lys
Ala	Leu	Ala 195	Glu	Ile	Val	Asn	His 200	Gly	Leu	Ile	Thr	Val 205	Gly	Lys	Asp
Gly	Ser 210	Val	Asn	Leu	Ile	Gly 215	Gly	Lys	Val	Lys	Asn 220	Glu	Gly	Val	Ile
Ser 225	Val	Asn	Gly	Gly	Ser 230	Ile	Ser	Leu	Leu	Ala 235	Gly	Gln	Lys	Ile	Thr 240
Ile	Ser	Asp	Ile	11e 245	Asn	Pro	Thr	Ile	Thr 250	Tyr	Ser	Ile	Ala	Ala 255	Pro
Glu	Asn	Glu	Ala 260	Val	Asn	Leu	Gly	Asp 265	Ile	Phe	Ala	Lys	Glý 270	Gly	Asn
Ile	Asn	Val 275	Arg	Ala	Ala	Thr	Ile 280	Arg	Asn	Gln	Gly	Lys 285	Leu	Ser	Ala
Asp	Ser 290	Val	Ser	Lys	qaA	Lys 295	Ser	Gly	Asn	Ile	Val 300	Leu	Ser	Ala	Lys
Glu 305	Gly	Glu	Ala	Glu	Ile 310	Gly	Gly	Val	Ile	Ser 315	Ala	Gln	Asn	Gln	Gln 320
Ala	Lys	Gly	Gly	Lys 325	Leu	Met	Ile	Thr	Gly 330	Asp	Lys	Val	Thr	Leu 335	Lys
Thr	Gly	Ala	Val 340	Ile	Asp	Leu	Ser	Gly 345	Lys	Glu	Gly	Gly	Glu 350	Thr	Tyr
Leu	Gly	Gly 355	qaA	Glu	Arg	Gly	Glu 360	Gly	Lys	neA	Gly	Ile 365	Gln	Leu	Ala
Lys	Lys 370	Thr	Ser	Leu	Glu	Lys 375	Gly	Ser	Thr	Ile	Asn 380	Val	Ser	Gly	Lys
Glu 385	Lys	Gly	Gly	Phe	Ala 390	Ile	Val	Trp	Gly	Asp 395	Ile	Ala	Leu	Ile	Asp 400
Gly	Asn	Ile	'Asn	Ala 405	Gln	Gly	Ser	Gly	Asp 410	Ile	Ala	Lys	Thr	Gly	Gly

Phe Val Glu Thr Ser Gly His Asp Leu Phe Ile Lys Asp Asn Ala Ile 425 Val Asp Ala Lys Glu Trp Leu Leu Asp Phe Asp Asn Val Ser Ile Asn 440 Ala Glu Asp Pro Leu Phe Asn Asn Thr Gly Ile Asn Asp Glu Phe Pro Thr Gly Thr Gly Glu Ala Ser Asp Pro Lys Lys Asn Ser Glu Leu Lys Thr Thr Leu Thr Asn Thr Thr Ile Ser Asn Tyr Leu Lys Asn Ala Trp 490 Thr Met Asn Ile Thr Ala Ser Arg Lys Leu Thr Val Asn Ser Ser Ile Asn Ile Gly Ser Asn Ser His Leu Ile Leu His Ser Lys Gly Gln Arg Gly Gly Gly Val Gln Ile Asp Gly Asp Ile Thr Ser Lys Gly Gly Asn Leu Thr Ile Tyr Ser Gly Gly Trp Val Asp Val His Lys Asn Ile Thr 550 Leu Asp Gln Gly Phe Leu Asn Ile Thr Ala Ala Ser Val Ala Phe Glu Gly Gly Asn Asn Lys Ala Arg Asp Ala Ala Asn Ala Lys Ile Val Ala ____580 ____585 Gln Gly Thr Val Thr Ile Thr Gly Glu Gly Lys Asp Phe Arg Ala Asn 600 Asn Val Ser Leu Asn Gly Thr Gly Lys Gly Leu Asn Ile Ile Ser Ser 615 Val Asn Asn Leu Thr His Asn Leu Ser Gly Thr Ile Asn Ile Ser Gly Asn Ile Thr Ile Asn Gln Thr Thr Arg Lys Asn Thr Ser Tyr Trp Gln 645 Thr Ser His Asp Ser His Trp Asn Val Ser Ala Leu Asn Leu Glu Thr 665 Gly Ala Asn Phe Thr Phe Ile Lys Tyr Ile Ser Ser Asn Ser Lys Gly 680 Leu Thr Thr Gln Tyr Arg Ser Ser Ala Gly Val Asn Phe Asn Gly Val 690 695 Asn Gly Asn Met Ser Phe Asn Leu Lys Glu Gly Ala Lys Val Asn Phe 705 710 715 720 Lys Leu Lys Pro Asn Glu Asn Met Asn Thr Ser Lys Pro Leu Pro Ile 725 Arg Phe Leu Ala Asn Ile Thr Ala Thr Gly Gly Gly Ser Val Phe Phe Asp Ile Tyr Ala Asn His Ser Gly Arg Gly Ala Glu Leu Lys Met Ser 760

Glu	770	Asn	Ile	Ser	Asn	Gly 775	Ala	Asn	Phe	Thr	Leu 780	Asn	Ser	His	Val
Arg 785	Gly	Asp	Asp	Ala	Phe 790	Lys	Ile	Asn	Lys	Asp 795	Leu	Thr	Ile	Asn	Ala 800
Thr	Asn	Ser	Asn	Phe 805	Ser	Leu	Arg	Gln	Thr 810	Lys	Asp	Asp	Phe	Tyr 815	Ąsp
Gly	Tyr	Ala	Arg 820	Asn	Ala	Ile	Asn	Ser 825	Thr	Tyr	Asn	Ile	Ser 830	Ile	Leu
Gly	Gly	Asn 835	Val	Thr	Leu	Gly	Gly 840	Gln	Asn	Ser	Ser	Ser 845	Ser	Ile	Thr
Gly	Asn 850	Ile	Thr	Ile	Glu	Lys 855	Ala	Ala	Asn	Val	Thr 860	Leu	Glu	Ala	Asn
865					870		Ile			875	*				880
				885			Leu		890					895	_
			900				Ser	905			-	-	910	-	•
		915				•	Thr 920				-	925			
Ala	Glu 930	Ile	Asn 	Ile	Thr	Gln 935	Gly	Val	Val	Lys	Leu 940	Gly	Asn	Val	Thr
Asn 945	Asp	Gly	Asp	Leu	<u>Asn</u> 950	Ile	Thr	Thr	His	Ala 955	Lys_	Arg.	.Asn	Gln	Arg 960
Ser	Ile	Ile	Gly	Gly 965	qaA	Ile	Ile	Asn	Lys 970	Lys	Gly	Ser	Leu	Asn 975	Ile
Thr	Asp	Ser	Asn 980	Asn	Asp	Ala	Glu	Ile 985	Gln	Ile	Gly,	Gly	Asn 990	Ile	Ser
Gln	Lys	Glu 995	Gly	naA	Leu	Thr	Ile 1000		Ser	Asp	Lys	Ile 1009		Ile	Thr
Lys	Gln 1010		Thr	Ile	Lys	Lys 1015	Gly	Ile	Asp	Gly	Glu 1020		Ser	Ser	Ser
Asp 1029	Ala	Thr	Ser	Aşn	Ala 1030	Asn	Leu	Thr	Ile	Lys 1039	Thr	Lys	Glu		Lys 1040
Leu	Thr	Glu	Asp	Leu 1045		Ile	Ser	Gly	Phe 1050		Lys	Ala	Glu	Ile 1055	
Ala	Lys	Asp	Gly 1060		Asp	Leu	Thr	Ile 1069		Asn	Ser	Asn	Asp 1070		Asn
Ser	Gly	Ala 1079		Ala	Lys	Thr	Val 1080		Phe	Asn	Asn	Val 1089		Ąsp	Ser
Lys	Ile 1090		Ala	qaA	Gly	His 1099	Asn 5	Val	Thr	Leu	Asn 110		Lys	Val	Lys
Thr 110		Ser	Ser	Asn	Gly 1110		Arg	Glu	Ser	Asn 111		Asp	Asn	Asp	Thr

- Gly Leu Thr Ile Thr Ala Lys Asn Val Glu Val Asn Lys Asp Ile Thr 1125 1130 1135
- Ser Leu Lys Thr Val Asn Ile Thr Ala Ser Glu Lys Val Thr Thr Thr 1140 1145 1150
- Ala Gly Ser Thr Ile Asn Ala Thr Asn Gly Lys Ala Ser Ile Thr Thr 1155 1160 1165
- Lys Thr Gly Asp Ile Ser Gly Thr Ile Ser Gly Asn Thr Val Ser Val
- Ser Ala Thr Val Asp Leu Thr Thr Lys Ser Gly Ser Lys Ile Glu Ala 1185 1190 1195 1200
- Lys Ser Gly Glu Ala Asn Val Thr Ser Ala Thr Gly Thr Ile Gly Gly
 1205 1210 1215
- Thr Ile Ser Gly Asn Thr Val Asn Val Thr Ala Asn Ala Gly Asp Leu 1220 1225 1230
- Thr Val Gly Asn Gly Ala Glu Ile Asn Ala Thr Glu Gly Ala Ala Thr 1235 1240 1245
- Leu Thr Ala Thr Gly Asn Thr Leu Thr Thr Glu Ala Gly Ser Ser Ile 1250 1260
- Thr Ser Thr Lys Gly Gln Val Asp Leu Leu Ala Gln Asn Gly Ser Ile 1265 1270 1275 1280
- Ala Gly Ser Ile Asn Ala Ala Asn Val Thr Leu Asn Thr Thr Gly Thr 1285 1290 1295
- Leu-Thr-Thr Val Ala Gly Ser Asp Ile Lys Ala Thr Ser Gly Thr Leu 1300 1305 1310
 - Val Ile Asn Ala Lys Asp Ala Lys Leu Asn Gly Asp Ala Ser Gly Asp 1315 1320 1325
 - Ser Thr Glu Val Asn Ala Val Asn Ala Ser Gly Ser Gly Ser Val Thr
 1330 1340
 - Ala Ala Thr Ser Ser Ser Val Asn Ile Thr Gly Asp Leu Asn Thr Val 1345 1350 1355 1360
 - Asn Gly Leu Asn Ile Ile Ser Lys Asp Gly Arg Asn Thr Val Arg Leu 1365 1370 1375
 - Arg Gly Lys Glu Ile Glu Val Lys Tyr Ile Gln Pro Gly Val Ala Ser 1380 1385 1390
 - Val Glu Glu Val Ile Glu Ala Lys Arg Val Leu Glu Lys Val Lys Asp 1395 1400 1405
 - Leu Ser Asp Glu Glu Arg Glu Thr Leu Ala Lys Leu Gly Val Ser Ala 1410 1420
 - Val Arg Phe Val Glu Pro Asn Asn Thr Ile Thr Val Asn Thr Gln Asn 1425 1430 1435 1440
 - Glu Phe Thr Thr Arg Pro Ser Ser Gln Val Ile Ile Ser Glu Gly Lys 1445 1450 1455
 - Ala Cys Phe Ser Ser Gly Asn Gly Ala Arg Val Cys Thr Asn Val Ala 1460 1465 1470

· 78

Asp Asp Gly Gln Pro 1475

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:5:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 9171 base pairs
 (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
 (C) STRANDEDNESS: single

 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA (genomic)
- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:5:

•	•	-				
. 60	ACAATTACAA	ATGACAAACA	ACAATAAAAT	GTACAAACCC	CTTAATACTA	ACAGCGTTCT
120	GCCATATAAA	GTATAAATCC	TTAAAAAATA	TGCAAATATT	GCAGTCTATA	CACCTTTTTT
180	ATCTTTCATC	TTCATCTTTC	TCTTTCATCT	TCATCTTTCA	CTTTCATCTT	ATGGTATAAT
240	TTCATCTTTC	TCTTTCATCT	TCATCTTTCA	CTTTCATCTT	CATCTTTCAT	TTTCATCTTT
300	GAGCTGAACG	AATGAAGAGG	GAGGGGCAAG	GGAAGGGAGG	ATGAACCGAG	ACATGAAATG
360	ATGAACAAGA	AGGAGAAAAT	AACTAACCTT	TTAATTGTTC	ATAAAGTAAT	AACGCAAATG
420	GAATTGGCAC	TGCTGTGTCT	ATGCTTTGGT	AAACGCCTGA	CAAATTCAGC	TATATCGTCT
480	AAAGTGCGTC	TGCTCGCATG	GCGAAAAACC	GAAAAAGGCA	CCATTCCACA	GGGGTTGTGA
540	TCTATTCCAC	AGGTGTAACA	TACTATCTTT	TCCGCTATGT	AAAGCCACTT	ACTTAGCGTT
600	GCCACTATGC	ACACGGCACA	TGGATGTAGT	TTACAAGGAA	AGCAAGCGGC	AATCTGTTTT
660	AATTGGAAAC	CGCTATCATT	ACAGTGTTGA	ATTATCCGCA	TAATAAAACC	aagtagatgg
720	AACTCCGCCG	AGAAAACAAC	AGTTTTTACA	GAAATGGTGC	CGACCAAAAT	AATTTAACAT
780	GATTCTAACG	AGGGATTTTA	CCCAATTAAA	AACCAAATCT	TGTTACATCT	TATTCAACCG
840	ATTATTAACA	TAAAGACGCA	TCACAATAGG	CCAAATGGTA	TTTAATCAAC	GACAAGTCTT
900	GCGCGTAATT	AAACATCAAG	TTTCTAACGA	ACGCTAGACA	TACGGCTTCT	CTAATGGCTT
.960	GGTTTAATTA	TGTGAATCAC	TCGCTGAAAT	GATAAAGCGC	GCAAACCAAA	TCACCTTCGA
1020	GAGGGTGTGA	AGTGAAAAAC	TTGGTGGCAA	GTAAATCTTA	AGACGGCAGT	CTGTCGGTAA
1080	ATCAGCGATA	AAAAATCACC	TCGCAGGGCA	ATTTCTTTAC	TGGTGGCAGC	ITAGCGTAAA
1140	GTCAATCTGG	AAATGAAGCG	CCGCGCCTGA	TACAGCATTG	AACCATTACT	TAATAAACCC
1200	CGAAACCAAG	TGCCACTATT	ATGTCCGTGC	GGTAACATTA	TGCCAAAGGC	GCGATATTTT
1260	AAATCAGCAA	TTTCCGCTCA	GGCGGTGTAA	AGCGGAAATT	aagagggtga	CTTTCCGCCA
1320	AGGTGCAGTT	CATTAAAAAC	GATAAAGTCA	GATTACAGGC	GCAAGCTGAT	GCTAAAGGCG
1380		GCGGTGACGA				
1440		AAAAAGGCTC				
1500		GCGATATTGC				

	GGCAATATT	A ACGCTCAAG	G TAGTGGTGA	T ATCGCTAAAJ	A CCGGTGGTT	T TGTGGAGACG	1560
	TCGGGGCAT	G ATTTATTCA	r caaagacaa	T GCAATTGTTC	ACGCCAAAG.	A GTGGTTGTTA	1620
	GACCCGGAT	A ATGTATCTA	r taatgcaga	A ACAGCAGGAG	GCAGCAATA	C TTCAGAAGAC	1680
	GATGAATAC	A CGGGATCCG	GAATAGTGC	C AGCACCCCA	AACGAAACA	A AGAAAAGACA	1740
	ACATTAACA	A ACACAACTC	TGAGAGTAT	CTAAAAAAA	GTACCTTTG	TAACATCACT	1800
	GCTAATCAA	GCATCTATG1	CAATAGCTC	TATTAATTA	CCAATGGCAG	CTTAACTCTT	1860
	TGGAGTGAG	GTCGGAGCGG	TGGCGGCGTT	r gagattaaca	ACGATATTA	CACCGGTGAT	1920
	GATACCAGAC	GTGCAAACTT	AACAATTTAC	TCAGGCGGCT	GGGTTGATG	TCATAAAAAT	1980
	ATCTCACTC	GGGCGCAAGG	TAACATAAA	ATTACAGCTA	AACAAGATA1	CGCCTTTGAG	2040
	AAAGGAAGC	ACCAAGTCAT	TACAGGTCA	GGGACTATTA	CCTCAGGCA	TCAAAAAGGT	2100
	TTTAGATTTA	ATAATGTCTC	TCTAAACGGC	ACTGGCAGCG	GACTGCAATT	CACCACTAAA	2160
	AGAACCAATA	AATACGCTAT	CACAAATAAA	TTTGAAGGGA	CTTTAAATAT	TTCAGGGAAA	2220
	GTGAACATCT	CAATGGTTTT	ACCTAAAAAT	GAAAGTGGAT	ATGATAAATT	CAAAGGACGC	2280
	ACTTACTGGA	ATTTAACCTC	GAAAGTGGAT	ATGATAAATT	CAAAGGACGC	CCTCACTATT	2340
	GACTCCAGAG	GAAGCGATAG	TGCAGGCACA	CTTACCCAGC	CTTATAATTT	AAACGGTATA	2400
	TCATTCAACA	AAGACACTAC	CTTTAATGTT	GAACGAAATG	CAAGAGTCAA	CTTTGACATC	2460
	AAGGCACCAA	TAGGGATAAA	TAAGTATTCT	AGTTTGAATT	ACGCATCATT	TAATGGAAAC	2520
	ATTTCAGTTT	CGGGAGGGG	GAGTGTTGAT	TTCACACTTC	TCGCCTCATC	CTCTAACGTC	2580
	CAAACCCCCG	GTGTAGTTAT	AAATTCTAAA	TACTITAATG	TTTCAACAGG	GTCAAGTTTA	2640
	AGATTTAAAA	CTTCAGGCTC	AACAAAAACT	GGCTTCTCAA	TAGAGAAAGA	TTTAACTTTA	2700
	AATGCCACCG	GAGGCAACAT	AACACTTTTG	CAAGTTGAAG	GCACCGATGG	AATGATTGGT	2760
	AAAGGCATTG	TAGCCAAAAA	AAACATAACC	TTTGAAGGAG	GTAAGATGAG	GTTTGGCTCC	2820
	AGGAAAGCCG	TAACAGAAAT	CGAAGGCAAT	GTTACTATCA	ATAACAACGC	TAACGTCACT	2880
				AAACCTTTAA			2940
ž	ATTAATAGCG	GCAACCTTAC	CGCTGGAGGC	AATATTGTCA	ATATAGCCGG	AAATCTTACC	3000
•	GTTGAAAGTA	ACGCTAATTT	CAAAGCTATC	ACAAATTTCA	CTTTTAATGT	AGGCGGCTTG	3060
•	ITTGACAACA	AAGGCAATTC	AAATATTTCC	ATTGCCAAAG	GAGGGGCTCG	CTTTAAAGAC	3120
1	ATTGATAATT	CCAAGAATTT	AAGCATCACC	ACCAACTCCA	GCTCCACTTA	CCGCACTATT	3180
1	ATAAGCGGCA	ATATAACCAA	TAAAAACGGT	GATTTAAATA	TTACGAACGA	AGGTAGTGAT	3240
3	ACTGAAATGC	AAATTGGCGG	CGATGTCTCG	CAAAAAGAAG	GTAATCTCAC	GATTTCTTCT	3300
C	EACAAAATCA	ATATTACCAA	ACAGATAACA	ATCAAGGCAG	GTGTTGATGG	GGAGAATTCC	3360
C	SATTCAGACG	CGACAAACAA	TGCCAATCTA	ACCATTAAAA	CCAAAGAATT	GAAATTAACG	3420
C	CAAGACCTAA	ATATTTCAGG	TTTCAATAAA	GCAGAGATTA	CAGCTAAAGA	TGGTAGTGAT	3480
1	TTAACTATTG	GTAACACCAA	TAGTGCTGAT	GGTACTAATG	CCAAAAAAGT	AACCTTTAAC	3540

CAGGTTAAAG ATTCAAAAAT CTCTGCTGAC	GGTCACAAGG	TGACACTACA	CAGCAAAGTG	3600
GAAACATCCG GTAGTAATAA CAACACTGAA	GATAGCAGTG	ACAATAATGO	CGGCTTAACT	3660
ATCGATGCAA AAAATGTAAC AGTAAACAAC	AATATTACTT	CTCACAAAGC	AGTGAGCATC	3720
TCTGCGACAA GTGGAGAAAT TACCACTAAA	ACAGGTACAA	CCATTAACGC	AACCACTGGT	3780
AACGTGGAGA TAACCGCTCA AACAGGTAGT	ATCCTAGGTG	GAATTGAGTC	CAGCTCTGGC	3840
TCTGTAACAC TTACTGCAAC CGAGGGCGCT	CTTGCTGTAA	GCAATATTTC	GGGCAACACC	3900
GTTACTGTTA CTGCAAATAG CGGTGCATTA	ACCACTTTGG	CAGGCTCTAC	aattaaagga	3960
ACCGAGAGTG TAACCACTTC AAGTCAATCA	GGCGATATCG	GCGGTACGAT	TTCTGGTGGC	4020
ACAGTAGAGG TTAAAGCAAC CGAAAGTTTA	ACCACTCAAT	CCAATTCAAA	AATTAAAGCA	4080
ACAACAGGCG AGGCTAACGT AACAAGTGCA	ACAGGTACAA	TTGGTGGTAC	GATTTCCGGT	4140
AATACGGTAA ATGTTACGGC AAACGCTGGC	GATTTAACAG	TTGGGAATGG	CGCAGAAATT	4200
AATGCGACAG AAGGAGCTGC AACCTTAACT	ACATCATCGG	GCAAATTAAC	TACCGAAGCT	4260
AGTTCACACA TTACTTCAGC CAAGGGTCAG (GTAAATCITT	CAGCTCAGGA	TGGTAGCGTT	4320
GCAGGAAGTA TTAATGCCGC CAATGTGACA (СТАААТАСТА	CAGGCACTTT	AACTACCGTG	4380
AAGGGTTCAA ACATTAATGC AACCAGCGGT A	ACCTTGGTTA	TTAACGCAAA	AGACGCTGAG	4440
CTAAATGGCG CAGCATTGGG TAACCACACA (GTGGTAAATG	CAACCAACGC	AAATGGCTCC	4500
GGCAGCGTAA TCGCGACAAC CTCAAGCAGA (GTGAACATCA	CTGGGGATIT	AATCACAATA	4560
TODORARAA OTTTAOTATA AATTAOOTAA	ATAAACACCG	TACTGTTAAA	AGGCGTTAAA	4620
ATTGATGTGA AATACATTCA ACCGGGTATA (GCAAGCGTAG	ATGAAGTAAT	TGAAGCGAAA	4680
CGCATCCTTG AGAAGGTAAA AGATTTATCT C	gatgaagaaa	GAGAAGCGTT	AGCTAAACTT	4740
EGCGTAAGTG CTGTACGTTT TATTGAGCCA A	AATAATACAA	TTACAGTCGA	TACACAAAAT	4800
GAATITGCAA CCAGACCATT AAGTCGAATA G	STGATTTCTG .	AAGGCAGGGC	GTGTTTCTCA	4860
ACAGTGATG GCGCGACGGT GTGCGTTAAT A	ATCGCTGATA .	ACGGGCGGTA	GCGGTCAGTA	4920
ATTGACAAGG TAGATTTCAT CCTGCAATGA A	AGTCATITTA	TTTTCGTATT	ATTTACTGTG	4980
GGGTTAAAG TTCAGTACGG GCTTTACCCA T	CTTGTAAAA .	AATTACGGAG	AATACAATAA	5040
AGTATITITA ACAGGITATI ATTATGAAAA A	DAAAAATAT/	CAGATTAAAA	CTCAGTGCAA	5100
PATCAGTATT GCTTGGCCTG GCTTCTTCAT C	CATTGTATGC	AGAAGAAGCG	TTTTTAGTAA	5160
AGGCTTTCA GTTATCTGGT GCACTTGAAA C	CTTTAAGTGA	AGACGCCCAA	CTGTCTGTAG	5220
CAAAATCTTT ATCTAAATAC CAAGGCTCGC A	VAACTTTAAC	AAACCTAAAA	ACAGCACAGC	5280
ITGAATTACA GGCTGTGCTA GATAAGATTG A			•	5340
AACAAACCAT TACGGATGGC AATATTATGT T	TTGAGCTAGT	CTCGAAATCA	GCCGCAGAAA	5400
GCCAAGTTTT TTATAAGGCG AGCCAGGGTT A	ATAGTGAAGA	AAATATCGCT	CGTAGCCTGC	5460
CATCTITGAA ACAAGGAAAA GTGTATGAAG A			•	5520
CAATATGGC AAAAGAAAAT CCACTTAAAG I	CACTCGCGT	GCATTACGAG	TTAAACCCTA	5580

AAAACAAAA	C CTCTGATTT	G GTAGTTGCA	GTTTTTCGCC	TTTTGGCAA	ACGCGTAGCT	564
TIGTTICCI	A TGATAATTT	C GGCGCAAGGC	AGTTTAACTA	TCAACGTGTA	AGTCTAGGTT	570
TTGTAAATG	C CAATTTGAC	C GGACATGATO	ATGTATTAAA	TCTAAACGCA	TTGACCAATG	5760
TAAAAGCAC	C ATCAAAATC	TATGCGGTAG	GCATAGGATA	TACTTATCCG	TTTTATGATA	5820
AACACCAAT	C CTTAAGTCT	TATACCAGCA	TGAGTTATGO	TGATTCTAAT	GATATCGACG	5880
GCTTACCAA	G TGCGATTAA	CGTAAATTA1	CAAAAGGTCA	ATCTATCTCT	GCGAATCTGA	5940
AATGGAGTT.	A TTATCTCCC	ACATTTAACC	TTGGAATGGA	AGACCAGTTT	AAAATTAATT	6000
TAGGCTACA	A CTACCGCCAT	ATTAATCAAA	CATCCGAGTT	AAACACCCTG	GGTGCAACGA	6060
AGAAAAAT	T TGCAGTATC	GCCTAAGTC	CAGGCATTGA	TGGACATATC	CAATTTACCC	6120
CTAAAACAA	T CTTTAATATT	GATTTAACTC	ATCATTATTA	CGCGAGTAAA	TTACCAGGCT	6180
CTTTTGGAA	r ggagcgcati	GGCGAAACAT	TTAATCGCAG	CTATCACATT	AGCACAGCCA	6240
GTTTAGGGT	r gagtcaagag	TTTGCTCAAG	GTTGGCATTT	TAGCAGTCAA	TTATCGGGTC	6300
AGTTTACTC	T ACAAGATATA	AGTAGCATAG	ATTTATTCTC	TGTAACAGGT	ACTTATGGCG	6360
TCAGAGGCT	TAAATACGGC	GGTGCAAGTG	GTGAGCGCGG	TCTTGTATGG	CGTAATGAAT	6420
TAAGTATGC	AAAATACACC	CGCTTTCAAA	TCAGCCCTTA	TGCGTTTTAT	GATGCAGGTC	6 48 0
AGTICCGTT	TAATAGCGAA	AATGCTAAAA	CTTACGGCGA	AGATATGCAC	ACGGTATCCT	6540
CTGCGGGTTT	r aggcattaaa	ACCTCTCCTA	CACAAAACTT	AAGCTTAGAT	GCTTTTGTTG	6600
CTCGTCGCTT	-TGCAAATGCC	-AATAGTGACA	ATTTGAATGG	CAACAAAAA	CGCACAAGCT	6660
CACCTACAAC	CITCTGGGGT	AGATTAACAT	TCAGTTTCTA	ACCCTGAAAT	TTAATCAACT	6720
GGTAAGCGTT	CCGCCTACCA	GTTTATAACT	ATATGCTTTA	CCCGCCAATT	TACAGTCTAT	6780
ACGCAACCCT	GTTTTCATCC	TTATATATCA	AACAAACTAA	GCAAACCAAG	CAAACCAAGC	6840
AAACCAAGCA	AACCAAGCAA	ACCAAGCAAA	CCAAGCAAAC	CAAGCAAACC	AAGCAAACCA	6900
AGCAAACCAA	GCAAACCAAG	CARACCAAGC	AAACCAAGCA	ATGCTAAAAA	ACAATTTATA	6960
TGATAAACTA	AAACATACTC	CATACCATGG	CAATACAAGG	GATTTAATAA	TATGACAAAA	7020
GAAAATTTAC	AAAGTGTTCC	ACAAAATACG	ACCGCTTCAC	TTGTAGAATC	AAACAACGAC	7080
CAAACTTCCC	TGCAAATACT	TAAACAACCA	CCCAAACCCA	ACCTATTACG	CCTGGAACAA	7140
CATGTCGCCA	AAAAAGATTA	TGAGCTTGCT	TGCCGCGAAT	TAATGGCGAT	TTTGGAAAAA	7200
ATGGACGCTA	ATTTTGGAGG	CGTTCACGAT	ATTGAATTTG	ACGCACCTGC	TCAGCTGGCA	7260
TATCTACCCG	AAAAACTACT	AATTCATTTT	GCCACTCGTC	TCGCTAATGC	AATTACAACA	7320
CTCTTTTCCG	ACCCCGAATT	GGCAATTTCC	Gaagaaggg	CATTAAAGAT	GATTAGCCTG	7380
CAACGCTGGT	TGACGCTGAT	TTTTGCCTCT	TCCCCCTACG	TTAACGCAGA	CCATATTCTC	7440
AATAAATATA	ATATCAACCC	AGATTCCGAA	GGTGGCTTTC	ATTTAGCAAC	AGACAACTCT	7500
TCTATTGCTA	AATTCTGTAT	TTTTTACTTA	CCCGAATCCA	ATGTCAATAT	GAGTTTAGAT	7560
GCGTTATGGG	CAGGGAATCA	ACAACTTTGT	GCTTCATTGT	GTTTTGCGTT	GCAGTCTTCA	7620

					A GTGGTTTCCT	7680
					T TCATGATGTA	7740
					G TCCATTAAAC	780 0
					TTACACCTTA	7860
					TTCGGGACAT	7920
					CTATTTAGTC	7980
					GTTCTTTGAA	8040
	A ATAATATAA					8100
	G TGTTCTATAT					8160
	C TTGCCCCTAT					8220
	G ATTATGTCAT					8280
					ACTCGCCCCA	8340
	G ATTATGTACT					8400
	A AATTAAACCC					8460
AAAGTCAAA	A TACATTTTCA	TTTCGCACTT	GGACAATCAA	CAGGCTTGAC	ACACCCTTAT	8520
	T TTATCGAAAG			•		8580
	T ATCTGGCAAT					8640
GGTAATACT	A ACGGCATAAT	TGATATGGTT	ACATTAGGTT	TAGTTGGTGT	ATGCAAAACG	8700
	G TACATGAACA					8760
TGGCTGATAC	G CCGACACACG	AGAAACATAT	ATTGAATGTG	CTTTGCGTCT	AGCAGAAAAC	8820
CATCAAGAA	GCCTTGAACT	CCGTCGTTAC	ATCATAGAAA	ACAACGGCTT	ACAAAAGCTT	8880
TTTACAGGCG	ACCCTCGTCC	ATTGGGCAAA	ATACTGCTTA	AGAAAACAAA	TGAATGGAAG	8940
CGGAAGCACI	TGAGTAAAA	ATAACGGTTT	TTTAAAGTAA	AAGTGCGGTT	AATTTTCAAA	9000
GCGTTTTAAA	AACCTCTCAA	AAATCAACCG	CACITITATC	TTTATAACGC	TCCCGCGCGC	9060
IGACAGTTTA	TCTCTTCTT	AAAATACCCA	TAAAATTGTG	GCAATAGTTG	GGTAATCAAA	9120
PTCAATTGTT	GATACGGCAA	ACTAAAGACG	GCGCGTTCTT	CGGCAGTCAT	C	9171
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(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:6:

- (1) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 9323 base pairs (B) TYPE: nucleic acid (C) STRANDEDNESS: single

 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA (genomic)
- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:6:

CGCCACTTCA ATTTTGGATT GTTGAAATTC AACTAACCAA AAAGTGCGGT TAAAATCTGT

	GGAGAAAATA GGTTGTAGTG AAGAACGAGG TAATTGTTCA AAAGGATAAA GCTCTCTTAA	120
	TTGGGCATTG GTTGGCGTTT CTTTTTCGGT TAATAGTAAA TTATATTCTG GACGACTATG	180
	CAATCCACCA ACAACTITAC CGTTGGTTTT AAGCGTTAAT GTAAGTTCTT GCTCTTCTTG	240
	GCGAATACGT AATCCCATIT TITGTTTAGC AAGAAAATGA TCGGGATAAT CATAATAGGT	300
	GTTGCCCAAA AATAAATTTT GATGTTCTAA AATCATAAAT TTTGCAAGAT ATTGTGGCAA	360
	TTCAATACCT ATTIGTGGCG AAATCGCCAA TTTTAATTCA ATTTCTTGTA GCATAATATT	420
	TCCCACTCAA ATCAACTGGT TAAATATACA AGATAATAAA AATAAATCAA GATTTTTGTG	480
	ATGACAAACA ACAATTACAA CACCTTTTTT GCAGTCTATA TGCAAATATT TTAAAAAAAT	540
	AGTATAAATC CGCCATATAA AATGGTATAA TCTTTCATCT TTCATCTTTC ATCTTTCATC	600
	TITCATCTTT CATCTTTCAT CTTTCATCTT TCATCTTTCA TCTTTCATCT TTCATCTTTC	660
	ATCTTTCATC TITCATCTTT CACATGAAAT GATGAACCGA GGGAAGGGAG GGAGGGGCAA	720
	GAATGAAGAG GGAGCTGAAC GAACGCAAAT GATAAAGTAA TTTAATTGTT CAACTAACCT	780
,	TAGGAGAAAA TATGAACAAG ATATATCGTC TCAAATTCAG CAAACGCCTG AATGCTTTGG	
	TTGCTGTGTC TGAATTGGCA CGGGGTTGTG ACCATTCCAC AGAAAAAGGC AGCGAAAAAC	840
	CTGCTCGCAT GAAAGTGCGT CACTTAGCGT TAAAGCCACT TTCCGCTATG TTACTATCTT	900
	TAGGTGTAAC ATCTATTCCA CAATCTGTTT TAGCAAGCGG CAATTTAACA TCGACCAAAA	960
	TGAAATGGTG CAGTTTTTAC AAGAAAACAA GTAATAAAAC CATTATCCGC AACAGTGTTG	1020
	-ACGCTATCAT TAATTGGAAA CAATTTAACA TCGACCAAAA TGAAATGGTG CAGTTTTTAC	1080
	AAGAAAACAA CAACTCCGCC GTATTCAACC GTGTTACATC TAACCAAATC TCCCAATTAA	1140
	AAGGGATTTT AGATTCTAAC GGACAAGTCT TTTTAATCAA CCCAAATGGT ATCACAATAG	1200
	GTAAAGACGC AATTATTAAC ACTAATGGCT TTACGGCTTC TACGCTAGAC ATTTCTAACG	1260
	AAAACATCAA GGCGCGTAAT TTCACCTTCG AGCAAACCAA AGATAAAGCG CTCGCTGAAA	1320
	TTGTGAATCA CGGTTTAATT ACTGTCGGTA AAGACGGCAG TGTAAATCTT ATTGGTGGCA	1380
		1440
	AAGTGAAAAA CGAGGGTGTG ATTAGCGTAA ATGGTGGCAG CATTTCTTTA CTCGCAGGGC	1500
	AAAAAATCAC CATCAGCGAT ATAATAAACC CAACCATTAC TTACAGCATT GCCGCGCCTG	1560
	AAAATGAAGC GGTCAATCTG GGCGATATTT TTGCCAAAGG CGGTAACATT AATGTCCGTG	1620
	CTGCCACTAT TCGAAACCAA GGTAAACTTT CTGCTGATTC TGTAAGCAAA GATAAAAGCG	1680
	GCANTATTGT TCTTTCCGCC ANAGAGGGTG ANGCGGNANT TGGCGGTGTN ATTTCCGCTC	1740
	AAAATCAGCA AGCTAAAGGC GGCAAGCTGA TGATAAAGTC CGATAAAGTC ACATTAAAAA	1800
	CAGGTGCAGT TATCGACCTT TCAGGTAAAG AAGGGGGAGA AACTTACCTT GGCGGTGACG	1860
	AGCGCGGCGA AGGTAAAAAC GGCATTCAAT TAGCAAAGAA AACCTCTTTA GAAAAAGGCT	1920
	CAACCATCAA TGTATCAGGC AAAGAAAAAG GCGGACGCGC TATTGTGTGG GGCGATATTG	1980
	CGTTAATTGA CGGCAATATT AACGCTCAAG GTAGTGGTGA TATCGCTAAA ACCGGTGGTT	2040
7	TTGTGGAGAC ATCGGGGCAT TATTTATCCA TTGACAGCAA TGCAATTGTT AAAACAAAAG	2100

AGTGGTTGC	r AGACCCIGAI	GATGTAACA	\ TTGAAGCCG#	AGACCCCCTI	CGCAATAATA	2160
CCGGTATAA	TGATGAATTO	CCAACAGGCA	CCGGTGAAGC	AAGCGACCCI	AAAAAAAAA	2220
GCGAACTCAA	AACAACGCTA	ACCAATACAA	CTATTTCAAA	TTATCTGAAA	AACGCCTGGA	2280
CAATGAATAT	AACGGCATCA	AGAAAACTTA	CCGTTAATAG	CTCAATCAAC	ATCGGAAGCA	2340
ACTCCCACTT	AATTCTCCAT	AGTAAAGGTC	AGCGTGGCGG	AGGCGTTCAG	ATTGATGGAG	2400
ATATTACTTO	TAAAGGCGGA	AATTTAACCA	TTTATTCTGG	CGGATGGGTT	GATGTTCATA	2460
AAAATATTAC	GCTTGATCAG	GGTTTTTTAA	ATATTACCGC	CGCTTCCGTA	GCTTTTGAAG	2520
GTGGAAATAA	CAAAGCACGC	GACGCGGCAA	ATGCTAAAAT	TGTCGCCCAG	GGCAGTGTAA	2580
CCATTACAGG	AGAGGGAAAA	GATTTCAGGG	CTAACAACGT	ATCTTTAAAC	GGAACGGGTA	2640
AAGGTCTGAA	TATCATTTCA	TCAGTGAATA	ATTTAACCCA	CAATCTTAGT	GGCACAATTA	2700
ACATATCTGG	GAATATAACA	ATTAACCAAA	CTACGAGAAA	GAACACCTCG	TATTGGCAAA	2760
CCAGCCATGA	TTCGCACTGG	AACGTCAGTG	CTCTTAATCT	AGAGACAGGC	GCAAATTTTA	2820
CCTTTATTAA	ATACATTTCA	AGCAATAGCA	AAGGCTTAAC	AACACAGTAT	AGAAGCTCTG	2880
CAGGGGTGAA	TTTTAACGGC	GTAAATGGCA	ACATGTCATT	CAATCTCAAA	GAAGGAGCGA	2940
AAGTTAATTT	CAAATTAAAA	CCAAACGAGA	ACATGAACAC	AAGCAAACCT	TTACCAATTC	3000
GGTTTTTAGC	CAATATCACA	GCCACTGGTG	GGGGCTCTGT	TTTTTTTGAT	ATATATGCCA	3060
ACCATTCTGG	CAGAGGGGCT	GAGTTAAAAA	TGAGTGAAAT	TAATATCTCT	AACGGCGCTÄ	3120
ATTITACCTT	AAATTCCCAT	GTTCGCGGCG	ATGACGCTTT	TAAAATCAAC	AAAGACTTAA	3180
CCATAAATGC	AACCAATTCA	AATTTCAGCC	TCAGACAGAC	GAAAGATGAT	TTTTATGACG	3240
GGTACGCACG	CAATGCCATC	AATTCAACCT	ACAACATATC	CATTCTGGGC	GGTAATGTCA	3300
CCCTTGGTGG	ACAAAACTCA	AGCAGCAGCA	TTACGGGGAA	TATTACTATC	GAGAAAGCAG	3360
CAAATGTTAC	GCTAGAAGCC	AATAACGCCC	CTAATCAGCA	AAACATAAGG	GATAGAGTTA	3420
TAAAACTTGG	CAGCTTGCTC	GTTAATGGGA	GTTTAAGTTT	AACTGGCGAA	AATGCAGATA	3480
TTAAAGGCAA	TCTCACTATT	TCAGAAAGCG	CCACTTTTAA	AGGAAAGACT	AGAGATACCC	3540
TAAATATCAC	CGGCAATTTT	ÀCCAATAATG	GCACTGCCGA	AATTAATATA	ACACAAGGAG	3600
TGGTAAAACT	TGGCAATGTT	ACCAATGATG	GTGATTTAAA	CATTACCACT	CACGCTAAAC	3660
GCAACCAAAG	AAGCATCATC	GGCGGAGATA	TAATCAACAA	AAAAGGAAGC	TTAAATATTA	3720
CAGACAGTAA	TAATGATGCT	GAAATCCAAA	TTGGCGGCAA	TATCTCGCAA	AAAGAAGGCA	3780
ACCTCACGAT	TTCTTCCGAT	ATAATTAAAA	TCACCAAACA	GATAACAATC	Aaaaagggta	3840
TTGATGGAGA	GGACTCTAGT	TCAGATGCGA	CAAGTAATGC	CAACCTAACT	ATTAAAACCA	3900
aagaattgaa	ATTGACAGAA	GACCTAAGTA	TTTCAGGTTT	CAATAAAGCA	GAGATTACAG	3960
CCAAAGATGG	TAGAGATTTA	ACTATTGGCA	ACAGTAATGA	CGGTAACAGC	GGTGCCGAAG	4020
CCAAAACAGT	AACTTTTAAC	aatgttaaag	ATTCAAAAAT	CTCTGCTGAC	GGTCACAATG	4080
TGACACTAAA	TAGCAAAGTG	AAAACATCTA	GCAGCAATGG	CGGACGTGAA	AGCAATAGCG	4140

ACAACGATAC CGGCTTAACT ATTACTGCAA AAAATGTAGA AGTAAACAAA GATATTACTT	4200
CTCTCAAAAC AGTAAATATC ACCGCGTCGG AAAAGGTTAC CACCACAGCA GGCTCGACCA	4260
TTAACGCAAC AAATGGCAAA GCAAGTATTA CAACCAAAAC AGGTGATATC AGCGGTACGA	4320
TTTCCGGTAA CACGGTAAGT GTTAGCGCGA CTGGTGATTT AACCACTAAA TCCGGCTCAA	4380
ARATTGRAGC GRARTCGGGT GAGGCTARTG TRACARGTGC RACAGGTACA ATTGGCGGTA	4440
CAATTTCCGG TAATACGGTA AATGTTACGG CAAACGCTGG CGATTTAACA GTTGGGAATG	.4500
GCGCAGAAAT TAATGCGACA GAAGGAGCTG CAACCTTAAC CGCAACAGGG AATACCTTGA	4560
CTACTGAAGC CGGTTCTAGC ATCACTTCAA CTAAGGGTCA GGTAGACCTC TTGGCTCAGA	4620
ATGGTAGCAT CGCAGGAAGC ATTAATGCTG CTAATGTGAC ATTAAATACT ACAGGCACCT	4680
TAACCACCGT GGCAGGCTCG GATATTAAAG CAACCAGCGG CACCTTGGTT ATTAACGCAA	4740
AAGATGCTAA GCTAAATGGT GATGCATCAG GTGATAGTAC AGAAGTGAAT GCAGTCAACG	4800
ACTGGGGATT TGGTAGTGTG ACTGCGGCAA CCTCAAGCAG TGTGAATATC ACTGGGGATT	4860
TAAACACAGT AAATGGGTTA AATATCATTT CGAAAGATGG TAGAAACACT GTGCGCTTAA	4920
GAGGCAAGGA AATTGAGGTG AAATATATCC AGCCAGGTGT AGCAAGTGTA GAAGAAGTAA	4980
TTGAAGCGAA ACGCGTCCTT GAAAAAGTAA AAGATTTATC TGATGAAGAA AGAGAAACAT	5040
TAGCTAAACT TGGTGTAAGT GCTGTACGTT TTGTTGAGCC AAATAATACA ATTACAGTCA	.5100°
ATACACAAAA TGAATTTACA ACCAGACCGT CAAGTCAAGT	5160
CGTGTTTCTC AAGTGGTAAT GGCGCACGAG TATGTACCAA TGTTGCTGAC GATGGACAGC	5220
CGTAGTCAGT AATTGACAAG GTAGATTTCA TCCTGCAATG AAGTCATTTT ATTTTCGTAT	5280
TATTTACTGT GTGGGTTAAA GTTCAGTACG GGCTTTACCC ATCTTGTAAA AAATTACGGA	5340
GAATACAATA AAGTATTTTT AACAGGTTAT TATTATGAAA AATATAAAAA GCAGATTAAA	5400
ACTCAGTGCA ATATCAGTAT TGCTTGGCCT GGCTTCTTCA TCATTGTATG CAGAAGAAGC	5460
GTTTTTAGTA AAAGGCTTTC AGTTATCTGG TGCACTTGAA ACTTTAAGTG AAGACGCCCA	5520
ACTGTCTGTA GCAAAATCTT TATCTAAATA CCAAGGCTCG CAAACTTTAA CAAACCTAAA	5580
ACAGCACAG CTTGAATTAC AGGCTGTGCT AGATAAGATT GAGCCAAATA AATTTGATGT	5640
SATATTGCCG CAACAAACCA TTACGGATGG CAATATCATG TTTGAGCTAG TCTCGAAATC	5700
AGCCGCAGAA AGCCAAGTTT TTTATAAGGC GAGCCAGGGT TATAGTGAAG AAAATATCGC	5760
CGTAGCCTG CCATCTTTGA AACAAGGAAA AGTGTATGAA GATGGTCGTC AGTGGTTCGA	5820
TTGCGTGAA TTTAATATGG CAAAAGAAAA CCCGCTTAAG GTTACCCGTG TACATTACGA	5880
CTAAACCCT AAAAACAAAA CCTCTAATTT GATAATTGCG GGCTTCTCGC CTTTTGGTAA	5940
ACGCGTAGC TTTATTTCTT ATGATAATTT CGGCGCGAGA GAGTTTAACT ACCAACGTGT	6000
AGCTTGGGT TTTGTTAATG CCAATTTAAC TGGTCATGAT GATGTGTTAA TTATACCAGT	6060
TGAGTTATG CTGATTCTAA TGATATCGAC GGCTTACCAA GTGCGATTAA TCGTAAATTA	6120
CAAAAGGTC AATCTATCTC TGCGAATCTG AAATGGAGTT ATTATCTCCC AACATTTAAC	6180

CTIGGCATGG	AAGACCAATT	TAAAATTAAT	TTAGGCTACA	ACTACCGCCA	TATTAATCAA	6240
ACCTCCGCGT	TAAATCGCTT	GGGTGAAACG	AAGAAAAAT	TTGCAGTATC	AGGCGTAAGT	6300
GCAGGCATTG	ATGGACATAT	CCAATTTACC	CCTAAAACAA	TCTTTAATAT	TGATTTAACT	6360
CATCATTATT	ACGCGAGTAA	ATTACCAGGC	TCTTTTGGAA	TGGAGCGCAT	TGGCGAAACA	6420
TTTAATCGCA	GCTATCACAT	TAGCACAGCC	AGTTTAGGGT	TGAGTCAAGA	GTTTGCTCAA	6480
GGTTGGCATT	TTAGCAGTCA	ATTATCAGGT	CAATTTACTC	TACAAGATAT	TAGCAGTATA	6540
GATTTATTCT	CTGTAACAGG	TACTTATGGC	GTCAGAGGCT	TTAAATACGG	CGGTGCAAGT	6600
GGTGAGCGCG	GTCTTGTATG	GCGTAATGAA	TTAAGTATGC	CAAAATACAC	CCGCTTCCAA	6660
ATCAGCCCTT	ATGCGTTTTA	TGATGCAGGT	CAGTTCCGTT	ATAATAGCGA	AAATGCTAAA	6720
ACTTACGGCG	AAGATATGCA	CACGGTATCC	TCTGCGGGTT	TAGGCATTAA	AACCTCTCCT	6780
ACACAAAACT	TAAGCCTAGA	TGCTTTTGTT	GCTCGTCGCT	TTGCAAATGC	CAATAGTGAC	6840
AATTTGAATG	GCAACAAAAA	ACGCACAAGC	TCACCTACAA	CCTTCTGGGG	GAGATTAACA	6900
TTCAGTTTCT	AACCCTGAAA	TTTAATCAAC	TGGTAAGCGT	TCCGCCTACC	AGTTTATAAC	6960
TATATGCTTT	ACCCGCCAAT	TTACAGTCTA	TAGGCAACCC	TGTTTTTACC	CTTATATATC	7020
AAATAAACAA	GCTAAGCTGA	GCTAAGCAAA	CCAAGCAAAC	TCAAGCAAGC	CAAGTAATAC	7080
TAAAAAAACA	ATTTATATGA	TAAACTAAAG	TATACTCCAT	GCCATGGCGA	TACAAGGGAT	7140
TTAATAATAT	GACAAAAGAA	AATTTGCAAA	ACGCTCCTCA	AGATGCGACC	GCTTTACTTG	7200
CGGAATTAAG	CAACAATCAA	ACTCCCCTGC	GAATATTTAA	ACAACCACGC	AAGCCCAGCC	7260
TATTACGCTT	GGAACAACAT	ATCGCAAAAA	aagattatga	GTTTGCTTGT	CGTGAATTAA	7320
TGGTGATTCT	GGAAAAAATG	GACGCTAATT	TTGGAGGCGT	TCACGATATT	GAATTTGACG	7380
CACCCGCTCA	GCTGGCATAT	CTACCCGAAA	AATTACTAAT	TTATTTTGCC	ACTCGTCTCG	7440
CTAATGCAAT	TACAACACTC	TTTTCCGACC	CCGAATTGGC	AATTTCTGAA	GAAGGGGCGT	7500
TAAAGATGAT	TAGCCTGCAA	CGCTGGTTGA	CGCTGATTTT	TGCCTCTTCC	CCCTACGTTA	7560
ACGCAGACCA	TATTCTCAAT	ATATATAAA	TCAACCCAGA	TTCCGAAGGT	GGCTTTCATT	7620
TAGCAACAGA	CAACTCTTCT	ATTGCTAAAT	TCTGTATTTT	TTACTTACCC	GAATCCAATG	7680
TCAATATGAG	TTTAGATGCG	TTATGGGCAG	GGAATCAACA	ACTTTGTGCT	TCATTGTGTT	7740
TTGCGTTGCA	GTCTTCACGT	TTTATTGGTA	CCGCATCTGC	GTTTCATAAA	AGAGCGGTGG	7800
TTTTACAGTG	GTTTCCTAAA	AAACTCGCCG	AAATTGCTAA	TTTAGATGAA	TTGCCTGCAA	7860
ATATCCTTCA	TGATGTATAT	ATGCACTGCA	GTTATGATTT	AGCAAAAAAC	AAGCACGATG	7920
TTAAGCGTCC	ATTAAACGAA	CTTGTCCGCA	AGCATATCCT	CACGCAAGGA	TGGCAAGACC	7980
GCTACCTTTA	CACCTTAGGT	AAAAAGGACG	GCAAACCTGT	GATGATGGTA	CTGCTTGAAC	8040
ATTTTAATTC	GGGACATTCG	ATTTATCGTA	CACATTCAAC	TTCAATGATT	GCTGCTCGAG	8100
AAAAATTCTA	TTTAGTCGGC	TTAGGCCATG	AGGGCGTTGA	TAAAATAGGT	CGAGAAGTGT	8160
TTGACGAGTT	CTTTGAAATC	AGTAGCAATA	atataatgga	GAGACTGTTT	TTTATCCGTA	8220

AACAGTGCGA A	LACTITICCAA	CCCGCAGTGT	TCTATATGCC	AAGCATTGGC	ATGGATATTA	8280
CCACGATTTT T	GTGAGCAAC	ACTCGGCTTG	CCCCTATTCA	AGCTGTAGCC	CTGGGTCATC	8340
CTGCCACTAC G	CATTCTGAA	TTTATTGATT	ATGTCATCGT	AGAAGATGAT	TATGTGGGCA	8400
GTGAAGATTG T	TTCAGCGAA	ACCCTTTTAC	GCTTACCCAA	AGATGCCCTA	CCTTATGTAC	8460
CTTCTGCACT	GCCCCACAA	Aaagtggatt	ATGTACTCAG	GGAAAACCCT	GAAGTAGTCA	8520
ATATCGGTAT T	GCCGCTACC	ACAATGAAAT	TAAACCCTGA	ATTTTTGCTA	ACATTGCAAG	8580
AAATCAGAGA T	AAAGCTAAA	GTCAAAATAC	ATTTTCATTT	CGCACTTGGA	CAATCAACAG	8640
GCTTGACACA C	CCTTATGTC	Aaatggttta	TCGAAAGCTA	TTTAGGTGAC	GATGCCACTG	8700
CACATCCCCA C	GCACCTTAT	CACGATTATC	TGGCAATATT	GCGTGATTGC	GATATGCTAC	8760
TAAATCCGTT TO	CCTTTCGGT	AATACTAACG	GCATAATTGA	TATGGTTACA	TTAGGTTTAG	8820
TTGGTGTATG C	AAAACGGGG	GATGAAGTAC	ATGAACATAT	TGATGAAGGT	CTGTTTAAAC	8880
GCTTAGGACT AC	CCAGAATGG (CTGATAGCCG	ACACACGAGA	AACATATATT	GAATGTGCTT	8940
TGCGTCTAGC AC	SAAAACCAT (CAAGAACGCC	TTGAACTCCG	TCGTTACATC	ATAGAAAACA	9000
ACGGCTTACA A	AAGCTTTTT /	ACAGGCGACC	CTCGTCCATT	GGGCAAAATA	CTGCTTAAGA	9060
AAACAAATGA A1	rggaagegg 1	AAGCACTTGA	GTAAAAAATA	ACGGTTTTTT	AAAGTAAAAG	9120
TGCGGTTAAT TI	TTCAAAGCG	TTTAAAAAC	CTCTCAAAAA	TCAACCGCAC	TTTTATCTTT	9180
ATAACGATCC CG	CACGCTGA (CAGTTTATCA	GCCTCCCGCC	ATAAAACTCC	GCCTTTCATG	9240
GCGGAGATTT TA	GCCAAAAC 1	rggcagaaat	TAAAGGCTAA	AATCACCAAA	TTGCACCACA	9300
AAATCACCAA TA	ACCCACAAA A	AAA				9323

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:7:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 4794 base pairs
(B) TYPE: nucleic acid
(C) STRANDEDNESS: single
(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:7:

ATGAACAAGA	TATATCGTCT	CAAATTCAGC	AAACGCCTGA	ATGCTTTGGT	TGCTGTGTCT	60
GAATTGACAC	GGGGTTGTGA	CCATTCCACA	GAAAAAGGCA	GTGAAAAACC	TGTTCGTACG	120
AAAGTACGCC	ACTTGGCGTT	AAAGCCACTT	TCCGCTATAT	TGCTATCTTT	GGGCATGGCA	180
TCCATTCCGC	AATCTGTTTT	AGCGAGCGGT	TTACAGGGAA	TGAGCGTCGT	ACACGGTACA	240
GCAACCATGC	AAGTAGACGG	CAATAAAACC	ACTATCCGTA	ATAGCGTCAA	TGCTATCATC	300
AATTGGAAAC	AATTTAACAT	TGACCAAAAT	GAAATGGTGC	AGTTTTTACA	AGAAAGCAGC	360
AACTCTGCCG	TTTTCAACCG	TGTTACATCT	GACCAAATCT	CCCAATTAAA	AGGGATTTTA	420

GATTCTAACG GACAAGTCTT TTTAATCAAC CCAAATGGTA TCACAATAGG	TAAAGACGCA	480
ATTATTAACA CTAATGGCTT TACTGCTTCT ACGCTAGACA TTTCTAACGA	AAACATCAAG	540
GCGCGTAATT TCACCCTTGA GCAAACCAAG GATAAAGCAC TCGCTGAAAT	CGTGAATCAC	600
GGTTTAATTA CCGTTGGTAA AGACGGTAGC GTAAACCTTA TTGGTGGCAA	AGTGAAAAAC	660
GAGGGCGTGA TTAGCGTAAA TGGCGGTAGT ATTTCTTTAC TTGCAGGGCA	AAAAATCACC	720
ATCAGCGATA TAATAAATCC AACCATCACT TACAGCATTG CTGCACCTGA	AAACGAAGCG	780
ATCAATCTGG GCGATATITT TGCCAAAGGT GGTAACATTA ATGTCCGCGC	TGCCACTATT	840
CGCAATAAAG GTAAACTTTC TGCCGACTCT GTAAGCAAAG ATAAAAGTGG	TAACATTGTT	900
CTCTCTGCCA AAGAAGGTGA AGCGGAAATT GGCGGTGTAA TTTCCGCTCA	AAATCAGCAA	960
GCCAAAGGTG GTAAGTTGAT GATTACAGGC GATAAAGTTA CATTGAAAAC	GGGTGCAGTT	1020
ATCGACCTTT CGGGTAAAGA AGGGGGAGAA ACTTATCTTG GCGGTGACGA	GCGTGGCGAA	1080
GGTAAAAACG GCATTCAATT AGCAAAGAAA ACCACTTTAG AAAAAGGCTC	AACAATTAAT	1140
STGTCAGGTA AAGAAAAAGG TGGGCGCGCT ATTGTATGGG GCGATATTGC	GTTAATTGAC	1200
GCAATATTA ATGCCCAAGG TAAAGATATC GCTAAAACTG GTGGTTTTGT	GGAGACGTCG	1260
GGCATTACT TATCCATTGA TGATAACGCA ATTGTTAAAA CAAAAGAATG	GCTACTAGAC	1320
ECAGAGAATG TGACTATTGA AGCTCCTTCC GCTTCTCGCG TCGAGCTGGG	TGCCGATAGG	1380
AATTCCCACT CGGCAGAGGT GATAAAAGTG ACCCTAAAAA AAAATAACAC	CTCCTTGACA	1440
ACACTAACCA ATACAACCAT TTCAAATCTT CTGAAAAGTG CCCACGTGGT	GAACATAACG	1500
SCAAGGAGAA AACTTACCGT TAATAGCTCT ATCAGTATAG AAAGAGGCTC	CCACTTAATT	1560
TTCCACAGTG AAGGTCAGGG CGGTCAAGGT GTTCAGATTG ATAAAGATAT	TACTTCTGAA	1620
GCGGAAATT TAACCATTTA TTCTGGCGGA TGGGTTGATG TTCATAAAAA	TATTACGCTT	1680
GTAGCGGCT TTTTAAACAT CACAACTAAA GAAGGAGATA TCGCCTTCGA	AGACAAGTCT	1740
GGACGGAACA ACCTAACCAT TACAGCCCAA GGGACCATCA CCTCAGGTAA	TAGTAACGGC	1800
TTAGATTTA ACAACGTCTC TCTAAACAGC CTTGGCGGAA AGCTGAGCTT	TACTGACAGC	1860
AGAGAGGACA GAGGTAGAAG AACTAAGGGT AATATCTCAA ACAAATTTGA	CGGAACGTTA	1920
VACATTTCCG GAACTGTAGA TATCTCAATG AAAGCACCCA AAGTCAGCTG	GTTTTACAGA	1980
BACAAAGGAC GCACCTACTG GAACGTAACC ACTTTAAATG TTACCTCGGG	TAGTAAATTT	2040
ACCTCTCCA TTGACAGCAC AGGAAGTGGC TCAACAGGTC CAAGCATACG	CAATGCAGAA	2100
TAAATGGCA TAACATTTAA TAAAGCCACT TTTAATATCG CACAAGGCTC	AACAGCTAAC	2160
TTAGCATCA AGGCATCAAT AATGCCCTTT AAGAGTAACG CTAACTACGC	ATTATTTAAT	2220
BAGATATTT CAGTCTCAGG GGGGGGTAGC CTTAATTTCA AACTTAACGC	CTCATCTAGC	2280
ACATACAAA CCCCTGGCGT AATTATAAAA TCTCAAAACT TTAATGTCTC	AGGAGGGTCA	2340
CTTTAAATC TCAAGGCTGA AGGTTCAACA GAAACCGCTT TTTCAATAGA	AAATGATTTA	2400
ACTTARACG CCACCGGTGG CARTATARCA ATCAGACAAG TCGAGGGTAC	CGATTCACGC	2460

GTCAACAAAG GTGTCGCAGC CAAAAAAAAC ATAACTTTTA AAGGGGGTAA TATCACC	TTC 2520
GGCTCTCAAA AAGCCACAAC AGAAATCAAA GGCAATGTTA CCATCAATAA AAACACT	TAAC 2580
GCTACTCTTT GTGGTGCGAA TTTTGCCGAA AACAAATCGC CTTTAAATAT AGCAGGA	AAT 2640
GTTATTAATA ATGGCAACCT TACCACTGCC GGCTCCATTA TCAATATAGC CGGAAAT	CTT 2700
ACTGTTTCAA AAGGCGCTAA CCTTCAAGCT ATAACAAATT ACACTTTTAA TGTAGCC	GGC 2760
TCATTTGACA ACAATGGCGC TTCAAACATT TCCATTGCCA GAGGAGGGGC TAAATTT	'AAA 2820
GATATCAATA ACACCAGTAG CTTAAATATT ACCACCAACT CTGATACCAC TTACCGC	ACC 2880
ATTATAAAAG GCAATATATC CAACAAATCA GGTGATTTGA ATATTATTGA TAAAAAA	AGC 2940
GACGCTGAAA TCCAAATTGG CGGCAATATC TCACAAAAAG AAGGCAATCT CACAATT	TCT 3000
TCTGATAAAG TAAATATTAC CAATCAGATA ACAATCAAAG CAGGCGTTGA AGGGGGG	CGT 3060
TCTGATTCAA GTGAGGCAGA AAATGCTAAC CTAACTATTC AAACCAAAGA GTTAAAA	TTG 3120
GCAGGAGACC TAAATATTTC AGGCTTTAAT AAAGCAGAAA TTACAGCTAA AAATGGC	AGT 3180
GATTTAACTA TTGGCAATGC TAGCGGTGGT AATGCTGATG CTAAAAAAGT GACTTTY	GAC 3240
AAGGTTAAAG ATTCAAAAAT CTCGACTGAC GGTCACAATG TAACACTAAA TAGCGAA	GTG 3300
AAAACGTCTA ATGGTAGTAG CAATGCTGGT AATGATAACA GCACCGGTTT AACCATT	TCC 3360
GCAAAAGATG TAACGGTAAA CAATAACGTT ACCTCCCACA AGACAATAAA TATCTCTC	GCC 3420
GCAGCAGGAA ATGTAACAAC CAAAGAAGGC ACAACTATCA ATGCAACCAC AGGCAGC	GTG 3480
_GAAGTAACTG=CTCAAAATGG=TACAATTAAA-GGCAACATTA-CCTCGCAAAA: TGTAACAC	3TG 3540
ACAGCAACAG AAAATCTTGT TACCACAGAG AATGCTGTCA TTAATGCAAC CAGCGGC	ACA 3600
GTAAACATTA GTACAAAAAC AGGGGATATT AAAGGTGGAA TTGAATCAAC TTCCGGTA	VAT 3660
GTAAATATTA CAGCGAGCGG CAATACACTT AAGGTAAGTA ATATCACTGG TCAAGATG	TA 3720
ACAGTAACAG CGGATGCAGG AGCCTTGACA ACTACAGCAG GCTCAACCAT TAGTGCGA	ACA 3780
ACAGGCAATG CAAATATTAC AACCAAAACA GGTGATATCA ACGGTAAAGT TGAATCCA	NGC 3840
TCCGGCTCTG TAACACTTGT TGCAACTGGA GCAACTCTTG CTGTAGGTAA TATTTCAG	
AACACTGTTA CTATTACTGC GGATAGCGGT AAATTAACCT CCACAGTAGG TTCTACAA	TT 3960
AATGGGACTA ATAGTGTAAC CACCTCAAGC CAATCAGGCG ATATTGAAGG TACAATTT	CT 4020
GGTAATACAG TAAATGTTAC AGCAAGCACT GGTGATTTAA CTATTGGAAA TAGTGCAA	AA 4080
GTTGAAGCGA AAAATGGAGC TGCAACCTTA ACTGCTGAAT CAGGCAAATT AACCACCC	AA 4140
ACAGGCTCTA GCATTACCTC AAGCAATGGT CAGACAACTC TTACAGCCAA GGATAGCA	GT 4200
ATCGCAGGAA ACATTAATGC TGCTAATGTG ACGTTAAATA CCACAGGCAC TTTAACTA	CT 4260
ACAGGGGATT CAAAGATTAA CGCAACCAGT GGTACCTTAA CAATCAATGC AAAAGATG	CC 4320
AAATTAGATG GTGCTGCATC AGGTGACCGC ACAGTAGTAA ATGCAACTAA CGCAAGTG	GC 4380
TCTGGTAACG TGACTGCGAA AACCTCAAGC AGCGTGAATA TCACCGGGGA TTTAAACA	CA 4440
ATAAATGGGT TAAATATCAT TICGGAAAAT GGTAGAAACA CTGTGCGCTT AAGAGGCA	AG 4500

GAAATTGATG TGAAATATAT CCAACCAGGT GTAGCAAGCG TAGAAGAGGT AATTGAAGCG 4560

AAACGCGTCC TTGAGAAGGT AAAAGATTTA TCTGATGAAG AAAGAGAAAC ACTAGCCAAA 4620

CTTGGTGTAA GTGCTGTACG TTTCGTTGAG CCAAATAATG CCATTACGGT TAATACACAA 4680

AACGAGTTTA CAACCAAACC ATCAAGTCAA GTGACAATTT CTGAAGGTAA GGCGTGTTTC 4740

TCAAGTGGTA ATGGCGCACG AGTATGTACC AATGTTGCTG ACGATGGACA GCAG 4794

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:8:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 4803 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:8:

						The second secon
60	TGCTGTGTCT	ATGCTTTGGT	AAACGCCTGA	CAAATTCAGC	TATATCGTCT	ATGAACAAGA
120	TGTTCGTACG	GTGAAAAACC	GAAAAAGGCA	CCATTCCACA	GGGGTTGTGA	GAATTGACAC
180	GGGCATGGCA	TGCTATCTTT	TCCGCTATAT	AAAGCCACTT	ACTTGGCGTT	AAAGTACGCC
240	ACACGGTACA	TGAGCGTCGT	TTACAGGGAA	AGCGAGCGGT	AATCTGTTTT	TCCATTCCGC
300	TGCTATCATC	ATAGCGTCAA	ACTATCCGTA	CAATAAAACC	AAGTAGACGG	GCAACCATGC
360	AGAAAGCAGC	AGTTTTTACA	GAAATGGTGC	TGACCAAAAT	AATTTAACAT	AATTGGAAAC
420	AGGGATTTTA	CCCAATTAAA	GACCAAATCT	TGTTACATCT	TTTTCAACCG	AACTCTGCCG
480	TAAAGACGCA	TCACAATAGG	CCAAATGGTA	TTTAATCAAC	GACAAGTCTT	GATTCTAACG
540	AAACATCAAG	TTTCTAACGA	ACGCTAGACA	TACTGCTTCT	CTAATGGCTT	ATTATTAACA
600	CGTGAATCAC	TCGCTGAAAŢ	GATAAAGCAC	GCAAACCAAG	TCACCCTTGA	GCGCGTAATT
660	AGTGAAAAAC	TTGGTGGCAA	GTAAACCTTA	AGACGGTAGC	CCGTTGGTAA	GGTTTAATTA
720	AAAAATCACC	TTGCAGGGCA	ATTTCTTTAC	TGGCGGTAGT	TTAGCGTAAA	GAGGGCGTGA
780	AAACGAAGCG	CTGCACCTGA	TACAGCATTG	AACCATCACT	TAATAAATCC	ATCAGCGATA
840	TGCCACTATT	ATGTCCGCGC	GGTAACATTA	TGCCAAAGGT	GCGATATTTT	ATCAATCTGG
900	TAACATTGTT	ATAAAAGTGG	GTAAGCAAAG	TGCCGACTCT	GTAAACTTTC	CGCAATAAAG
960	AAATCAGCAA	TTTCCGCTCA	GGCGGTGTAA	AGCGGAAATT	AAGAAGGTGA	CTCTCTGCCA
1020	AGGTGCAGTT	CATTAAAAAC	GATAAAGTCA	GATTACAGGT	GTAAGTTGAT	GCCAAAGGTG
1080	GCGTGGCGAA	GCGGTGATGA	ACTTATCTTG	AGGGGGAGAG	CAGGTAAAGA	ATCGACCTIT
1140	GACAATTAAT	AAAAAGGCTC	ACCTCTTTAG	AGCGAAGAAA	GTATTCAATT	GGTAAAAATG
1200	ATTAATTAAT	GCGATATTGC	ATTGTATGGG	CGGGCGCGCT	AAGAAAAAGG	GTATCAGGCA
1260	GGAAACATCA	GCGGCTTTGT	GCTAAAACTG	TAGCGATATT	ATGCTCAAGG	GGTAACATTA

GGACATGACT TATCCATTGG TGATGATGTG ATTGTTGACG CTAAAGAGTG GTTATTAGAC	132
CCAGATGATG TGTCCATTGA AACTCTTACA TCTGGACGCA ATAATACCGG CGAAAACCAA	138
GGATATACAA CAGGAGATGG GACTAAAGAG TCACCTAAAG GTAATAGTAT TTCTAAACCT	144
ACATTAACAA ACTCAACTCT TGAGCAAATC CTAAGAAGAG GTTCTTATGT TAATATCACT	1500
GCTAATAATA GAATTTATGT TAATAGCTCC ATCAACTTAT CTAATGGCAG TTTAACACTT	1560
CACACTAAAC GAGATGGAGT TAAAATTAAC GGTGATATTA CCTCAAACGA AAATGGTAAT	1620
TTAACCATTA AAGCAGGCTC TTGGGTTGAT GTTCATAAAA ACATCACGCT TGGTACGGGT	1680
TTTTTGAATA TTGTCGCTGG GGATTCTGTA GCTTTTGAGA GAGAGGGCGA TAAAGCACGT	1740
AACGCAACAG ATGCTCAAAT TACCGCACAA GGGACGATAA CCGTCAATAA AGATGATAAA	1800
CAATTTAGAT TCAATAATGT ATCTATTAAC GGGACGGGCA AGGGTTTAAA GTTTATTGCA	1860
AATCAAAATA ATTTCACTCA TAAATTTGAT GGCGAAATTA ACATATCTGG AATAGTAACA	1920
ATTAACCAAA CCACGAAAAA AGATGTTAAA TACTGGAATG CATCAAAAGA CTCTTACTGG	1980
AATGTTTCTT CTCTTACTTT GAATACGGTG CAAAAATTTA CCTTTATAAA ATTCGTTGAT	2040
AGCGGCTCAA ATTCCCAAGA TTTGAGGTCA TCACGTAGAA GTTTTGCAGG CGTACATTTT	2100
AACGGCATCG GAGGCAAAAC AAACTTCAAC ATCGGAGCTA ACGCAAAAGC CTTATTTAAA	2160
TTAAAACCAA ACGCCGCTAC AGACCCAAAA AAAGAATTAC CTATTACTTT TAACGCCAAC	2220
ATTACAGCTA CCGGTAACAG TGATAGCTCT GTGATGTTTG ACATACACGG CAATCTTACC	2280
TCTAGAGCTG CCGGCATAAA CATGGATTCA ATTAACATTA CCGGCGGGCT TGACTTTCC	2340
ATAACATCCC ATAATCGCAA TAGTAATGCT TTTGAAATCA AAAAAGACTT AACTATAAAT	2400
GCAACTGGCT CGAATTITAG TCTTAAGCAA ACGAAAGATT CTTTTTATAA TGAATACAGC	2460
AAACACGCCA TTAACTCAAG TCATAATCTA ACCATTCTTG GCGGCAATGT CACTCTAGGT	2520
GGGGAAAATT CAAGCAGTAG CATTACGGGC AATATCAATA TCACCAATAA AGCAAATGTT	2580
ACATTACAAG CTGACACCAG CAACAGCAAC ACAGGCTTGA AGAAAAGAAC TCTAACTCTT	2640
GCAATATAT CTGTTGAGGG GAATTTAAGC CTAACTGGTG CAAATGCAAA CATTGTCGGC	2700
ANTOTTTOTA ITGCAGAAGA TTCCACATTT ANAGGAGAAG CCAGTGACAA CCTAAACATC	2760
ACCGGCACCT TTACCAACAA CGGTACCGCC AACATTAATA TAAAACAAGG AGTGGTAAAA	2820
TCCAAGGCG ATATTATCAA TAAAGGTGGT TTAAATATCA CTACTAACGC CTCAGGCACT	2880
CARABARCCA TTATTARCGG ARRTATARCT RACGRARARG GCGRCTTRAR CRTCRAGRAT	2940
TTAAAGCCG ACGCCGAAAT CCAAATTGGC GGCAATATCT CACAAAAGA AGGCAATCTC	3000
CAATTTCTT CTGATAAAGT AAATATTACC AATCAGATAA CAATCAAAGC AGGCGTTGAA	3060
GGGGGCGTT CTGATTCAAG TGAGGCAGAA AATGCTAACC TAACTATTCA AACCAAAGAG	3120
TAAAATTGG CAGGAGACCT AAATATTTCA GGCTTTAATA AAGCAGAAAT TACAGCTAAA	3180
ATGGCAGTG ATTTAACTAT TGGCAATGCT AGCGGTGGTA ATGCTGATGC TAAAAAAGTG	3240
CTTTTGACA AGGTTAAAGA TTCAAAAATC TCGACTGACG GTCACAATGT AACACTAAAT	2266

AGCGAAGTGA	AAACGTCTAA	TGGTAGTAGC	AATGCTGGTA	ATGATAACAG	CACCGGTTTA	3360
ACCATTTCCG	CAAAAGATGT	AACGGTAAAC	AATAACGTTA	CCTCCCACAA	GACAATAAAT	3420
ATCTCTGCCG	CAGCAGGAAA	TGTAACAACC	AAAGAAGGCA	CAACTATCAA	TGCAACCACA	3480
GGCAGCGTGG	AAGTAACTGC	TCAAAATGGT	ACAATTAAAG	GCAACATTAC	CTCGCAAAAT	3540
GTAACAGTGA	CAGCAACAGA	AAATCTTGTT	ACCACAGAGA	ATGCTGTCAT	TAATGCAACC	3600
AGCGGCACAG	TAAACATTAG	TACAAAAACA	GGGGATATTA	AAGGTGGAAT	TGAATCAACT	3660
TCCGGTAATG	TAAATATTAC	AGCGAGCGGC	AATACACTTA	AGGTAAGTAA	TATCACTGGT	3720
CAAGATGTAA	CAGTAACAGC	GGATGCAGGA	GCCTTGACAA	CTACAGCAGG	CTCAACCATT	3780
AGTGCGACAA	CAGGCAATGC	AAATATTACA	ACCAAAACAG	GTGATATCAA	CGGTAAAGTT	3840
GAATCCAGCT	CCGGCTCTGT	AACACTTGTT	GCAACTGGAG	CAACTCTTGC	TGTAGGTAAT	3900
ATTTCAGGTA	ACACTGTTAC	TATTACTGCG	GATAGCGGTA	AATTAACCTC	CACAGTAGGT	3960
TCTACAATTA	ATGGGACTAA	TAGTGTAACC	ACCTCAAGCC	AATCAGGCGA	TATTGAAGGT	4020
ACARTTTCTG	GTAATACAGT	AAATGTTACA	GCAAGCACTG	GTGATTTAAC	TATTGGAAAT	4080
AGTGCAAAAG	TTGAAGCGAA	AAATGGAGCT	GCAACCTTAA	CTGCTGAATC	AGGCAAATTA	4140
ACCACCCAAA	CAGGCTCTAG	CATTACCTCA	AGCAATGGTC	AGACAACTCT	TACAGCCAAG	4200
GATAGCAGTA	TCGCAGGAAA	CATTAATGCT	GCTAATGTGA	CGTTAAATAC	CACAGGCACT	4260
TTAACTACTA	CAGGGGATTC	AAAGATTAAC	GCAACCAGTG	GTACCTTAAC	AATCAATGCA	4320
AAAGATGCCA	AATTAGATGG	TGCTGCATCA	GGTGACCGCA	CAGTAGTAAA	TGCAACTAAC	4380
GCAAGTGGCT	CTGGTAACGT	GACTGCGAAA	ACCTCAAGCA	GCGTGAATAT	CACCGGGGAT	4440
TTAAACACAA	TAAATGGGTT	AAATATCATT	TCGGAAAATG	GTAGAAACAC	TGTGCGCTTA	4500
AGAGGCAAGG	AAATTGATGT	GAAATATATC	CAACCAGGTG	TAGCAAGCGT	AGAAGAGGTA	4560
ATTGAAGCGA	AACGCGTCCT	TGAGAAGGTA	AAAGATTTAT	CTGATGAAGA	AAGAGAAACA	4620
CTAGCCAAAC	TTGGTGTAAG	TGCTGTACGT	TTCGTTGAGC	CAAATAATGC	CATTACGGTT	4680
AATACACAAA	ACGAGTTTAC	AACCAAACCA	TCAAGTCAAG	TGACAATTTC	TGAAGGTAAG	4740
GCGTGTTTCT	CAAGTGGTAA	TGGCGCACGA	GTATGTACCA	ATGTTGCTGA	CGATGGACAG	4800
CAG						4803

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:9:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 1599 amino acids
 (B) TYPE: amino acid
 (C) STRANDEDNESS: single

 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(xi)	SE	QUEN	ICE D	ESCR	IPTIC	ON: S	SEQ 1	D NO	9:9:						
Met 1	: As	n Ly	s Il	e Ty:	r Arg	y Leu	Lys	Phe	Se:	r Lys	Arg	, Leu	ı Asr	Ala 15	Lev
Val	L Al	a Va	1 Se 20	r Glı	ı Lei	Thr	Arg	Gly 25	′ Cys	s Asp	His	Ser	Thr 30	Glu	Lys
Gly	/ Se:	r Gl 35	u Ly	s Pro	Val	. Arg	Thr 40	Lys	Va]	L Arg	His	Leu 45	Ala	Leu	Lys
Pro	Let 50	u Se	r Ala	a Ile	e Leu	Leu 55	Ser	Leu	Gly	/ Met	Ala 60	Ser	Ile	Pro	Glr
Ser 65	Va]	l Le	u,Ala	a. Ser	Gly 70	Leu	Gln	Gly	Met	Ser 75	Val	Val	His	Gly	Thr 80
				Val	•				90					95	
			100					105					110		
		11:	•	Gln			120					125			
	130			Ile		135					140				
T#2				Ile	150		·			155					160
:				Asn 165					170					175	
			180					185					190		
		133	,	Ile			200					205			
	210			Leu		215					220				
223				Gly	230		•			235				Ile	Thr 240
				Ile 245					250					Ala 255	Pro
			260	Ile				265					270		
le	Asn.	Val 275	Arg	Ala	Ala	Thr	Ile 280	Arg	Asn	Lys	Gly	Lys 285	Leu	Ser	Ala
rsb	Ser 290	Val	Ser	Lys	Asp	Lys 295	Ser	Gly	Asn	Ile	Val 300	Leu	Ser	Ala	Lys
1u 05	Gly	Glu	Ala	Glu	Ile 310	Gly	Gly	Val	Ile	Ser 315	Ala	Gln	Asn	Gln	Gln 320
la:	Lys	Gly	Gly	Lys 325	Leu	Met	Ile	Thr	Gly 330	Asp	Lys	Val	Thr	Leu 335	Lys

Thr Gly Ala Val Ile Asp Leu Ser Gly Lys Glu Gly Gly Glu Thr Tyr Leu Gly Gly Asp Glu Arg Gly Glu Gly Lys Asn Gly Ile Gln Leu Ala Lys Lys Thr Thr Leu Glu Lys Gly Ser Thr Ile Asn Val Ser Gly Lys Glu Lys Gly Gly Arg Ala Ile Val Trp Gly Asp Ile Ala Leu Ile Asp 390 Gly Asn Ile Asn Ala Gln Gly Lys Asp Ile Ala Lys Thr Gly Gly Phe Val Glu Thr Ser Gly His Tyr Leu Ser Ile Asp Asp Asn Ala Ile Val Lys Thr Lys Glu Trp Leu Leu Asp Pro Glu Asn Val Thr Ile Glu Ala 440 Pro Ser Ala Ser Arg Val Glu Leu Gly Ala Asp Arg Asn Ser His Ser Ala Glu Val Ile Lys Val Thr Leu Lys Lys Asn Asn Thr Ser Leu Thr Thr Leu Thr Asn Thr Thr Ile Ser Asn Leu Leu Lys Ser Ala His Val 490 Val Asn Ile Thr Ala Arg Arg Lys Leu Thr Val Asn Ser Ser Ile Ser Ile Glu Arg Gly Ser His Leu Ile Leu His Ser Glu Gly Gln Gly Gly 520 Gln Gly Val Gln Ile Asp Lys Asp Ile Thr Ser Glu Gly Gly Asn Leu Thr Ile Tyr Ser Gly Gly Trp Val Asp Val His Lys Asn Ile Thr Leu Gly Ser Gly Phe Leu Asn Ile Thr Thr Lys Glu Gly Asp Ile Ala Phe Glu Asp Lys Ser Gly Arg Asn Asn Leu Thr Ile Thr Ala Gln Gly Thr Ile Thr Ser Gly Asn Ser Asn Gly Phe Arg Phe Asn Asn Val Ser Leu 595 Asn Ser Leu Gly Gly Lys Leu Ser Phe Thr Asp Ser Arg Glu Asp Arg 620 Gly Arg Arg Thr Lys Gly Asn Ile Ser Asn Lys Phe Asp Gly Thr Leu 630 Asn Ile Ser Gly Thr Val Asp Ile Ser Met Lys Ala Pro Lys Val Ser Trp Phe Tyr Arg Asp Lys Gly Arg Thr Tyr Trp Asn Val Thr Thr Leu 665 Asn Val Thr Ser Gly Ser Lys Phe Asn Leu Ser Ile Asp Ser Thr Gly 680

									25											
S	er (31y 590	Se	r T	hr G	ly	Pro	Se 69	r I:	le	Arg	a As	n A	la	G1:	u Le	u A	sn	Gl	y Il
T) 70	nr I	he	As	n L	ys A	la :	Thr 710	Ph	e As	sn	Ile	e Al	a G 7	ln 15	Gly	⁄ Se	r T	hr	Al:	a As 72
•												13	U						73	
					-						/43						7.	50		l As:
									70	u						76	5			III
								• • •	•						180					Let
						•							19	5						Leu 800
												910	,					-1	B15	
					•					•	23						83	0		Thr
									040	•						845				Glu
								-						8	60					Arg
						•	•						8 / 5	•						Asn 880
					•••	•						990						8	95	Ile
										,	, ,						910	כ		Thr
									320							925				Ser
					Ala		_							94	10					
Thr 945													322							960
Ile											2	70						91	75	
qaA	Lys	Ly	/8 S	Ser 980	A sp	Ala	G	lu :	Ile	G1: 98:	n I S	le	Gly	Gl	уя	\sn	Ile 990	Se	er (Gln

Gln Ile Thr Ile Lys Ala Gly Val Glu Gly Gly Arg Ser Asp Ser Ser 1010 1015 1020

Glu Ala Glu Asn Ala Asn Leu Thr Ile Gln Thr Lys Glu Leu Lys Leu 1025 1036

Lys Glu Gly Asn Leu Thr Ile Ser Ser Asp Lys Val Asn Ile Thr Asn 995

- Ala Gly Asp Leu Asn Ile Ser Gly Phe Asn Lys Ala Glu Ile Thr Ala 1045 1050 1055
- Lys Asn Gly Ser Asp Leu Thr Ile Gly Asn Ala Ser Gly Gly Asn Ala 1060 1065 1070
- Asp Ala Lys Lys Val Thr Phe Asp Lys Val Lys Asp Ser Lys Ile Ser 1075 1080 1085
- Thr Asp Gly His Asn Val Thr Leu Asn Ser Glu Val Lys Thr Ser Asn 1090 1095 1100
- Gly Ser Ser Asn Ala Gly Asn Asp Asn Ser Thr Gly Leu Thr Ile Ser
- Ala Lys Asp Val Thr Val Asn Asn Val Thr Ser His Lys Thr Ile 1125 1130 1135
- Asn Ile Ser Ala Ala Gly Asn Val Thr Thr Lys Glu Gly Thr Thr 1140 1145 1150
- Ile Asn Ala Thr Thr Gly Ser Val Glu Val Thr Ala Gln Asn Gly Thr 1155 1160 1165
- Ile Lys Gly Asn Ile Thr Ser Gln Asn Val Thr Val Thr Ala Thr Glu 1170 1180
- Asn Leu Val Thr Thr Glu Asn Ala Val Ile Asn Ala Thr Ser Gly Thr 1185 1190 1195 1200
- Val Asn Ile Ser Thr Lys Thr Gly Asp Ile Lys Gly Gly Ile Glu Ser 1205 1210 1215
- Thr Ser Gly Asn Val Asn Ile Thr Ala Ser Gly Asn Thr Leu Lys Val 1220 1225 1230
- Ser Asn Ile Thr Gly Gln Asp Val Thr Val Thr Ala Asp Ala Gly Ala 1235 1240 1245
- Leu Thr Thr Ala Gly Ser Thr Ile Ser Ala Thr Thr Gly Asn Ala 1250 1255 1260
- Asn Ile Thr Thr Lys Thr Gly Asp Ile Asn Gly Lys Val Glu Ser Ser 1265 1270 1275 1280
- Ser Gly Ser Val Thr Leu Val Ala Thr Gly Ala Thr Leu Ala Val Gly 1285 1290 1295
- Asn Ile Ser Gly Asn Thr Val Thr Ile Thr Ala Asp Ser Gly Lys Leu 1300 1305 1310
- Thr Ser Thr Val Gly Ser Thr Ile Asn Gly Thr Asn Ser Val Thr Thr 1315 1320 1325
- Ser Ser Gln Ser Gly Asp Ile Glu Gly Thr Ile Ser Gly Asn Thr Val
- Asn Val Thr Ala Ser Thr Gly Asp Leu Thr Ile Gly Asn Ser Ala Lys 1345 1350 1355 1360
- Val Glu Ala Lys Asn Gly Ala Ala Thr Leu Thr Ala Glu Ser Gly Lys 1365 1370 1375
- Leu Thr Thr Gln Thr Gly Ser Ser Ile Thr Ser Ser Asn Gly Gln Thr 1380 1385 1390

Thr Leu Thr Ala Lys Asp Ser Ser Ile Ala Gly Asn Ile Asn Ala Ala 1395 1400 1405

Asn Val Thr Leu Asn Thr Thr Gly Thr Leu Thr Thr Gly Asp Ser

Lys Ile Asn Ala Thr Ser Gly Thr Leu Thr Ile Asn Ala Lys Asp Ala 1425 1430 1435 1440

Lys Leu Asp Gly Ala Ala Ser Gly Asp Arg Thr Val Val Asn Ala Thr

Asn Ala Ser Gly Ser Gly Asn Val Thr Ala Lys Thr Ser Ser Ser Val

Asn Ile Thr Gly Asp Leu Asn Thr Ile Asn Gly Leu Asn Ile Ile Ser 1475 1480 1485

Glu Asn Gly Arg Asn Thr Val Arg Leu Arg Gly Lys Glu Ile Asp Val

Lys Tyr Ile Gln Pro Gly Val Ala Ser Val Glu Glu Val Ile Glu Ala 1505 1510 1515 1520

Lys Arg Val Leu Glu Lys Val Lys Asp Leu Ser Asp Glu Glu Arg Glu 1525 1530 1535

Thr Leu Ala Lys Leu Gly Val Ser Ala Val Arg Phe Val Glu Pro Asn 1540 1545 1550

Asn Ala Ile Thr Val Asn Thr Gln Asn Glu Phe Thr Thr Lys Pro Ser

Ser Gln Val Thr Ile Ser Glu Gly Lys Ala Cys Phe Ser Ser Gly Asn 1570 1580

Gly Ala Arg Val Cys Thr Asn Val Ala Asp Asp Gly Gln Gln Pro 1585 1590 1595

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:10:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 1600 amino acids
 - (B) TYPE: amino acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:10:

Met Asn Lys Ile Tyr Arg Leu Lys Phe Ser Lys Arg Leu Asn Ala Leu 1 5 10 15

Val Ala Val Ser Glu Leu Thr Arg Gly Cys Asp His Ser Thr Glu Lys

Gly Ser Glu Lys Pro Val Arg Thr Lys Val Arg His Leu Ala Leu Lys
35 40 45

Pro Leu Ser Ala Ile Leu Leu Ser Leu Gly Met Ala Ser Ile Pro Gln
50 60

Ser Val Leu Ala Ser Gly Leu Gln Gly Met Ser Val Val His Gly Thr 70 75 80

Ala Thr Met Gln Val Asp Gly Asn Lys Thr Thr Ile Arg Asn Ser Val Asn Ala Ile Ile Asn Trp Lys Gln Phe Asn Ile Asp Gln Asn Glu Met Glu Gln Phe Leu Gln Glu Ser Ser Asn Ser Ala Val Phe Asn Arg Val 120 Thr Ser Asp Gln Ile Ser Gln Leu Lys Gly Ile Leu Asp Ser Asn Gly Gln Val Phe Leu Ile Asn Pro Asn Gly Ile Thr Ile Gly Lys Asp Ala Ile Ile Asn Thr Asn Gly Phe Thr Ala Ser Thr Leu Asp Ile Ser Asn Glu Asn Ile Lys Ala Arg Asn Phe Thr Leu Glu Gln Thr Lys Asp Lys Ala Leu Ala Glu Ile Val Asn His Gly Leu Ile Thr Val Gly Lys Asp Gly Ser Val Asn Leu Ile Gly Gly Lys Val Lys Asn Glu Gly Val Ile Ser Val Asn Gly Gly Ser Ile Ser Leu Leu Ala Gly Gln Lys Ile Thr Ile Ser Asp Ile Ile Asn Pro Thr Ile Thr Tyr Ser Ile Ala Ala Pro Glu Asn Glu Ala Ile Asn Leu Gly Asp Ile Phe Ala Lys Gly Gly Asn Ile Asn Val Arg Ala Ala Thr Ile Arg Asn Lys Gly Lys Leu Ser Ala Asp Ser Val Ser Lys Asp Lys Ser Gly Asn Ile Val Leu Ser Ala Lys Glu Gly Glu Ala Glu Ile Gly Gly Val Ile Ser Ala Gln Asn Gln Gln Ala Lys Gly Gly Lys Leu Met Ile Thr Gly Asp Lys Val Thr Leu Lys Thr Gly Ala Val Ile Asp Leu Ser Gly Lys Glu Gly Gly Glu Thr Tyr Leu Gly Gly Asp Glu Arg Gly Glu Gly Lys Asn Gly Ile Gln Leu Ala Lys Lys Thr Thr Leu Glu Lys Gly Ser Thr Ile Asn Val Ser Gly Lys Glu Lys Gly Gly Arg Ala Ile Val Trp Gly Asp Ile Ala Leu Ile Asp 395 Gly Asn Ile Asn Ala Gln Gly Ser Asp Ile Ala Lys Thr Gly Gly Phe Val Glu Thr Ser Gly His Asp Leu Ser Ile Gly Asp Asp Val Ile Val 420

Asp Ala Lys Glu Trp Leu Leu Asp Pro Asp Asp Val Ser Ile Glu Thr Leu Thr Ser Gly Arg Asn Asn Thr Gly Glu Asn Gln Gly Tyr Thr Thr Gly Asp Gly Thr Lys Glu Ser Pro Lys Gly Asn Ser Ile Ser Lys Pro Thr Leu Thr Asn Ser Thr Leu Glu Gln Ile Leu Arg Arg Gly Ser Tyr Val Asn Ile Thr Ala Asn Asn Arg Ile Tyr Val Asn Ser Ser Ile Asn Leu Ser Asn Gly Ser Leu Thr Leu His Thr Lys Arg Asp Gly Val Lys 520 Ile Asn Gly Asp Ile Thr Ser Asn Glu Asn Gly Asn Leu Thr Ile Lys Ala Gly Ser Trp Val Asp Val His Lys Asn Ile Thr Leu Gly Thr Gly Phe Leu Asn Ile Val Ala Gly Asp Ser Val Ala Phe Glu Arg Glu Gly Asp Lys Ala Arg Asn Ala Thr Asp Ala Gln Ile Thr Ala Gln Gly Thr 585 Ile Thr Val Asn Lys Asp Asp Lys Gln Phe Arg Phe Asn Asn Val Ser Leu Asn Gly Thr Gly Lys Gly Leu Lys Phe Ile Ala Asn Gln Asn Asn Phe Thr His Lys Phe Asp Gly Glu Ile Asn Ile Ser Gly Ile Val Thr Ile Asn Gln Thr Thr Lys Lys Asp Val Lys Tyr Trp Asn Ala Ser Lys Asp Ser Tyr Trp Asn Val Ser Ser Leu Thr Leu Asn Thr Val Gln Lys Phe Thr Phe Ile Lys Phe Val Asp Ser Gly Ser Asn Gly Gln Asp Leu Arg Ser Ser Arg Arg Ser Phe Ala Gly Val His Phe Asn Gly Ile Gly Gly Lys Thr Asn Phe Asn Ile Gly Ala Asn Ala Lys Ala Leu Phe Lys Leu Lys Pro Asn Ala Ala Thr Asp Pro Lys Lys Glu Leu Pro Ile Thr Phe Asn Ala Asn Ile Thr Ala Thr Gly Asn Ser Asp Ser Ser Val Met Phe Asp Ile His Ala Asn Leu Thr Ser Arg Ala Ala Gly Ile Asn Met Asp Ser Ile Asn Ile Thr Gly Gly Leu Asp Phe Ser Ile Thr Ser His

100

Asn 785	Arg	Asn	Ser	Asn	Ala 790	Phe	Glu	Ile	Lys	Lys 795	Asp	Leu	Thr	Ile	Asn 800
Ala	Thr	Gly	Ser	Asn 805	Phe	Ser	Leu	Lys	Gln 810	Thr	Lys	Asp	Ser	Phe 815	Tyr .
Asn	Glu	Туг	Ser 820	Lys	His	Ala	Ile	Asn 825	Ser	Ser	His	Asn	Leu 830	Thr	Ile
Leu	Gly	Gly 835	Asn	Val	Thr	Leu	Gly 840	Gly	Glu	Asn	Ser	Ser 845	Ser	Ser	Ile
Thr	Gly 850	Asn	Ile	Asn	İle	Thr 855	Asn	Lys	Ala	Asn	Val 860	Thr	Leu	Gln	Ala
Asp 865	Thr	Ser	Asn	Ser	Asn 870	Thr	Gly	Leu	Lys	Lys 875	Arg	Thr	Leu		Leu 880
Gly	Asn	Ile	Ser	Val 885	Glu	Gly	Asn	Leu	Ser 89 0	Leu	Thr	Gly		Asn 895	Ala
Asn	Ile	Val	Gly 900	Asn	Leu	Ser	Ile	Ala 905	Glu	Asp	Ser	Thr	Phe 910	Lys	Gly
Glu	Ala	Ser 915	qaA	Asn	Leu	Asn	Ile 920	Thr	Gly	Thr	Phe	Thr 925	Asn	Asn	Gly
Thr	Ala 930	Asn	Ile	Asn	Ile	Lys 935	Gly	Val	Val	Lys.	Leu 940	Gly	qaA	Ile	Asn
Asn 945	Lys	Gly	Gly	Leu	Asn 950	Ile	Thr	Thr	Asn	Ala 955	Ser	Gly	Thr	Gln	Lys 960
Thr	Ile-	Ile	Asn	Gly 96 5	Asn	Ile	Thr	Asn	Glu 970	Lys	Gly	Asp	Leu	Asn 975	Ile
Lys	Asn	Ile	Lys 980	Ala	Asp	Ala	Glu	Ile 985	Gln	Ile	Gly	Gly	Asn 990	Ile	Ser
Gln	Lys	Glu 995	Gly	Asn	Leu	Thr	Ile 1000		Ser	Asp	Lys	Val 1009		Ile	Thr
Asn	Gln 1010		Thr	Ile	Lys	Ala 101		Val	Glu	Gly	Gly 1020		Ser	Asp	Ser
Ser 102		Ala	Glu	Asn	Ala 1030	Asn)	Leu	Thr	Ile	Gln 103		Lys	Glu	Leu	Lys 1040
Leu	Ala	Gly	Asp	Leu 1049		Ile	Ser	Gly	Phe 1050		Lys	Ala	Glu	Ile 105	Thr 5
Ala	Lys	naA	Gly 106		qaĄ	Leu	Thr	Ile 106	-	Asn	Ala	Ser	Gly 107		Asn
Ala	Asp	Ala 107		Lys	Val	Thr	Phe 108		Lys	Val	Lys	Asp 108	Ser 5	Lys	Ile
Ser	Thr 109		Gly	His	Asn	Val 109		Leu	Asn	Ser	Glu 110		Lys	Thr	Ser
Asn 110		Ser	Ser	Asn	Ala 111		Asn	Asp	Asn	Ser 111		Gly	Leu	Thr	Ile 1120
Ser	Ala	Lys	Asp	Val 112		Val	Asn	Asn	Asn 113		Thr	Ser	His	Lys 113	Thr 5

- Ile Asn Ile Ser Ala Ala Ala Gly Asn Val Thr Thr Lys Glu Gly Thr 1140 1145 1150
- Thr Ile Asn Ala Thr Thr Gly Ser Val Glu Val Thr Ala Gln Asn Gly 1155 1160 1165
- Thr Ile Lys Gly Asn Ile Thr Ser Gln Asn Val Thr Val Thr Ala Thr
- Glu Asn Leu Val Thr Thr Glu Asn Ala Val Ile Asn Ala Thr Ser Gly
 1185 1200
- Thr Val Asn Ile Ser Thr Lys Thr Gly Asp Ile Lys Gly Gly Ile Glu 1205 1210 1215
- Ser Thr Ser Gly Asn Val Asn Ile Thr Ala Ser Gly Asn Thr Leu Lys
- Val Ser Asn Ile Thr Gly Gln Asp Val Thr Val Thr Ala Asp Ala Gly 1235 1240 1245
- Ala Leu Thr Thr Thr Ala Gly Ser Thr Ile Ser Ala Thr Thr Gly Asn 1250 1260
- Ala Asn Ile Thr Thr Lys Thr Gly Asp Ile Asn Gly Lys Val Glu Ser 1265 1270 1275 1280
- Ser Ser Gly Ser Val Thr Leu Val Ala Thr Gly Ala Thr Leu Ala Val 1285 1290 1295
- Gly Asn Ile Ser Gly Asn Thr Val Thr Ile Thr Ala Asp Ser Gly Lys 1300 1305 1310
- Leu Thr Ser Thr Val Gly Ser Thr Ile Asn Gly Thr Asn Ser Val Thr 1315 1320 1325
- Thr Ser Ser Gln Ser Gly Asp Ile Glu Gly Thr Ile Ser Gly Asn Thr 1330 1340
- Val Asn Val Thr Ala Ser Thr Gly Asp Leu Thr Ile Gly Asn Ser Ala 1345 1350 1355 1360
- Lys Val Glu Ala Lys Asn Gly Ala Ala Thr Leu Thr Ala Glu Ser Gly 1365 1370 1375
- Lys Leu Thr Thr Gln Thr Gly Ser Ser Ile Thr Ser Ser Asn Gly Gln
 1380 1385 1390
- Thr Thr Leu Thr Ala Lys Asp Ser Ser Ile Ala Gly Asn Ile Asn Ala 1395 1400 1405
- Ala Asn Val Thr Leu Asn Thr Thr Gly Thr Leu Thr Thr Gly Asp 1410 1415 1420
- Ser Lys Ile Asn Ala Thr Ser Gly Thr Leu Thr Ile Asn Ala Lys Asp 1425 1430 1435 1440
- Ala Lys Leu Asp Gly Ala Ala Ser Gly Asp Arg Thr Val Val Asn Ala 1455 1455
- Thr Asn Ala Ser Gly Ser Gly Asn Val Thr Ala Lys Thr Ser Ser Ser 1460 1465 1470
- Val Asn Ile Thr Gly Asp Leu Asn Thr Ile Asn Gly Leu Asn Ile Ile 1475 1480 1485

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Ser Glu Asn Gly Arg Asn Thr Val Arg Leu Arg Gly Lys Glu Ile Asp 1490 1495 1500

Val Lys Tyr Ile Gln Pro Gly Val Ala Ser Val Glu Glu Val Ile Glu 1505 1510 1515 1520

Ala Lys Arg Val Leu Glu Lys Val Lys Asp Leu Ser Asp Glu Glu Arg 1525 1530 1535

Glu Thr Leu Ala Lys Leu Gly Val Ser Ala Val Arg Phe Val Glu Pro 1540 1545 1550

Asn Asn Ala Ile Thr Val Asn Thr Gln Asn Glu Phe Thr Thr Lys Pro

Ser Ser Gln Val Thr Ile Ser Glu Gly Lys Ala Cys Phe Ser Ser Gly 1570 1580

Asn Gly Ala Arg Val Cys Thr Asn Val Ala Asp Asp Gly Gln Gln Pro 1585 1590 1595 1600

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:11:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 29 amino acids
 - (B) TYPE: amino acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:11:

Val Asp Glu Val Ile Glu Ala Lys Arg Ile Leu Glu Lys Val Lys Asp
1 10 15

Leu Ser Asp Glu Glu Arg Glu Ala Leu Ala Lys Leu Gly
20 25

CLAIMS

What I claim is:

- 1. An isolated and purified nucleic acid molecule encoding a high molecular weight protein (HMW) HMW3 or HMW4 of a non-typeable Haemophilus strain or a variant or fragment of said protein retaining the immunological ability to protect against disease caused by a non-typeable Haemophilus strain, having:
 - (a) the DNA sequence shown in Figure 8 (SEQ ID No:
 - 7) and encoding protein HMW3 having the derived amino acid sequence of Figure 10 (SEQ ID No: 9), or
 - (b) the DNA sequence shown in Figure 9 (SEQ ID No:
 - 8) and encoding protein HMW4 having the derived amino acid sequence of Figure 10 (SEQ ID No: 10).
- 2. An isolated and purified nucleic acid molecule encoding a high molecular weight protein (HMW) of a non-typeable Haemophilus strain, which is selected from the group consisting of:
 - (a) a DNA sequence as shown in any one of Figures 8 and 9 (SEQ ID Nos: 7 and 8);
 - (b) a DNA sequence encoding an amino acid sequence as shown in Figure 10 (SEQ ID Nos: 9 and 10); or
 - (c) a DNA sequence encoding a high molecular weight protein of a non-typeable Haemophilus strain which hybridizes under stringent conditions to any one of the DNA sequences of (a) and (b).
- 3. The nucleic acid molecule of claim 2 wherein the DNA sequence (c) have at least about a 90% identity of sequence to the DNA sequences (a) or (b).
- 4. A vector for transformation of a host comprising the nucleic acid molecule of claim 2.
- 5. An isolated and purified high molecular weight (HMW) protein of non-typeable Haemophilus or any variant or fragment thereof retaining the immunological ability to protect against disease caused by a non-typeable Haemophilus strain, which is characterized by at least

- one surface-exposed B-cell epitope which is recognized by monoclonal antibody AD6.
- 6. The protein of claim 5 which is HMW1 encoded by the DNA sequence shown in Figure 1 (SEQ ID No: 1), having the derived amino acid sequence of Figure 2 (SEQ ID No:
- 2) and having an apparent molecular weight of 125 kDa.
- 7. The protein claim 5 which is HMW2 encoded by the DNA sequence shown in Figure 3 (SEQ ID No: 3) and having the derived amino acid sequence of Figure 4 (SEQ ID No:
- 4) and having an apparent molecular weight of 120 kDa.
- 8. The protein claimed in claim 5 which is HMW3 encoded by the DNA sequence shown in Figure 8 (SEQ ID No: 7) and having the derived amino acid sequence of Figure 10 (SEQ ID No: 9) and having an apparent molecular weight of 125 kDa.
- 9. The protein claimed in claim 5 which is HMW4 encoded by the DNA sequence shown in Figure 9 (SEQ ID No: 8) and having the derived amino acid sequence shown in Figure 10 (SEQ ID No: 10) and having an apparent molecular weight of 123 kDa.
- 10. A conjugate comprising a protein as claimed in claim 5 linked to an antigen, hapten or polysaccharide for eliciting an immune response to said antigen, hapten or polysaccharide.
- 11. The conjugate as claimed in claim 10 wherein said polysaccharide is a protective polysaccharide against Haemophilus influenzae type b.
- 12. A synthetic peptide having an amino acid sequence containing at least six amino acids and no more than 150 amino acids and corresponding to at least one protective epitope of a high molecular weight protein HMW1, HMW2, HMW3 or HMW4 of non-typeable Haemophilus influenzae, wherein the epitope is recognized by at least one of monoclonal antibodies AD6 and 10C5.
- 13. The peptide as claimed in claim 12 wherein the epitope is located within 75 amino acids of the carboxy terminus of the HMW1 or HMW2 protein.

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FIG. 1A. DNA SEQUENCE OF HIGH MOLECULAR WEIGHT PROTEIN I (HMW1)

\leftarrow	ACAGCGTTCT	CTTAATACTA	GTACAAACCC	ACAATAAAAT	ATGACAAACA
51	ACAATTACAA	CACCTTTTTT	GCAGTCTATE	TGCAAATATT	TTAAAAAATA
101	GTATAAATCC	GCCATATAAA	ATGGTATAAT	CTTTCATCTT	TCATCTTTCA
151	TCTTTCATCT	TTCATCTTTC	ATCTTTCATC	TTTCATCTTT	CATCTTTCAT
201	CTTTCATCTT	TCATCTTTCA	TCTTTCATCT	TTCATCTTTC	ACATGCCCTG
251	ATGAACCGAG	GGAAGGGAGG	GAGGGGCAAG	AATGAAGAGG	GAGCTGAACG
301	AACGCAAATG	ATAAAGTAAT	TTAATTGTTC	AACTAACCT"I'	AGGAGAAAAT
351	ATGAACAAGC	TATATCGTCT	CAAATTCAGC	AAACGCCTGA	ATGCTTTGGT
401	TGCTGTGTCT	GAATTGGCAC	GGGGTTGTGE	CCATTCCACA	GAAAAAGGCA
451	GCGAAAAACC	TGCTCGCATG	AAAGTGCGTC	ACTTAGCGTT	AAAGCCACTT
501	TCCGCTATGT	TACTATCTTT	AGGTGTAACA	TCTATTCCAC	AATCTGTTTT
551	AGCAAGCGGC	TTACAAGGAA	TGGATGTAGT	ACACGGCACA	GCCACTATGC
601	AAGTAGATGG	TAATAAAACC	ATTATCCGCE	ACAGTGTTGA	CGATATCATT
651	AATTGGAAAC	AATTTAACAT	CGACCAAAAT	GAAATGGTGC	AGTTTTACA
701	AGAAAACAAC	AACTCCGCCG	TATTCAACCG	TGTTACATCT	AACCAAATCT

RECTIFIED SHEET (RULE 91)

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751	CCCAATTAAA	CCCAATTAAA AGGGATTTTA		GATTCTAACG GACAAGTCTT	TTTAATCAAC
801	CCAAATGGTA	TCACAATAGG	TAAAGACGCA	ATTATTAACA	CTAATGGCTT
851	TACGGCTTCT	ACGCTAGACA	TTTCTAACGA	TTTCTAACGA AAACATCAAG	GCGCGTAATT
901	TCACCTTCGA	TCACCTTCGA GCAAACCAAA	GATAAAGCGC	TCGCTGAAAT	TGTGAATCAC
951	GGTTTAATTA	CTGTCGGTAA	AGACGGCAGT	GTAAATCTTA	TTGGTGGCAA
1001	AGTGAAAAAC	AGTGAAAAAC GAGGGTGTGA	TTAGCGTAAA		ATTTCTTTAC
1051	TCGCAGGGCA	TCGCAGGCA AAAAATCACC	ATCAGCGATA	TAATAAACCC	AACCATTACT
1101	TACAGCATTG	CCGCGCCTGA	AAATGAAGCG	GTCAATCTGG	GCGATATTTT
1151	TGCCAAAGGC	GGTAACATTA	ATGTCCGTGC	TGCCACTATT	CGAAACCAAG
1201	GTAAACTTTC	TGCTGATTCT	GTAAGCAAAG	ATAAAAGCGG	CAATATTGTT
1251	CTTTCCGCCA	AAGAGGGTGA	AGCGGAAATT	GGCGGTGTAA	TTTCCGCTCA
1301	AAATCAGCAA	AAATCAGCAA GCTAAAGGCG	GCAAGCTGAT	GATTACAGGC	GATAAAGTCA
1351	CATTAAAAAC	CATTAAAAAC AGGTGCAGTT	ATCGACCTTT	CAGGTAAAGA	AGGGGGAGAA
1401	ACTTACCTTG	GCGGTGACGA	GCGCGGCGAA	GGTAAAAAGG GCATTCAATT	GCATTCAATT
1451	AGCAAAGAAA	AGCAAAGAAA ACCTCTTTAG AAAAAGGCTC	AAAAAGGCTC	AACCATCAAT	GTATCAGGCA
1501	AAGAAAAAGG	AAGAAAAAGG CGGACGCGCT ATTGTGTGGG GCGATATTGC GTTAATTGAC	ATTGTGTGGG	GCGATATTGC	GTTAATTGAC

RECTIFIED SHEET (RULE 91)

ATTTAACCTC	ACTTACTGGA	CAAAGGACGC	ATGATAAATT	GAAAGTGGAT	301
ACCTAAAAAT	CÄATGGTTTT	GTGAACATCT	TTCAGGGAAA	CTTTAAATAT	251
TTTGAAGGGA	CACAAATAAA	AATACGCTAT	AGAACCAATA	CACCACTAAA	201
GACTGCAATT	ACTGGCAGCG	TCTAAACGGC	ATAATGTCTC	TTTAGATTTA	151
TCAAAAAGGT	CCTCAGGCAA	GGGACTATTA	TACAGGTCAA	ACCAAGTCAT	101
AAAGGAAGCA	CGCCTTTGAG	AACAAGATAT	ATTACAGCTA	TAACATAAAC	2051
GGCGCAAGG	ATCTCACTCG	TCATAAAAAT	GGGTTGATGT	TCAGGCGGCT	2001
AACAATTTAC	GTGCAAACTT	GATACCAGAG	CACCGGTGAT	ACGATATTAC	1951
GAGATTAACA	TGGCGGCGTT	GTCGGAGCGG	TGGAGTGAGG	CTTAACTCTT	1901
CCAATGGCAG	ATTAATTTAT	CAATAGCTCC	GCATCTATGT	GCTAATCAAC	1851
TAACATCACT	GTACCTTTGT	CTAAAAAAAG	TGAGAGTATA	ACACAACTCT	1801
ACATTAACAA	AGAAAAGACA	AACGAAACAA	AGCACCCCAA	GAATAGTGCC	1751
CGGGATCCGG	GATGAATACA	TTCAGAAGAC	GCAGCAATAC	ACAGCAGGAC	1701
TAATGCAGAA	ATGTATCTAT	GACCCGGATA	GTGGTTGTTA	ACGCCAAAGA	1651
GCAATTGTTG	CAAAGACAAT	ATTTATTCAT	TCGGGGCATG	TGTGGAGACG	1601
CCGGTGGTTT	ATCGCTAAAA	TAGTGGTGAT	ACGCTCAAGG	GGCAATATTA	7 7 7

AAGCATCACC	CCAAGAATTT	ATTGATAATT	CTTTAAAGAC	GAGGGGCTCG	3151
ATTGCCAAAG	AAATATTTCC	AAGGCAATTC	TTTGACAACA	AGGCGGCTTG	3101
CTTTTAATGT	ACAAATTTCA	CAAAGCTATC	ACGCTAATTT	GTTGAAAGTA	3051
AAATCTTACC	ATATAGCCGG	AATATTGTCA	CGCTGGAGGC	GCAACCTTAC	3001
ATTAATAGCG	AGATGTCATC	CTATTAAAAA	TCAA AAACCTTTAA	CAACCATCAA	2951
CGGATTTTGA	CTTATCGGTT	TAACGTCACT	ATAACAACGC	GTTACTATCA	2901
CGAAGGCAAT	TAACAGAAAT	AGGAAAGCCG	CTTTGGCTCC	GTAACATCAC	2851
TTTGAAGGAG	AAACATAACC	TAGCCAAAAA	AAAGGCATTG	AATGATTGGT	2801
GCACCGATGG	CAAGTTGAAG	AACACTTTTG	GAGGCAACAT	AATGCCACCG	2751
TTTAACTTTA	TAGAGAAAGA	GGCTTCTCAA	AACAAAAACT	CTTCAGGCTC	2701
AGATTTAAAA	GTCAAGTTTA	TTTCAACAGG	TACTTTAATG	AAATTCTAAA	2651
_		CTCTAACGTC	TCGCCTCATC	TTCACACTTC	2601
		ATTTCAGTTT	TAATGGAAAC	ACGCATCATT	2551
•	,	•	AAGGCACCAA	CTTTGACATC	2501
	_	_	AAGACACTAC	TCATTCAACA	2451
	_	CTTACCCAGC	TGCAGGCACA	GAAGCGATAG	2401
GACTCCAGAG	A CCTCACTATT	GCGAGTTTAA	TCCGAGAGTG	CTTAAATGTT	2351

7 0 TO	ACCAACTCCA	ACCAACTCCA GCTCCACTTA	CCGCACTATT	ATAAGCGGCA	ATATAACCAA
3251	TAAAAACGGT	GATTTAAATA	TTACGAACGA	AGGTAGTGAT	ACTGAAATGC
3301	AAATTGGCGG	CGATGTCTCG	CAAAAAGAAG	GTAATCTCAC	GATTTCTTCT
3351	GACAAAATCA	ATATTACCAA	ACAGATAACA	ATCAAGGCAG	GTGTTGATGG
3401	GGAGAATTCC	GATTCAGACG	CGACAAACAA	TGCCAATCTA	ACCATTAAAA
3451	CCAAAGAATT	GAAATTAACG	CAAGACCTAA	ATATTTCAGG	TTTCAATAAA
3501	GCAGAGATTA	CAGCTAAAGA	TGGTAGTGAT	TTAACTATTG	GTAACACCAA
3551	TAGTGCTGAT	GGTACTAATG	CCAAAAAGT	AACCTTTAAC	CAGGTTAAAG
3601	ATTCAAAAAT	CTCTGCTGAC	GGTCACAAGG	TGACACTACA	CAGCAAAGTG
3651	GAAACATCCG	GTAGTAATAA	CAACACTGAA	GATAGCAGTG	ACAATAATGC
3701	CGGCTTAACT	ATCGATGCAA	AAAATGTAAC	AG'TAAACAAC	AATATTACTT
3751	CTCACAAAGC	AGTGAGCATC	TCTGCGACAA	GTGGAGAAAT	TACCACTAAA
3801	ACAGGTACAA	CCATTAACGC	AACCACTGGT	AACGTGGAGA	TAACCGCTCA
3851	AACAGGTAGT	ATCCTAGGTG	GAATTGAGTC	CAGCTCTGGC	TCTGTAACAC
3901	TTACTGCAAC	CGAGGGCGCT	CTTGCTGTAA	GCAATATTTC	GGGCAACACC
3951	GTTACTGTTA	CTGCAAATAG CGGTGCATTA	CGGTGCATTA	ACCACTTTGG CAGGCTCTAC	CAGGCTCTAC

CTGTACGTTT TATTGAGCCA AATAATACAA TTACAGTCGA TACACAAAAT

G.1F.

GGAGTAAGTG	AGCTAAACTT	GAGAAGCGTT	GATGAAGAAA	AGATTTATCT	4751
AGAAGGTAAA	CGCATCCTTG	TGAAGCGAAA	ATGAAGTAAT	GCAAGCGTAG	4701
ACCGGGTATA	AATACATTCA	ATTGATGTGA	AGGCGTTAAA	TACTGTTAAA	4651
ATAAACACCG	AAAAAACGGT	ATATCATTTC	AATGGATTAA	AATCACAATA	4601
CTGGGGATTT	GTGAACATCA	CTCAAGCAGA	TCGCGACAAC	GGCAGCGTAA	4551
AAATGGCTCC	CAACCAACGC	GTGGTAAATG	TAACCACACA	CAGCATTGGG	4501
CTAAATGGCG	AGACGCTGAG	TTAACGCAAA	ACCTTGGTTA	AACCAGCGGT	4451
ACATTAATGC	AAGGGTTCAA	AACTACCGTG	CAGGCACTTT	CTAAATACTA	4401
CAATGTGACA	TTAATGCCGC	GCAGGAAGTA	TGGTAGCGTT	CAGCTCAGGA	4351
GTAAATCTTT	CAAGGGTCAG	TTACTTCAGC	AGTTCACACA	TACCGAAGCT	4301
GCAAATTAAC	ACATCATCGG	AACCTTAACT	AAGGAGCTGC	AATGCGACAG	4251
CGCAGAAATT	TTGGGAATGG	GATTTAACAG	AAACGCTGGC	ATGTTACGGC	4201
AATACGGTAA	_	TTGGTGGTAC	ACAGGTACAA	AACAAGTGCA	4151
AGGCTAACGT		AATTAAAGCA	CCAATTCAAA	ACCACTCAAT	4101
CGAAAGTTTA		ACAGTAGAGG	TTCTGGTGGC	GCGGTACGAT	4051
AAGTCAATCA GGCGATATCG		TAACCACTTC	ACCGAGAGTG	AATTAAAGGA	4001

FIG. 1G

4851	GAATTTGCAA	CCAGACCATT	GCAA CCAGACCATT AAGTCGAATA GTGATTTCTG AAGGCAGGGC	GTGATTTCTG	AAGGCAGGGC
4901	GTGTTTCTCA AACAGTGATG GCGCGACGGT GTGCGTTAAT ATCGCTGATA	AACAGTGATG	GCGCGACGGT	GTGCGTTAAT	ATCGCTGATA
4951	ACGGGCGGTA	GCGGTCAGTA	ACGGGCGGTA GCGGTCAGTA ATTGACAAGG TAGATTTCAT CCTGCAATGA	TAGATTTCAT	CCTGCAATGA
5001	AGTCATTTA	TTTTCGTATT	AGTCATTTTA TTTTCGTATT ATTTACTGTG TGGGTTAAAG TTCAGTACGG	TGGGTTAAAG	TTCAGTACGG
5051	GCTTTACCCA	TCTTGTAAAA	GCTTTACCCA TCTTGTAAAA AATTACGGAG AATACAATAA AGTATTTTTA	AATACAATAA	AGTATTTTA
5101	ACAGGTTATT ATTATG	ATTATG			

HIGH MOLECULAR WEIGHT FIG. 2A. AMINO ACID SEQUENCE OF PROTEIN I

	MNKIYRLKFS	MNKIYRLKFS KRLNALVAVS	ELARGCDHST	EKGSEKPARM KVRHLALKDI	KVPHLALKDI
51	SAMLLSLGVT	SIPQSVLASG			TIRNSVIDATI
101	NWKQFNIDQN				DSMGOVELIM
151	PNGITIGKDA			TLDISNENIK ARNFTFEOTK	DKALAFIVNH
201	GLITVGKDGS	GLITVGKDGS VNLIGGKVKN		ISLLAGOKIT	ISDIINPTIT
251	YSIAAPENEA	VNLGDIFAKG			VSKDKSGNIV
301	LSAKEGEAEI	LSAKEGEAEI GGVISAQNQQ AKGGKLMITG	AKGGKLMITG		IDLSGKEGGE
351	TYLGGDERGE	GKNGIQLAKK	TSLEKGSTIN VSGKEKGGRA	VSGKEKGGRA	IVWGDIALID
401	GNINAQGSGD	IAKTGGFVET	SGHDLFIKDN		DFDNVSINAE
451	TAGRSNTSED	DEYTGSGNSA	STPKRNKEKT		LKKGTFVNIT
501	ANQRIYVNSS	INLSNGSLTL	WSEGRSGGGV		DTRGANLTIY
551	SGGWVDVHKN	ISLGAQGNIN	ITAKQDIAFE KGSNQVITGQ		GTITSGNQKG
601	FRFNNVSLNG	TGSGLQFTTK	RTNKYAITNK		VNISMVLPKN
651	ESGYDKFKGR	TYWNLTSLNV	SESGEFNLTI		LTQPYNLNGI
701	SFNKDTTFNV	ERNARVNFDI	KAPIGINKYS		ZVSGGGSVD

	IADNGR	NSDGATVCVN	VISEGRACFS NSDGATVCVN IADNGR	EFATRPLSRI	1501
NNTITVDTQN	GVSAVRFIEP	DEEREALAKL	RILEKVKDLS	ASVDEVIEAK	1451
IDVKYIQPGI	INTVLLKGVK	NGLNIISKNG	VNITGDLITI	GSVIATTSSR	1401
VVNATNANGS	LNGAALGNHT	TLVINAKDAE	KGSNINATSG	LNTTGTLTTV	1351
AGSINAANV'F	VNLSAQDGSV	SSHITSAKGQ	TSSGKLTTEA	NATEGAATLT	1301
DLTVGNGAEI	NTVNVTANAG	TGTIGGTISG	TTGEANVTSA	TTQSNSKIKA	1251
TVEVKATESL	GDIGGTISGG	TESVTTSSQS	TTLAGSTIKG	VTVTANSGAL	1201
LAVSNISGNT	SVTLTATEGA	ILGGIESSSG	NVEITAQTGS	TGTTINATTG	1151
SATSGEITTK	NITSHKAVSI	IDAKNVTVNN	DSSDNNAGLT	ETSGSNNNTE	1101
_	QVKDSKISAD	GTNAKKVTFN	LTIGNTNSAD	AEITAKDGSD	1051
	TIKTKELKLT	DSDATNNANL	IKAGVDGENS	DKINITKQIT	1001
	TEMQIGGDVS	DLNITNEGSD	ISGNITNKNG	TNSSSTYRTI	951
	IAKGGARFKD		TNFTFNVGGL	VESNANFKAI	901
	•		LIGSDFDNHQ	VTINNNANVT	851
		KGIVAKKNIT	QVEGTDGMIG	NATGGNITLL	801
GESTEKDLTL	RFKTSGSTKT	YFNVSTGSSL	QTPGVVINSK	FTLLASSSNV	751

CAGTTTTTAC

AAGAAAACAA CAACTCCGCC GTATTCAACC GTGTTACATC TAACCAAATC

TAATTGGAAA CAATTTAACA TCGACCAAAA TGAAATGGTG

651

701

10/23

WEIGHT HIGH MOLECULAR OF. DNA SEQUENCE PROTEIN II (HMW2) FIG. 3A.

GATTTTGTG ATGACAAACA TTAAAAAAT TTCATCTTTA CATCTTTCAT CTTTCATCTT TCATCTTTCA CACATGAAAT GGAGCTGAAC TTTAATTGTT CAACTAACCT TAGGAGAAAA CAAACGCCTG AATGCTTTGG AGAAAAAGGC TAAAGCCACT TAGGTGTAAC ATCTATTCCA CAATCTGTTT AGCCACTATG **ACGCTATCAT** TGCAAATATT TCTTTCATCT ATCTTTCATC TTTCATCTTT GAATGAAGAG ACCATTCCAC ATGGATGTAG TACACGGCAC TTACTATCTT TAGGTGTAAC CACTTAGCGT GTAATAAAAC CATTATCCGC AACAGTGTTG AATAAATCAA GCAGTCTATA AGTATAAATC CGCCATATAA AATGGTATAA GGAGGGGCAA TCAAATTCAG CGGGGTTGTG AGATAATAAA TTTCATCTTT TTCATCTTTC ACAATTACAA CACCTTTTTT GAACGCAAAT GATAAAGTAA GATGAACCGA GGGAAGGGAG TATGAACAAG ATATATCGTC TGAATTGGCA TTACTATCTT CTTACAAGGA TAAATATACA ATCTTTCATC TCTTTCATCT TTCCGCTATG TAGCAAGCGG PTGCTGTGTC TTCCGCTATG CAAGTAGATG 51 101 151 201 251 301 351 401 451 551 501 601

i (WUI IIMIOOO I		AGAT"ICTAAC	AGATTCTAAC GGACAAGTCT	TTTTAATCAA
801	CCCAAATGGT	ATCACAATAG	GTAAAGACGC	AATTATTAAC	ACTAATGGCT
851	TTACGGCTTC	TACGCTAGAC	ATTTCTAACG	AAAACATCAA	GGCGCGTAAT
901	TTCACCTTCG	AGCAAACCAA	AGATAAAGCG	CTCGCTGAAA	TTGTGAATCA
951	CGGTTTAATT	ACTGTCGGTA	AAGACGGCAG	TGTAAATCTT	ATTGGTGGCA
1001	AAGTGAAAAA	CGAGGGTGTG	ATTAGCGTAA	ATGGTGGCAG	CATTTCTTTA
1051	CTCGCAGGGC	AAAAAATCAC	CATCAGCGAT	ATAATAAACC	CAACCATTAC
1101	TTACAGCATT	GCCGCCCTG	AAAATGAAGC	GGTCAATCTG	GGCGATATTT
1151	TTGCCAAAGG	CGGTAACAT'I	AATGTCCGTG CTGCCACTAT	CTGCCACTAT	TCGAAACCAA
1201	GGTAAACTTT	CTGCTGATTC	TGTAAGCAAA GATAAAAGCG	GATAAAAGCG	GCAATATTGT
1251	TCTTTCCGCC	AAAGAGGGTG	AAGCGGAAAT	TGGCGGTGTA	ATTTCCGCTC
1301	AAAATCAGCA	AGCTAAAGGC	GGCAAGCTGA	TGATTACAGG	CGATAAAGTC
1351	ACATTAAAAA	CAGGTGCAGT	TATCGACCTT	TCAGGTAAAG	AAGGGGGAGA
1401	AACTTACCTT	GGCGGTGACG	AGCGCGGCGA	AGGTAAAAAC	GGCATTCAAT
1451	TAGCAAAGAA	AACCTCTTTA	GAAAAAGGCT	CAACCATCAA	TGTATCAGGC
1501	AAAGAAAAAG	GCGGACGCGC	TATTGTGTG GGCGATATTG		CGTTAATTGA

CCTTTATTAA ATACATTTCA

CTCTTAATCT AGAGACAGGC GCAAATTTTA

)					1
AACGTCAGTG	TTCGCACTGG		TA1'TGGCAAA CCAGCCATGA	GAACACCTCG	2301
CTACGAGAAA	ATTAACCAAA	GAATATAACA	ACATATCTGG	GGCACAATTA	2251
CAATCT'IAGT	ATTTAACCCA	TCAGTGAATA	TATCATTTCA	AAGGTCTGAA	2201
GGAACGGGTA	ATCTTTAAAC	CTAACAACGT	GATTTCAGGG	AGAGGGAAAA	2151
CCATTACAGG	GGCACTGTAA	TGTCGCCCAG	ATGCTAAAAT	GACGCGGCAA	2101
CAAAGCACGC	GTGGAAATAA	GCTTTTGAAG	CGCTTCCGTA	ATATTACCGC	2051
GGTTTTTTAA	GCTTGATCAG	AAAATATTAC	GATGTTCATA	CGGATGGGTT	2001
TTTATTCTGG	TAAAGGCGGA AATTTAACCA	TAAAGGCGGA	ATATTACTTC	ATTGATGGAG	1951
AGGCGTTCAG	AGCGTGGCGG	AGTAAAGGTC	ACTCCCACTT AATTCTCCAT	ACTCCCACTT	1901
ATCGGAAGCA	AGAAAACTTA CCGTTAATAG CTCAATCAAC	CCGTTAATAG	AGAAAACTTA	AACGGCATCA	1851
CAATGAATAT	CTATT'ICAAATTATCTGAAA AACGCCTGGA CAATGAATAT	FTATCTGAAA		ACCAATACAA	1801
GCGAACTCAA AACAACGCTA	GCGAACTCAA	AAGCGACCCT AAAAAAAATA		CCGGTGAAGC	1751
	TGATGAATTC	CCGGTATAAA	CGCAATAATA	AGACCCCCTT	1701
_	_	AGACCCTGAT	AGTGGTTGCT	AAAACAAAAG	1651
A TGCAAT"FGTT	TTGACAGCAA	TATTTATCCA	ATCGGGGCAT	TTGTGGAGAC	1601
A ACCGGTGG'I'T	TATCGCTAAA	AACGCTCAAG GTAGTGGTGA	AACGCTCAAG	CGGCAATATT	1551

AGCAATAGCA AAGGCTTAAC AACACAGTAT AGAAGCTCTG CAGGGGTGAA TTTTAACGGC GTAAATGGCA ACATGTCATT

FIG. 3D

2401

2451

2501

AAGTTAATTT CAAATTAAAA CCAAACGAGA ACATGAACAC AAGCAAACCT

CAATCTCAAA GAAGGAGCGA

2551	TTACCAATTC	GGTTTTTAGC	GGTTTTTAGC CAATATCACA GCCACTGGTG GGGGCTCTGT	GCCACTGGTG	GGGGCTCTGT	
2601	TTTTTTGAT	ATATATGCCA	ATATATGCCA ACCATTCTGG CAGAGGGGCT	CAGAGGGGCT	GAGTTAAAAA	
2651	TGAGTGAAAT	TAATATCTCT	TAATATCTCT AACGGCGCTA ATTTTACCTT AAATTCCCAT	ATTTACCTT	AAATTCCCAT	
2701	GTTCGCGGCG	ATGACGCTTT	TAAAATCAAC	TAAAATCAAC AAAGACTTAA CCATAAATGC	CCATAAATGC	
2751	AACCAATTCA	AATTTCAGCC	AATTTCAGCC TCAGACAGAC GAAAGATGAT TTTTATGACG	GAAAGATGAT	TTTTATGACG	13/
2801	GGTACGCACG	CAATGCCATC	CAATGCCATC AATTCAACCT ACAACATATC		CATTCTGGGC	73
2851	GGTAATGTCA	CCCTTGGTGG	CCCTTGGTGG ACAAAACTCA AGCAGCAGCA TTACGGGGAA	AGCAGCAGCA	TTACGGGGAA	
2901	TATTACTATC	GAGAAAGCAG	GAGAAAGCAG CAAATGTTAC GCTAGAAGCC AATAACGCCC	GCTAGAAGCC	AATAACGCCC	
2951	CTAATCAGCA	AAACATAAGG	AAACATAAGG GATAGAGTTA TAAAACTTGG CAGCTTGCTC	TAAAACTTGG	CAGCTTGCTC	
3001	GTTAATGGGA	GTTTAAGTTT	AACTGGCGAA AATGCAGATA		TTAAAGGCAA	
3051	ТСТСАСТАТТ	TCAGAAAGCG	CCACTTTTAA AGGAAAGACT AGAGATACCC	AGGAAAGACT	AGAGATACCC	
3101	TAAATATCAC	CGGCAATTTT	ACCAATAATG	ACCAATAATG GCACTGCCGA AATTAATATA	AATTAA1'A'FA	
3151	ACACAAGGAG	TGGTAAAACT	TGGTAAAACT TGGCAATGTT ACCAATGATG GTGATTTAAA	ACCAATGATG	GTGATTTAAA	

FIG. 3E.

T 0 7 C	CATTACCACT	CACGCTAAAC	LATTIACCACT CACGCTAAAC GCAACCAAAG AAGCATCATC GGCGGAGATA	AAGCATCATC	GGCGGAGATA
3251	TAATCAACAA	TAATCAACAA AAAAGGAAGC TTAAATATTA	TTAAATATTA	CAGACAGTAA	CAGACAGTAA TAATGATGCT
3301	GAAATCCAAA	GAAATCCAAA TTGGCGGCAA	TATCTCGCAA	TATCTCGCAA AAAGAAGGCA	ACCTCACGAT
3351	TTCTTCCGAT		AAAATTAATA TCACCAAACA	GATAACAATC AAAAAGGGTA	AAAAAGGGTA
3401	TTGATGGAGA	TTGATGGAGA GGACTCTAGT	TCAGATGCGA CAAGTAATGC		CAACCTAACT
3451	ATTAAAACCA	CCA AAGAATTGAA		GACCTAAGTA	TTTCAGGTTT
3501	CAATAAAGCA	CAATAAAGCA GAGATTACAG CCAAAGATGG	CCAAAGATGG	TAGAGATTTA	ACTATTGGCA
3551	ACAGTAATGA	ACAGTAATGA CGGTAACAGC	GGTGCCGAAG	CCAAAACAGT	AACTTTTAAC
3601	AATGTTAAAG	ATTCAAAAAT	CTCTGCTGAC	GGTCACAATG	TGACACTAAA
3651	TAGCAAAGTG	TAGCAAAGTG AAAACATCTA GCAGCAATGG		CGGACGTGAA	AGCAATAGCG
3701	ACAACGATAC	ACAACGATAC CGGCTTAACT	ATTACTGCAA	AAAATGTAGA	AG'TAAACAAA
3751	GATATTACTT	CTCTCAAAAC AGTAAATATC	AGTAAATATC		AAAAGGTTAC
3801	CACCACAGCA	CACCACAGCA GGCTCGACCA	TTAACGCAAC		GCAAGTATTA
3851	CAACCAAAAC	AGGTGATATC	AGCGGTACGA	TTTCCGGTAA CACGGTAAGT	CACGGTAAGT
3901	GTTAGCGCGA	GTTAGCGCGA CTGGTGATTT	AACCACTAAA	TCCGGCTCAA AAATTGAAGC	AAATTGAAGC
3951	GAAATCGGGT	GAAATCGGGT GAGGCTAATG	TAACAAGTGC AACAGGTACA ATTGGCGGTA	AACAGGTACA	ATTGGCGGTA

TATTACTGT	ATTTTCGTAT	AAGTCATTTT	TCCTGCAATG AAGTCATTTT	GTAGATTTCA	801
AATTGACAAG	CGTAGTCAGT	GATGGACAGC	TGTTGCTGAC	TATGTACCAA	751
GGCGCACGAG	AAGTGGTAAT	CGTGTTTCTC	GAAGGTAAGG	GATAATTTCT	701
CAAGTCAAGT	ACCAGACCGT	TGAATTTACA	ATACACAAAA	ATTACAGTCA	651
AAATAATACA	TTGTTGAGCC	GCTGTACGTT	TGGTGTAAGT	TAGCTAAACT	601
AGAGAAACAT	TGATGAAGAA	AAGATTTATC	GAAAAAGTAA	ACGCGTCCTT	551
TTGAAGCGAA	GAAGAAGTAA	AGCAAGTGTA	AGCCAGGTGT	AAATATATCC	501
AATTGAGGTG	GAGGCAAGGA	GTGCGCTTAA	TAGAAACACT	CGAAAGATGG	451
AATATCATTT	AAATGGGTTA	TAAACACAGT	ACTGGGGATT	TGTGAATATC	401
CCTCAAGCAG	ACTGCGGCAA	TGGTAGTGTG	CAAGCGGCTC	GCAGTCAACG	351
AGAAGTGAAT	GTGATAGTAC	GATGCATCAG	GCTAAATGGT	AAGATGCTAA	301
ATTAACGCAA	CACCTTGGTT	CAACCAGCGG	GATATTAAAG	GGCAGGCTCG	1251
TAACCACCGT	ACAGGCACCT	ATTAAATACT	CTAATGTGAC	ATTAATGCTG	1201
CGCAGGAAGC	ATGGTAGCAT	TTGGCTCAGA	GGTAGACCTC	CTAAGGGTCA	1151
ATCACTTCAA	CGGTTCTAGC	CTACTGAAGC	AATACCTTGA	CGCAACAGGG	1101
CAACCTTAAC		TAATGCGACA	GCGCAGAAAT	GTTGGGAATG	1051
CGATTTAACA	CAAACGCTGG	AATGTTACGG	TAATACGGTA	CAATTTCCGG	1001

FIG. 3G.

GGCTTTACCC ATCTTGTAAA AAATTACGGA GTGGGTTAAA GTTCAGTACG GAATACAATA AAGTATTTTT 4901 4851

MOLECULAR WEIGHT FIG. 4A. AMINO ACID SEQUENCE

Н	MNKIYRLKFS	MNKIYRLKFS KRLNALVAVS	ELARGCDHST	EKGSEKPARM	KVRHLALKPL
51	SAMLLSLGVT		SIPQSVLASG LQGMDVVHGT	ATMQVDGNKT	IIRNSVDAII
101	NWKQFNIDQN	EMVQFLQENN	NSAVFNRVTS	NQISQLKGIL	DSNGQVFLIN
151	PNGITIGKDA	IINTNGFTAS	TLDISNENIK	TLDISNENIK ARNFTFEQTK	DKALAEIVNH
201	GLITVGKDGS	VNLIGGKVKN	EGVISVNGGS	ISLLAGOKIT	ISDIINPTIT
251	YSIAAPENEA	ENEA VNLGDIFAKG	GNINVRAATI	RNQGKLSADS	VSKDKSGNIV
301	LSAKEGEAEI	GGVISAQNQQ	AKGGKLMITG	DKVTLKTGAV	IDLSGKEGGE
351	TYLGGDERGE	GKNGIQLAKK	TSLEKGSTIN	VSGKEKGGRA	IVWGDIALID
401	GNINAQGSGD	IAKTGGFVET	SGHDLFIKDN	AIVDAKEWLL	DFDNVSINAE
451	DPLRNNTGIN	DEFPTGTGEA	SDPKKNSELK	TTLTNTTISN	YLKNAWTMNI
501	TASRKLTVNS	SINIGSNSHL	ILHSKGQRGG	GVQIDGDITS	KGGNLTIYSG
551	GWVDVHKNIT	LDQGFLNITA	ASVAFEGGNN	KARDAANAKI	VAQGTVTITG
601	EGKDFRANNV	SLNGTGKGLN	IISSVNNLTH	NLSGTINISG	NITINQTTRK
651	NTSYWQTSHD	SHWNVSALNL	ETGANFTFIK	YISSNSKGLT	TQYRSSAGVN
701	FNGVNGNMSF	NLKEGAKVNF KLKPNENMNT SKPLPIRFLA NITATGGGSV	KLKPNENMNT	SKPLPIRFLA	NITATGGGSV

		VADDGQP	SGNGARVCTN	IISEGKACFS	1451
EFTTRPSSQV	NNTITVNTQN	GVSAVRFVEP	DEERETLAKL	RVLEKVKDLS	1401
ASVEEVIEAK	IEVKYIQPGV	RNTVRLRGKE	NGLNIISKDG	VNITGDLNTV	1351
GSVTAATSSS	EVNAVNASGS	LNGDASGDST	TLVINAKDAK	AGSDIKATSG	1301
LNTTGTLTTV	AGSINAANVT	VDLLAQNGSI	GSSITSTKGQ	ATGNTLTTEA	1251
NATEGAATLT	DLTVGNGAEI	NTVNVTANAG	TGTIGGTISG	KSGEANVTSA	1201
TTKSGSKIEA	TVSVSATVDL	GDISGTISGN	NGKASITTKT	TTAGSTINAT	1151
VNITASEKVT	VNKDITSLKT	GLTITAKNVE	GRESNSDNDT	SKVKTSSSNG	1101
SADGHNVT'LN	TFNNVKDSKI	GNSGAEAKTV	RDLTIGNSND	NKAEITAKDG	1051
LTEDLSISGF	NLTIKTKELK	DSSSDATSNA	ITIKKGIDGE	SSDKINITKQ	1001
ISQKEGNLTI	NDAEIQIGGN	KGSLNITDSN	SIIGGDIINK	ITTHAKRNQR	951
GNVTNDGDLN	INITQGVVKL	GNFTNNGTAE	GKTRDTLNIT	LTISESATFK	901
TGENADIKGN	SLLVNGSLSL	NIRDRVIKLG	LEANNAPNQQ	ITIEKAANVT	851
QNSSSSITGN	ILGGNVTLGG	NAINSTYNIS	KDDFYDGYAR	TNSNFSLRQT	801
KINKDLTINA	NSHVRGDDAF	NISNGANFTL	RGAELKMSEI	FFDIYANHSG	751

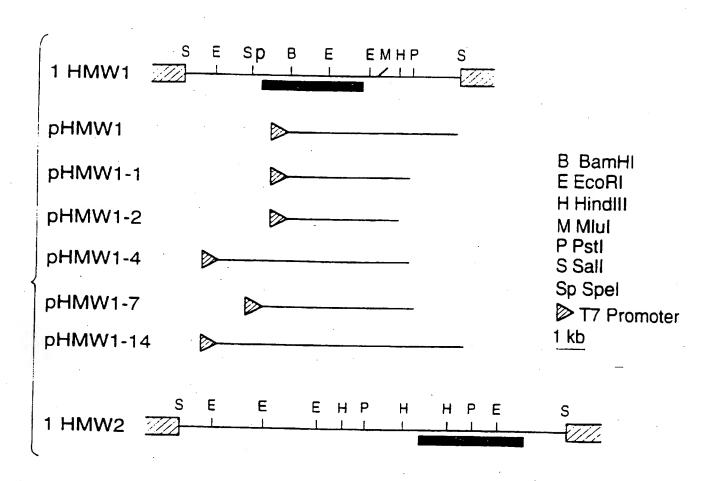
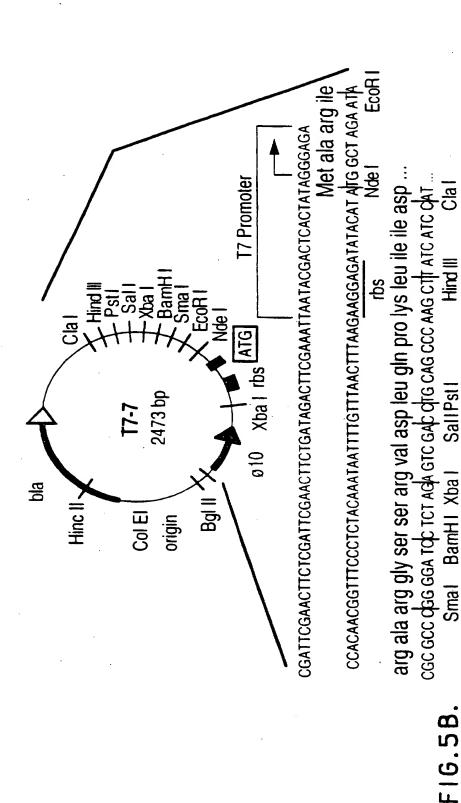


FIG.5A.



shaded boxes indicate the locations of the structural genes. In the recombinant phage, transcription proceeds from left to right for the HMW1 gene and from right to left for the HMW2 gene. The methods used for construction of the plasmids shown are A) Partial restriction maps of representative HMW1 and HMW2 recombinant phage and of HMW1 plasmid subclones. The described in the text. (B) Restriction map of the T7 expression vector pT7-7. This vector contains the T7 RNA polymerase promoter 410, a ribosome - binding site (rbs), and the translational start site for the T7 gene 10 protein upstream from a multiple cloning site (37)

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← 1	ACAGCGTTCT	CTTAATACTA	GTACAAACCC	ACAATAAAAT	ATGACAAACA
51	ACAATTACAA	CACCTTTTTT	GCAGTCTATA	TGCAAATATT	TTAAAAAATA
101	GTATAAATCC	GCCATATAAA	ATGGTATAAT	CTTTCATCTT	TCATCTTTCA
151	TCTTTCATCT	TTCATCTTTC	ATCTTTCATC	TTTCATCTTT	CATCTTTCAT
201	CTTTCATCTT	TCATCTTTCA	TCTTTCATCT	TTCATCTTTC	ACATGAAATG
251	ATGAACCGAG	GGAAGGGAGG	GAGGGGCAAG	AATGAAGAGG	GAGCTGAACG
301	AACGCAAATG	ATAAAGTAAT	TTAATTGTTC	AACTAACCTT	AGGAGAAAAT
351	ATGAACAAGA	TATATCGTCT	CAAATTCAGC	AAACGCCTGA	ATGCTTTGGT
401	TGCTGTGTCT	GAATTGGCAC	GGGGTTGTGA	CCATTCCACA	GAAAAAGGCA
451	GCGAAAAACC	TGCTCGCATG	AAAGTGCGTC	ACTTAGCGTT	AAAGCCACTT
501	TCCGCTATGT	TACTATCTTT	AGGTGTAACA	TCTATTCCAC	AATCTGTTTT
551	AGCAAGCGGC	TTACAAGGAA	TGGATGTAGT	ACACGGCACA	GCCACTATGC
601	AAGTAGATGG	TAATAAAACC	ATTATCCGCA	ACAGTGTTGA	CGCTATCATT
651	AATTGGAAAC	AATTTAACAT	CGACCAAAAT	GAAATGGTGC	AGTTTTTACA
701	AGAAAACAAC	AACTCCGCCG	TATTCAACCG	TGTTACATCT	AACCAAATCT
751	CCCAATTAAA AGGGATTTTA	AGGGATTTTA	GATTCTAACG	GACAAGTCTT	TTTAATCAAC

801	CCAAATGGTA			() () () () () () () () () ()	
Ω Γ 1				ALLALLAACA	CTAATGGCTT
T C 0	IACGGCI"I'C'I'	ACGCTAGACA	TTTCTAACGA	AAACATCAAG	GCGCGTAATT
901	TCACCTTCGA	TCACCTTCGA GCAAACCAAA GATAAAGCGC	GATAAAGCGC	TCGCTGAAAT	TGTGAATCAC
951	GGTTTAATTA	CTGTCGGTAA	AGACGGCAGT	GTAAATCTTA	TTGGTGGCAA
1001	AGTGAAAAAC	GAGGGTGTGA	TTAGCGTAAA	TGGTGGCAGC	ATTTCTT"!AC
1051	TCGCAGGGCA	TCGCAGGGCA AAAAATCACC	ATCAGCGATA	TAATAAACCC	AACCATTACT
1101	TACAGCATTG	CCGCGCCTGA	AAATGAAGCG	GTCAATCTGG	GCGATATTTT
1151	TGCCAAAGGC	GGTAACATTA	ATGTCCGTGC	TGCCACTATT	CGAAACCAAG
1251	CTTTCCGCCA	AAGAGGGTGA	AGCGGAAATT	GGCGGTGTAA	TTTCCGCTCA
1301	AAATCAGCAA	AAATCAGCAA GCTAAAGGCG	GCAAGCTGAT	GATTACAGGC	GATAAAGTCA
1351	CATTAAAAAC	AGGTGCAGTT	ATCGACCTTT	CAGGTAAAGA AGGGGGAGAA	AGGGGGAGAA
1401	ACTTACCTTG	GCGGTGACGA	GCGCGGCGAA GGTAAAAACG	GGTAAAAACG	GCATTCAATT
1451	AGCAAAGAAA	ACCTCTTTAG	AAAAAGGCTC	AACCATCAAT	GTATCAGGCA
1501	AAGAAAAAGG	CGGACGCGCT	ATTGTGTGGG	GCGATATTGC	GTTAATTGAC
1551	GGCAATATTA	ACGCTCAAGG	TAGTGGTGAT	ATCGCTAAAA	CCGGTGGTTT
1601	TGTGGAGACG	TCGGGGCATG	ATTTATTCAT	CAAAGACAAT GCAATTGTTG	GCAATTGTTG

1651	ACGCCAAAGA	A GTGGTTGTTA	GACCCGGATA	ATGTATCTAT	TAATCACAA
1701	ACAGCAGGAC	ACAGCAGGAC GCAGCAATAC			
1751	GAATAGTGCC	: AGCACCCCAA			
1801	ACACAACTCT			CTAAAAAAG GTACCTTTGT	TAACACC
1851	GCTAATCAAC		CAATAGCTCC	ATTAATTTAT	CCAATGGCAG
1901	CTTAACTCTT	TGGAGTGAGG	GTCGGAGCGG		GAGATTAACA
1951	ACGATATTAC	CACCGGTGAT	GATACCAGAG	GTGCAAACTT	AACAATTTAC
2001	TCAGGCGGCT	GGGTTGATGT	TCATAAAAAT	ATCTCACTCG	GGGCGCAAGG
2051	TAACATAAAC	ATTACAGCTA	AACAAGATAT	CGCCTTTGAG	AAAGGAAGCA
2101	ACCAAGTCAT	TACAGGTCAA	GGGACTATTA	CCTCAGGCAA	TCAAAAAGGT
2151	TTTAGATTTA	ATAATGTCTC	TCTAAACGGC	ACTGGCAGCG	GACTGCAATT
2201	CACCACTAAA	AGAACCAATA	AATACGCTAT	CACAAATAAA	TTTGAAGGGA
2251	CTTTAAATAT	TTCAGGGAAA	GTGAACATCT	CAATGGTTTT	ACCTAAAAAT
2301	GAAAGTGGAT	ATGATAAATT	CAAAGGACGC	ACTTACTGGA	ATTTAACCTC
2351	GAAAGTGGAT	ATGATAAATT	CAAAGGACGC	CCTCACTATT	GACTCCAGAG
2401	GAAGCGATAG	TGCAGGCACA	CTTACCCAGC		AAACGGTATA
2451	TCATTCAACA	TCATTCAACA AAGACACTAC CTTTAATGTT GAACGAAATG CAAGAGTCAA	CTTTAATGTT	GAACGAAATG	CAAGAGTCAA

•		. •			
3301	AAATTGGCGG	GATGTCTCG		CAAAAAGAAG GTAATCTCAC	CA TPTPCFFF
3351	GACAAAATCA	A ATATTACCAA		ATCAAGGCAG	
3401	GGAGAATTCC				
3451	CCAAAGAATT		_		ACCALIAAAA
3501	GCAGAGATTA		_		111CAATAAA
3551	TAGTGCTGAT	, -		AACCTTTAAC	GIAACACCAA
3601	ATTCAAAAAT		GGTCACAAGG	TGACACTACA	CAGCAAACTG
3651	GAAACATCCG	_	CAACACTGAA	GATAGCAGTG	ACAATAATC
3701	CGGCTTAACT	ATCGATGCAA	AAAATGTAAC		AATATTACTT
3751	CTCACAAAGC		TCTGCGACAA		T'ACCACTAAA
3801	ACAGGTACAA	CCATTAACGC	AACCACTGGT	AACGTGGAGA	TAACCGCTCA
3851	AACAGGTAGT	ATCCTAGGTG	GAATTGAGTC	CAGCTCTGGC	TCTGTAACAC
3901	TTACTGCAAC	CGAGGGCGCT	CTTGCTGTAA	GCAATATTTC	GGGCAACACC
3951	GTTACTGTTA	CTGCAAATAG	CGGTGCATTA	ACCACTTTGG	CAGGCTCTAC
4001	AATTAAAGGA	ACCGAGAGTG	TAACCACTTC		GGCGATATCG
4051	GCGGTACGAT				CGAAAGTTTA

4101	ACCACTCAAT	CCAATTCAAA	AATTAAAGCA	ACAACAGGCG	AGGCTAACGT
4151	AACAAGTGCA				
4201	ATGTTACGGC	AAACGCTGGC	_	Treggaarge	
4251	AATGCGACAG	•	·	ACATCATCGG	
4301	TACCGAAGCT		_	CAAGGGTCAG	GTAAATCTTT
4351	CAGCTCAGGA		GCAGGAAGTA	TTAATGCCGC	CAATGTGAGA
4401	CTAAATACTA		AACTACCGTG	AAGGGTTCAA	ACATTAATGC
4451	AACCAGCGGT	ACCTTGGTTA	TTAACGCAAA	AGACGCTGAG	CTAAATGGCG
4501	CAGCATTGGG	TAACCACACA	GTGGTAAATG	CAACCAACGC	AAATGGCTCC
4551	GGCAGCGTAA	TCGCGACAAC	CTCAAGCAGA	GTGAACATCA	CTGGGGATTT
4601	AATCACAATA	AATGGATTAA	ATATCATTTC	AAAAAACGGT	ATAAACACCG
1651	TACTGTTAAA	AGGCGTTAAA	ATTGATGTGA	AATACATTCA	ACCGGGTATA
1701	GCAAGCGTAG	ATGAAGTAAT	TGAAGCGAAA CGCATCCTTG	CGCATCCTTG	AGAAGGTAAA
1751	AGATTTATCT	GATGAAGAAA	GAGAAGCGTT	AGCTAAACTT	GGCGTAAGTG
1801	CTGTACGTTT	TATTGAGCCA	AATAATACAA	TTACAGTCGA	TACACAAAAT
1851	GAATTTGCAA	CCAGACCATT	AAGTCGAATA	GTGATTTCTG	AAGGCAGGGC
1901	GTGTTTCTCA	GTGTTTCTCA AACAGTGATG GCGCGACGGT GTGCGTTAAT ATCGCTGATA	GCGCGACGGT	GTGCGTTAAT	ATCGCTGATA

AGTCTAGGTT	TCAACGTGTA	AGTTTAACTA	GGCGCAAGGG	TGATAATTTC	5701
TTGTTTCCTA	ACGCGTAGCT	TTTTGGCAAA	GTTTTTCGCC	GTAGTTGCAG	5651
CTCTGATTTG	AAAACAAAAC	TTAAACCCTA	GCATTACGAG	TCACTCGCGT	5601
CCACTTAAAG	AAAAGAAAAT	TCAATATGGC	TTGCGTGAAT	GTGGTTCGAT	5551
ATGGTCGTCA	GTGTATGAAG	ACAAGGAAAA	CATCTTTGAA	CGTAGCCTGC	5501
AAATATCGCT	ATAGTGAAGA	AGCCAGGGTT	TTATAAGGCG	GCCAAGTTTT	5451
GCCGCAGAAA	CTCGAAATCA	TTGAGCTAGT	AATATTATGT	TACGGATGGC	5401
AACAAACCAT	ATATTGCCAC	GTTTGATGTG	AGCCAAATAA	GATAAGATTG	5351
GGCTGTGCTA	TTGAATTACA	ACAGCACAGC	AAACCTAAAA	AAACTTTAAC	5301
CAAGGCTCGC	ATCTAAATAC	CAAAATCTTT	CTGTCTGTAG	AGACGCCCAA	5251
CTTTAAGTGA	GCACTTGAAA	GTTATCTGGT	AAGGCTTTCA	TTTTTAGTAA	5201
AGAAGAAGCG	CATTGTATGC	GCTTCTTCAT	GCTTGGCCTG	TATCAGTATT	5151
CTCAGTGCAA	CAGATTAAAA	ATATAAAAG	ATTATGAAAA	ACAGGTTATT	5101
AGTATTTTA	AATACAATAA	AATTACGGAG	TCTTGTAAAA	GCTTTACCCA	5051
TTCAGTACGG	TGGGTTAAAG	ATTTACTGTG	TTTTCGTATT	AGTCATTTTA	5001
CCTGCAATGA	TAGATTTCAT	ATTGACAAGG	GCGGTCAGTA	ACGGGCGGTA	4951

. Н9

CTGCGGGTTT	ACGGTATCCT	AGATATGCAC	CTTACGGCGA AGATATGCAC ACGGTATCCT CTGCGGGTTT	AATGCTAAAA	6551
TAATAGCGAA	AGTTCCGTTA	GATGCAGGTC	TGCGTTTTAT	TCAGCCCTTA	6501
CGCTTTCAAA	AAAATACACC	TAAGTATGCC		TCTTGTATGG	6451
GTGAGCGCGG	GGTGCAAGTG	TAAATACGGC	TCAGAGGCTT	ACTTATGGCG	6401
TGTAACAGGT	ATTTATTCTC	AGTAGCATAG	ACAAGATATA	AGTTTACTCT	6351
TTATCGGGTC	TAGCAGTCAA	GTTGGCATTT	TTTGCTCAAG	GAGTCAAGAG	6301
GTTTAGGGTT	AGCACAGCCA	CTATCACATT	TTAATCGCAG	GGCGAAACAT	6251
GGAGCGCATT	CTTTTGGAAT	TTACCAGGCT	CGCGAGTAAA	ATCATTATTA	6201
GATTTAACTC	CTTTAATATT	CTAAAACAAT	CAATTTACCC	TGGACATATC	6151
CAGGCATTGA	GGCGTAAGTG	TGCAGTATCA	AGAAAAATT	GGTGCAACGA	6101
AAACACCCTG	CATCCGAGTT	ATTAATCAAA	CTACCGCCAT	TAGGCTACAA	6051
AAAATTAATT	AGACCAGTTT	TTGGAATGGA	ACATTTAACC	TTATCTCCCG	6001
AATGGAGTTA	GCGAATCTGA	ATCTATCTCT	CAAAAGGTCA	CGTAAATTAT	5951
_		GATATCGACG	TGATTCTAAT	TGAGTTATGC	5901
		AACACCAATC	TTTTATGATA	TACTTATCCG	5851
GCATAGGATA	TATGCGGTAG	ATCAAAATCT	TAAAAGCACC	TTGACCAATG	5801
TCTAAACGCA	ATGTATTAAA	GGACATGATG	INTERNATION CANTITION GONCATGATG ATGINITAAA TOTAAACGCA) 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	(

6601	AGGCATTAAA	ACCTCTCCTA	CACAAAACTT	AAGCTTAGAT	GCTTTTGTTG
6651	CTCGTCGCTT	TGCAAATGCC	AATAGTGACA	ATTTGAATGG	CAACAAAAAA
6701	CGCACAAGCT	CACCTACAAC	CTTCTGGGGT	AGATTAACAT	TCAGTTTCTA
6751	ACCCTGAAAT	TTAATCAACT	GGTAAGCG'FT	CCGCCTACCA	GTTTATAACT
6801	ATATGCTTTA	CCCGCCAATT	TACAGTCTAT	ACGCAACCCT	GTTTTCATCC
6851	ТТАТАТАТСА	ATCA AACAAACTAA	GCAAACCAAG	GCAAACCAAG CAAACCAAGC AAACCAAGCA	AAACCAAGCA
6901	AACCAAGCAA	AACCAAGCAA ACCAAGCAAA	CCAAGCAAAC	CAAGCAAACC	AAGCAAACCA
6951	AGCAAACCAA	GCAAACCAAG	CAAACCAAGC	AAACCAAGCA	ATGCTAAAAA
7001	ACAATTTATA	TGATAAACTA	TGATAAACTA AAACATACTC	CATACCATGG	CAATACAAGG
7051	GATTTAATAA	TATGACAAAA	GAAAATTTAC	AAAGTGTTCC	ACAAAATACG
7101	ACCGCTTCAC	TTGTAGAATC	AAACAACGAC	CAAACTTCCC	TGCAAATACT
7151	TAAACAACCA	CCCAAACCCA	ACCTATTACG	CCTGGAACAA	CATGTCGCCA
7201	AAAAAGATTA	TGAGCTTGCT	TGCCGCGAAT	TAATGGCGAT	TTTGGAAAAA
7251	ATGGACGCTA	ATTTTGGAGG	CGTTCACGAT	ATTGAATTTG	ACGCACCTGC
7301	TCAGCTGGCA	TATCTACCCG	TATCTACCCG AAAAACTACT	AATTCATTT	GCCACTCGTC
7351	TCGCTAATGC		AATTACAACA CTCTTTTCCG	ACCCCGAATT	GGCAATTTCC

TGACGCTGAT	ATAAATATA	BACAACTCT	ATGTCAATAT	TTCATTGT	TGCGTTTCAT	CCGAAATTGC	TATATGCACT	CATTAAAC	ACCGCTACCT	GTACTGCTTG	CTTCAATG	ATGAGGGCGT	ATCAGTAGCA	CGAAACTTTC	TTACCACGAT
		ATTTAGCAAC AGACAACTCT	CCCGAATCCA A1		TGCATC TG		TCATGATGTA TA		GGATGGCAAG AC		GCACGCATTC AACTTCAATG	TAGGCC AT			
G CAA(A CCAT			A ACAA	G GTAC	T AAAA						: GGCT	A GTTC	GTAA	GGCA
GATTAGCCTG CAACGCTGGT	TTAACGCAGA	GGTGGCTTT	TTTTTACTTA	CAGGGAATCA	CGTTTTATTG GTACTGCATC	GTGGTTTCCT	CAAATATCCT	AACAAGCAC	CCTCACGCAA	ACGGCAAACC	TCGATTTATC	CTATTTAGTC GGCTTAGGCC	TGTTTGACGA	TTTTTTATCC GTAAACAGTG	GCCAAGCATT
GAAGAAGGGG CATTAAAGAT	TTTTGCCTCT TCCCCCTACG	ATATCAACCC AGATTCCGAA GGTGGCTTTC	AATTCTGTAT	GCGTTATGGG	GCAGTCTTCA	TGGTTTTACA	GAATTGCCTG	TTTAGCAAAA AACAAGCACG	GCAAGCATAT	GGTAAAAAGG	TTCGGGACAT				rgttctatat (
GAAGAAGGGG	TTTTGCCTCT	ATATCAACCC	TCTATTGCTA AATTCTGTAT	GAGTTTAGAT GCGTTATGGG	GTTTTGCGTT GCAGTCTTCA	AAAAGAGCGG TGGTTTTACA	TAATTTAGAT GAATTGCCTG	GCAGTTATGA	GAACTTGTCC GCAAGCATAT	TTACACCTTA GGTAAAAAGG	AACATTTTAA TTCGGGACAT	ATTGCTGCTC GAGAAAATT	TGATAACATA GGTCGAGAAG	ATAATATAAT GGAGAGACTG	CAACCCGCAG TGTTCTATAT GCCAAGCATT GGCATGGATA
7401	7451	7501	7551	7601	7651	7701	7751	7801	7851	7901	7951	8001	8051	8101	8151

RECTIFIED SHEET (RULE 91)

8201	TTTTGTGAGC	TTTTGTGAGC AACACTCGGC	TTGCCCCTAT	TCAAGCTGTA	GCCTTGGGTC
8251	ATCCTGCCAC	TACGCATTCT	GAATTTATTG	ATTATGTCAT	CGTAGAAGAT
8301	GATTATGTGG	GCAGTGAAGA	TTGTTTAGC	GAAACCCTTT	TACGCTTACC
8351	CAAAGATGCC	CTACCTTATG	TACCATCTGC	ACTCGCCCCA	CAAAAAGTGG
8401	ATTATGTACT	CAGGGAAAAC	CCTGAAGTAG	TCAATATCGG	TATTGCCGCT
8451	ACCACAATGA	AATTAAACCC	TGAATTTTTG	CTAACATTGC	AAGAAATCAG
8501	AGATAAAGCT	AAAGTCAAAA	TACATTTTCA	TTTCGCACTT	GGACAATCAA
8551	CAGGCTTGAC	ACACCCTTAT	GTCAAATGGT	TTATCGAAAG	CTATTTAGGT
8601	GACGATGCCA	CTGCACATCC	CCACGCACCT	TATCACGATT	ATCTGGCAAT
8651	ATTGCGTGAT	TGCGATATGC	TACTAAATCC	GTTTCCTTTC	GGTAATACTA
8701	ACGGCATAAT	TGATATGGTT	ACATTAGGTT	TAGTTGGTGT	ATGCAAAACG
8751	GGGGATGAAG	TACATGAACA	TATTGATGAA	GGTCTGTTTA	AACGCTTAGG
8801	ACTACCAGAA	TGGCTGATAG	CCGACACACG	AGAAACATAT	ATTGAATGTG
8851	CTTTGCGTCT	AGCAGAAAAC	CATCAAGAAC	GCCTTGAACT	CCGTCGTTAC
8901	ATCATAGAAA	ACAACGGCTT	ACAAAAGCTT	TTTACAGGCG	ACCCTCGTCC
8951	ATTGGGCAAA	ATACTGCTTA	AGAAAACAAA	TGAATGGAAG	CGGAAGCACT
9001	TGAGTAAAAA ATAACGGTTT	ATAACGGTTT	TTTAAAGTAA	AAGTGCGGTT	AATTTTCAAA

FIG. 6L.

9051	GCGTTTTAAA	AACCTCTCAA	LTAAA AACCTCTCAA AAATCAACCG CACTTTTATC TTTATAACGC	CACTTTTATC	TTTATAACGC
9101	TCCCGCGCGC	TGACAGTTTA	TCTCTTTCTT	AAAATACCCA	TCCCGCGCGC TGACAGTTTA TCTCTTTCTT AAAATACCCA TAAAATTGTG
9151	GCAATAGTTG	GGTAATCAAA	AGTTG GGTAATCAAA TTCAATTGTT GATACGGCAA ACTAAAGACG	GATACGGCAA	ACTAAAGACG
9201					

TATGAACAAG	TAGGAGAAA TATGAACAAG	CAACTAACCT	TTTAATTGTT	GATAAAGTAA	751
GAACGCAAAT	GGAGCTGAAC	GAATGAAGAG	GGAGGGCCAA	GGGAAGGGAG	01
GATGAACCGA	CACATGAAAT	TTTCATCTTT	ATCTTTCATC	TTCATCTTTC	551
TCTTTCATCT	TCATCTTTCA	CTTTCATCTT	CATCTTTCAT	TTTCATCTTT	501
ATCTTTCATC	TTCATCTTTC	TCTTTCATCT	AATGGTATAA	CGCCATATAA	551
AGTATAAATC	TTAAAAAAAT	TGCAAATATT	GCAGTCTATA	CACCTTTTT	501
ACAATTACAA	ATGACAAACA	GATTTTTGTG	AATAAATCAA	AGATAATAAA	451
TAAATATACA	ATCAACTGGT	TCCCACTCAA	GCATAATATT	ATTTCTTGTA	101
TTTTAATTCA	AAATCGCCAA	ATTTGTGGCG	TTCAATACCT	ATTGTGGCAA	351
TTTGCAAGAT	AATCATAAAT	GATGTTCTÄA	AATAAATTTT	GTTGCCCAAA	301
CATAATAGGT	TCGGGATAAT	AAGAAAATGA	TTTGTTTAGC	AATCCCATTT	251
GCGAATACGT	GCTCTTCTTG	GTAAGTTCTT	AAGCGTTAAT	CGTTGGTTTT	201
ACAACTTTAC	CAATCCACCA	GACGACTATG	TTATATTCTG	TAATAGTAAA	151
CTTTTTCGGT	GTTGGCGTTT	TTGGGCATTG	GCTCTCTTAA	AAAGGATAAA	101
TAATTGTTCA	AAGAACGAGG	GGTTGTAGTG	GGAGAAAATA	TAAAATCTGT	51
AACTAACCAA AAAGTGCGGT		GTTGAAATTC	ATTTGGATT	CGCCACTTCA	\vdash

801	ATATATCGTC	TCAAATTCAG	CAAACGCCTG	AATGCTTTGG	TTGCTGTGTC
851	TGAATTGGCA	CGGGGTTGTG	ACCATTCCAC	AGAAAAAGGC	AGCGAAAAAC
901	CTGCTCGCAT	GAAAGTGCGT	CACTTAGCGT	TAAAGCCACT	TTCCGCTATG
951	TTACTATCTT	TAGGTGTAAC	ATCTATTCCA	CAATCTGTTT	TAGCAAGCGG
1001	CAATTTAACA	TCGACCAAAA	TGAAATGGTG	CAGTTTTAC	AAGAAAACAA
1051	GTAATAAAAC	CATTATCCGC	AACAGTGTTG	ACGCTATCAT	TAATTGGAAA
1101	CAATTTAACA	TCGACCAAAA	TGAAATGGTG	CAGTTTTTAC	AAGAAAACAA
1151	CAACTCCGCC	GTATTCAACC	GTGTTACATC	TAACCAAATC	TCCCAATTAA
1201	AAGGGATTTT	AGATTCTAAC	GGACAAGTCT	TTTTAATCAA	CCCAAATGGT
1251	ATCACAATAG	GTAAAGACGC	AATTATTAAC	ACTAATGGCT	TTACGGCTTC
1301	TACGCTAGAC	ATTTCTAACG	AAAACATCAA	GGCGCGTAAT	TTCACCTTCG
1351	AGCAAACCAA	AGATAAAGCG	CTCGCTGAAA	TTGTGAATCA	CGGTTTAATT
1401	ACTGTCGGTA	AAGACGGCAG	TGTAAATCTT	ATTGGTGGCA	AAGTGAAAAA
1451	CGAGGGTGTG	ATTAGCGTAA	ATGGTGGCAG	CATTTCTTTA	CTCGCAGGGC
1501	AAAAAATCAC	CATCAGCGAT	ATAATAAACC	CAACCATTAC	TTACAGCATT
1551	GCCGCGCCTG	AAAATGAAGC	AAAATGAAGC GGTCAATCTG GGCGATATTT		TTGCCAAAGG

1601	CGGTAACATT	P AATGTCCGTG	CTGCCACTAT	TCGAAACCAA	GGTAAACTIIPT
1.651	CTGCTGATTC	C TGTAAGCAAA	_	-	
1701	AAAGAGGGTG	-			
1751	AGCTAAAGGC	_	_		
1801	CAGGTGCAGT				ACATTAAAAA
1251				AACGCGGGGA	AACT"TACCT"
7007	GGCGGTGACG	AGCGCGGCGA	AGGTAAAAAC	GGCATTCAAT	TAGCAAAGAA
1901	AACCTCTTTA	GAAAAAGGCT	CAACCATCAA	TGTATCAGGC	AAAGAAAAG
1951	GCGGACGCGC	TATTGTGTGG	GGCGATATTG	CGTTAATTGA	CGGCAATATIT
2001	AACGCTCAAG	GTAGTGGTGA	TATCGCTAAA	ACCGGTGGTT	Trgredada
2051	ATCGGGGCAT	TATTTATCCA	T'IGACAGCAA	TGCAATTGTT	AAAACAAAC
2101	AGTGGTTGCT	AGACCCTGAT	GATGTAACAA	TTGAAGCCGA	AGACCCCPP
2151	CGCAATAATA	CCGGTATAAA	TGATGAAT'I'C		
2201	AAGCGACCCT		GCGAACTCAA		ACCAATACAA
2251	CTATTTCAAA	TTATCTGAAA			AACGGCATCA
2301	AGAAAACT'TA	CCGTTAATAG	-		ACTCCCACTO
2351	AATTCTCCAT	AGTAAAGGTC			ATTGATGGAG
2401	ATATTACTTC	TAAAGGCGGA AATTTAACCA			CGGATGGGTT

			-		
2451	GATGTTCATA	AAAATATTAC	GCTTGATCAG	GGTTTTTAA	ATATTACCGC
2501	CGCTTCCGTA	GCTTTTGAAG	GTGGAAATAA		GACGCGGCAA
2551	ATGCTAAAAT	TGTCGCCCAG	GGCACTGTAA	CCATTACAGG	AGAGGGAAAA
2601	GATTTCAGGG	CTAACAACGT	ATCTTTAAAC	GGAACGGGTA	AAGGTCTGAA
2651	TATCATTTCA	TCAGTGAATA	ATTTAACCCA		GGCACAATTA
2701	ACATATCTGG	ACATATCTGG GAATATAACA	ATTAACCAAA	CTACGAGAAA	GAACACCTCG
2751	TATTGGCAAA	CCAGCCATGA	TTCGCACTGG	AACGTCAGTG	CTCTTAATCT
2801	AGAGACAGGC	GCAAATTTTA	CCTTTATTAA	ATACATTTCA	AGCAATAGCA
2851	AAGGCTTAAC	AAGGCTTAAC AACACAGTAT	AGAAGCTCTG	CAGGGGTGAA	TTTTAACGGC
2901	GTAAATGGCA	ACATGTCATT	CAATCTCAAA	GAAGGAGCGA	AAGTTAATTT
2951	CAAATTAAAA	CAAATTAAAA CCAAACGAGA	ACATGAACAC AAGCAAACCT	AAGCAAACCT	TTACCAATTC
3001	GGTTTTTAGC	CAATATCACA	GCCACTGGTG GGGGCTCTGT	GGGGCTCTGT	TTTTTTGAT
3051	ATATATGCCA	ACCATTCTGG	CAGAGGGGCT GAGTTAAAAA		TGAGTGAAAT
3101	TAATATCTCT	AACGGCGCTA	ATTTACCTT		GTTCGCGGCG
3151	ATGACGCTTT	TAAAATCAAC	TAAAATCAAC AAAGACTTAA CCATAAATGC		AACCAATTCA
3201	AATTTCAGCC	TCAGACAGAC GAAAGATGAT		TTTTATGACG GGTACGCACG	GGTACGCACG

3251	CAATGCCATC	AATTCAACCT	ACAACATATC	CATTCTGGGC	GGTAATGTCA
3301	CCCTTGGTGG	ACAAAACTCA	AGCAGCAGCA	TTACGGGGAA	
3351	GAGAAAGCAG	CAAATGTTAC	GCTAGAAGCC	AATAACGCCC	CTAATCAGCA
3401	AAACATAAGG	GATAGAGTTĀ	TAAAACTTGG	CAGCTTGCTC	GTTAATGGGA
3451	GTTTAAGTTT	AACTGGCGAA	AATGCAGATA	TTAAAGGCAA	TCTCACTATT
3501	TCAGAAAGCG	CCACTTTTAA	AGGAAAGACT	AGAGATACCC	TAAATATCAC
3551	CGGCAATTTT	ACCAATAATG	GCACTGCCGA	AATTAATATA	ACACAAGGAG
3601	TGGTAAAACT	TGGCAATGTT	ACCAATGATG	GTGATTTAAA	CATTACCACT
3651	CACGCTAAAC	GCAACCAAAG		GGCGGAGATA	TAATCAACAA
3701	AAAAGGAAGC	TTAAATATTA	CAGACAGTAA	TAATGATGCT	GAAATCCAAA
3751	TTGGCGGCAA	TATCTCGCAA	TATCTCGCAA AAAGAAGGCA	ACCTCACGAT	TTCTTCCGAT
3801	AAAATTAATA	TCACCAAACA	TCACCAAACA GATAACAATC	AAAAAGGGTA	TTGATGGAGA
3851	GGACTCTAGT	TCAGATGCGA	CAAGTAATGC	CAACCTAACT	ATTAAAACCA
3901	AAGAATTGAA	ATTGACAGAA	GACCTAAGTA	T'TT'CAGGTTT	CAATAAAGCA
3951	GAGATTACAG	CCAAAGATGG	TAGAGATTTA	ACTATTGGCA	ACAGTAATGA
4001	CGGTAACAGC	GGTGCCGAAG	CCAAAACAGT	GGTGCCGAAG CCAAAACAGT AACTTTTAAC AATGTTAAAG	AATGTTAAAG

.7F.

405I		r ctctgctgac	ATTCAAAAAT CTCTGCTGAC GGTCACAATG	TGACACTAAA	TAGCAAAGTG
4101	AAAACATCTA	AAAACATCTA GCAGCAATGG	CGGACGTGAA		ACAACGATAC
4.151	CGGCTTAACT	' AT'FAC'I'GCAA			
4201	CTCTCAAAAC	CTCTCAAAAC AGTAAATATC			
4251	GGCTCGACCA	TTAACGCAAC	AAATGGCAAA	_	
4301	AGGTGATATC			TTTCCGGTAA CACGGTAAGT	GTTAGCGCG
4351	CTGGTGATTT	AACCACTAAA	_	AAAT"IGAAGC	GAAA1'CGGCT
4401	GAGGCTAATG	TAACAAG'IGC		ATTGGCGGTA	CAATTTCCGG
4451	TAATACGGTA	AATGTTACGG	CAAACGCTGG	CGAT'TTAACA	GT'IGGGAA'I'G
4501	GCGCAGAAAT		TAATGCGACA GAAGGAGCTG	CAACCTTAAC	CGCAACAGGG
4551	AATACCTTGA	CTACTGAAGC	CTACTGAAGC CGGTTCTAGC	ATCACTTCAA	CTAAGGGTCA
4601	GGTAGACCTC	TTGGCTCAGA	ATGGTAGCAT	CGCAGGAAGC	ATTAATGCTC
4651	CTAATGTGAC	ATTAAATACT	ACAGGCACCT		GGCAGGCTCG
4701	GATATTAAAG CAACCAGCGG	CAACCAGCGG	CACCTTGGTT		AAGATGCTAA
4751	GCTAAATGGT	GATGCATCAG	GTGATAGTAC		GCAGTCAACG
4801	ACTGGGGATT	TGGTAGTGTG			TGTGAATATC
4851	ACTGGGGATT	TAAACACAGT		AATATCATTT (CGAAAGATGG

4901	TAGAAACACT	GTGCGCTTAA	GAGGCAAGGA	AATTGAGGTG	AAATATATCC
4951	AGCCAGGTGT	AGCAAGTGTA	GAAGAAGTAA	TTGAAGCGAA	
5001	GAAAAAGTAA	GAAAAAGTAA AAGATTTATC	TGATGAAGAA	AGAGAAACAT	TAGCTAAACT
5051	TGGTGTAAGT	GCTGTACGTT	TTGTTGAGCC	AAATAATACA	ATTACAGTCA
5101	ATACACAAAA	TGAATTTACA	ACCAGACCGT	CAAGTCAAGT	GATAATTTCT
5151	GAAGGTAAGG	CGTGTTTCTC	GAAGGTAAGG CGTGTTTCTC AAGTGGTAAT	GGCGCACGAG	TATGTACCAA
5201	TGTTGCTGAC	GATGGACAGC	CGTAGTCAGT	AATTGACAAG	GTAGATTTCA
5251	TCCTGCAATG	AAGTCATTTT	ATTTTCGTAT	TATTTACTGT	GTGGGTTAAA
5301	GTTCAGTACG	GGCTTTACCC	GGCTTTACCC ATCTTGTAAA AAATTACGGA	AAATTACGGA	GAATACAATA
5351	AAGTATTTT		TATTATGAAA	AATATAAAA	GCAGATTAAA
5401	ACTCAGTGCA	ATATCAGTAT	TGCTTGGCCT	GGCTTCTTCA	TCATTGTATG
5451	CAGAAGAAGC	GTTTTTAGTA	AAAGGCTTTC	AGTTATCTGG	TGCACTTGAA
5501	ACTTTAAGTG	AAGACGCCCA	ACTGTCTGTA	GCAAAATCTT	TATCTAAATA
5551	CCAAGGCTCG	CAAACTTTAA	CAAACCTAAA	AACAGCACAG	CTTGAATTAC
5601	AGGCTGTGCT	AGATAAGATT	GAGCCAAATA	AATTTGATGT	GATATTGCCG
5651	CAACAAACCA TTACGGATGG	TTACGGATGG	CAATATCATG		TCTCGAAATC

RECTIFIED SHEET (RULE 91)

ATTATCAGGT CAATTTACTC TACAAGATAT TAGCAGTATA GATTTATTCT

6601

40/23

5701	AGCCGCAGAA	A AGCCAAGTTT	TTTATAAGGC	GAGCCAGGGT	TATAGTGAAG
5751	AAAATATCGC	TCGTAGCCTG	CCATCTTTGA		
5801	GATGGTCGTC	: AGTGGT"FCGA	TTTGCGTGAA	_	
5851	CCCGCTTAAG	CCCGCTTAAG GTTACCCGTG	TACATTACGA		
5901	CCTCTAATTT	CCTCTAATTT GATAATTGCG	GGCTTCTCGC	CTTTTGGTAA	- '
5951	'I'I'TAT"I'I'CTT	ATGATAATIT	CGGCGCGAGA	1,1,	ACCAACGTGT
6001	AAGCTTGGGT	AAGCTTGGGT TTTGTTAATG	CCAATITAAC	TGGTCATGAT	GATGTGTTAA
6151	TTATACCAGT	ATGAGTTATG	CTGATTCTAA	TGATATCGAC	GGCTTACCAA
6201	GTGCGATTAA	TCGTAAATTA	TCAAAAGGTC	AATCTATCTC	TGCGAATCTG
6251	AAATGGAGTT	ATTATCTCCC	AACATTTAAC	CITIGGCATGG	AAGACCAA1"F
6301	TAAAAT"TAAT	TTAGGCTACA	ACTACCGCCA	TATTAATCAA	ACCTCCGCGT
6351	TAAATCGCTT	GGGTGAAACG	AAGAAAAAT	T'IGCAGTATC	AGGCGTAAGT
6401	GCAGGCATTG	ATGGACATAT	CCAATTTACC	CCTAAAACAA	TCTTTAATAT
6451	TGATTTAACT	CATCATTATT	ACGCGAGTAA		TCTTTTGGAA
6501	TGGAGCGCAT	TGGCGAAACA	TTTAATCGCA	GCTATCACAT	TAGCACAGCC
6551	AGTTTAGGGT	AGTTTAGGGT TGAGTCAAGA GTTTGCTCAA GGTTGGCATT	GTTTGCTCAA		TTAGCAGTCA

GACGCTAATT	GGAAAAATG GACGCTAAT"	TGGTGATTCT	CGTGAATTAA	GTTTGCTTGT	7401
AAGATTATGA	ATCGCAAAAA	GGAACAACAT	TATTACGCTT	AAGCCCAGCC	7351
ACAACCACGC	GAATATTTAA	ACTCCCCTGC	CAACAATCAA	CGGAATTAAG	7301
GCTTTACTTG	AGATGCGACC	ACGCTCCTCA	AATTTGCAAA	GACAAAAGAA	7251
TTAATAATAT	TACAAGGGAT	GCCATGGCGA	TATACTCCAT	TAAACTAAAG	7201
ATTTATATGA	TAAAAAAACA	CAAGTAATAC	TCAAGCAAGC	CCAAGCAAAC	7151
GCTAAGCAAA	GCTAAGCTGA	AAATAAACAA	CTTATATATC	TGTTTTTACC	7101
TAGGCAACCC	TTACAGTCTA	ACCCGCCAAT	TATATGCTTT	AGTTTATAAC	7051
TCCGCCTACC	TGGTAAGCGT	TTTAATCAAC	AACCCTGAAA	TTCAGTTTCT	7001
GAGATTAACA	CCTTCTGGGG	TCACCTACAA	ACGCACAAGC	GCAACAAAAA	6951
AATTTGAATG	CAATAGTGAC	TTGCAAATGC	GCTCGTCGCT	TGCTTTTGTT	6901
TAAGCCTAGA	ACACAAAACT	AACCTCTCCT	TAGGCATTAA	TCTGCGGGTT	6851
CACGGTATCC	AAGATATGCA	ACTTACGGCG	AAATGCTAAA	ATAATAGCGA	6801
CAG'ITCCGTT	TGATGCAGGT	ATGCGTTTTA	ATCAGCCCTT	CCGCTTCCAA	6751
CAAAATACAC	TTAAGTATGC	GCGTAATGAA	GTCTTGTATG	GGTGAGCGCG	6701
CGGTGCAAGT	TTAAATACGG	GTCAGAGGCT	TACTTATGGC	CTGTAACAGG	6651

TAAAATAGGT	AGGGCGTTGA	TTAGGCCATG	TTTAGTCGGC	AAAAATTCTA	201
GCTGCTCGAG	TTCAATGATT	CACATTCAAC	ATTTATCGTA	GGGACATTCG	151
ATTTTAATTC	CTGCTTGAAC	GATGATGGTA	GCAAACCTGT	AAAAAGGACG	101
CACCTTAGGT	GCTACCTTTA	TGGCAAGACC	CACGCAAGGA	AGCATATCCT	051
CTTGTCCGCA	ATTAAACGAA	TTAAGCGTCC	AAGCACGATG	AGCAAAAAAC	001
GTTATGATTT	ATGCACTGCA	TGATGTATAT	ATATCCTTCA	TTGCCTGCAA	951
TTTAGATGAA	AAATTGCTAA	AAACTCGCCG	GTTTCCTAAA	TTTTACAGTG	901
AGAGCGGTGG	GTTTCATAAA	TTTATTGGTA CCGCATCTGC	TTTATTGGTA	GTCTTCACGT	851
TTGCGTTGCA	TCATTGTGTT	ACTTTGTGCT	GGAATCAACA	TTATGGGCAG	801
TTTAGATGCG	TCAATATGAG	GAATCCAATG	TTACTTACCC	TCTGTATTTT	751
ATTGCTAAAT	CAACTCTTCT	TAGCAACAGA	GGCTTTCATT	TTCCGAAGGT	701
TCAACCCAGA	AAATATAATA	TATTCTCAAT	ACGCAGACCA	CCCTACGTTA	651
TGCCTCTTCC	CGCTGATTTT	CGCTGGTTGA	TAGCCTGCAA	TAAAGATGAT	7601
_	AATTTCTGAA	CCGAATTGGC	TTTCCGACC	TACAACACTC	7551
		TTATTTGCC	AA'ITACTAAT	CTACCCGAAA	7501
GCTGGCATAT	CACCCGCTCA	GAATTTGACG	TCACGATATT	TTGGAGGCGT	7451

8251	CGAGAAGTGT	CGAGAAGTGT TTGACGAGTT	CTTTGAAATC	CTTTGAAATC AGTAGCAATA ATATAATIGGA	ATATAATIGGA
8301	GAGACTGTTT	TTTATCCGTA	AACAGTGCGA	AACAGTGCGA AACTTTCCAA	WOO LETTERS OF THE MANAGEMENT
8351	TCTATATGCC	AAGCATTGGC	ATGGATATTA		
8401	ACTCGGCTTG	CCCCTATTCA	ACTCGGCTTG CCCCTATTCA AGCTGTAGCC		
3451	GCATTCTGAA	TTTATTGATT	TTTATTGATT ATGTCATCGT	AGAAGATGAT	CICCACIAC
3501	GTGAAGATTG		TTTCAGCGAA ACCCTTTTAC	GCTTACCCAA	
3551	CCTTATGTAC	CTTCTGCACT	CCTTATGTAC CTTCTGCACT CGCCCCACAA	AAAGTGGATT	ATGTACTION
8601	GGAAAACCCT	GGAAAACCCT GAAGTAGTCA	ATATCGGTAT	TGCCGCTACC	ACAATGAAT
651	TAAACCCTGA	ATTTTTGCTA	TAAACCCTGA ATTTTGCTA ACATTGCAAG AAATCAGAGA	AAATCAGAGA	TAAAGCTAAA
701	GTCAAAATAC	GTCAAAATAC ATTI'I'CATTT			GCTTGACACA
751	CCCTTATGTC AAATGGTTTA	AAATGGTTTA	TCGAAAGCTA	TTTAGGTGAC	GATGCCACRG
801	CACATCCCCA CGCACCTTAT	CGCACCTTAT	CACGATTATC		CCGTGAPPCC
851	GATATGCTAC TAAATCCGTT	TAAATCCGTT	TCCTTTCGGT	AATACTAACG GCATAATTGA	SCATAATTCA
901	TATGGTTACA	TTAGGTTTAG	TTGGTGTATG CAAAACGGGG	CAAAACGGGG	GATGAAGTAC
951	ATGAACATAT TGATGAAGGT	TGATGAAGGT	CTGTTTAAAC GCTTAGGACT		ACCAGAATGG
001	CTGATAGCCG ACACACGAGA	ACACACGAGA			TGCGTCTAGC
051	AGAAAACCAT	CAAGAACGCC	TTGAACTCCG		TAGAAACA

RECTIFIED SHEET (RULE 91)

GCGGAGATTT

GCCTTTCATG

CAGTTTATCA GCCTCCCGCC ATAAAACTCC

9301

TGGCAGAAAT

TAGCCAAAAC

9351

TTGCACCACA

TAAAGGCTAA AATCACCAAA

ICA AAAGCTTTTT ACAGGCGACC CTCGTCCATT GGGCAAATA	GA AAACAAATGA ATGGAAGCGG AAGCACTTGA GTAAAAAATA	ACGGTTTTTT AAAGTAAAAG TGCGGTTAAT TTTCAAAGCG TTTTAAAAAC	AA TCAACCGCAC TTTTATCTTT ATAACGATCC CGCACGCTGA
CTCGTC	AAGCAC	TTTCAA	ATAACG,
ACAGGCGACC	ATGGAAGCGG	TGCGGTTAAT	TTTTATCTTT
AAAGCTTTTT	AAACAAATGA	AAAGTAAAAG	TCAACCGCAC
ACGGCTTACA	CTGCTTAAGA	ACGGTTTTTT	CTCTCAAAAA
9101	9151	9201	9251

RECTIFIED SHEET (RULE 91)

9401

AAATCACCAA TACCCACAAA AAA

45 73

F.= 6

HMW3 nucleotide sequence

F4 71

REFORMAT of: Temp3.Gcg check: -1 from: 1 to: 4794 October 5, 1995 17:43
(No documentation)

Nmc3.Gcg Length: 4794 October 5, 1995 18:29 Type: N Check: 484 ..

1 ATGAACAGA TATATCGTCT CAAATTCAGC AAACGCCTGA ATGCTTTGGT TGCTGTGTCT GAATTGACAC GGGGTTGTGA CCATTCCACA GAAAAACGCA 101 STGAAAACC TGTTCGTACG MAGTACGCC ACTTGGCGTT AAGCCACTT TCCGCTATAT TGCTATCTTT GGGCATGGCA TCCATTCCGC AATCTGTTTT AGGGAGGGGT TTACAGGGAA TGAGGGTCGT ACACGGTACA GCAAGCATGC AAGTAGACGG CAATAAAACC ACTATCCGTA ATAGCGTCAA TGCTATCATC MITTGGMAC MITTAMCAT TGACCAMAT GAMATGGTGC AGTTTTTACA AGAMAGCAGC AACTGTGCCG TTTTCAACCG TGTTACATCT GACCAMATCT 401 CCCANTIAM AGGGATTITA GATTCIANCE GACANGICIT TITAATCANC CCANATEGETA TCACANTAGG TAMGACGCA ATTATIAACA CTAATGGCTT 501: TACTGCTTCT ACGCTAGACA TTTCTAACGA AAACATCAAG GCGCGTAATT TCACCCTTGA GCAAACCAAG GATAAAGCAC TCGCTGAAAT CGTGAATCAC GGTTTAATTA CEGTTGGTAA AGACGGTACC GTAAACCTTA TIGGTGGCAA AGTGAAAAC CAGGGCGTGA TIAGCGTAAA IGGCGGTAGT ATTIETTTAC TIGCAGGGCA AAAATCACC ATCAGGGATA TAATAAATCC AACCATCACT TACAGCATTG CTGCACCTGA AAACGAAGGG ATCAATCTGG GCGATATTTT TECCHAAGET GETAACATIA ATGTCCCCCC TECCACTATT CECAATAAG GTAAACTTC TECCCACTCT GTAAGCAAG ATAAAGTEG TAACATTGTT CTCTCTGCCA ANGANGGTGA AGCGGAAATI GGCGGTGTAA TITCCGCTCA AAATCAGCAA GCCAAAGGTG GTAAGTTGAT GATTACAGGC GATAAAGTTA CATTGAAAAC GGGTGCAGTT ATCGACCTTT CGGGTAAAGA AGGGGGGAGAA ACTTATCTTG GCGGTGACGA GCGTGGCGAA GGTAAAACG GCATTCAATT AGGANAGANA ACCACTITAG ANAMAGGETE ANCANTINAT GTGTCAGGTA ANGANANAGG TGGGGGGGGGT ATTGTATGGG GCGATATTGC GTTAATTGAC GGCAATATTA ATGCCCAAGG TAAAGATATC GCTAAAACTG GTGGTTTTGT GGAGACGTCG GGGCATTACT TATCCATTGA TGATAACGCA ATTGTTAAAA CAAAAGAATG GCTAGTAGAC CCAGAGAATG TGACTATTGA AGCTCETTCC GCTTCTCGCG TCGAGCTGGG TGCCGATAGG AATTCCCACT CGGCAGAGGT GATAMAGIG ACCETAMAN AMATAMCAC CITCETTGACA ACACTAMCCA ATACAACCAT TICANATCTI CIGAMAGIG CCCACGIGGI GAACATAACG GEAAGGAGAA AACTTACCGT TAATAGCTCT ATCAGTATAG AAAGAGGCTC CCACTTAATT CTCCACAGTG AAGGTCAGGG CGGTCAAGGT GTTCAGATTG ATAMAGATAT TACTTCTGAA GGCGGAAATT-TAACCATTTA TICTGGCGGA TGGGTTGATG TICATAAAAA TATTACGETT, GGTAGCGGCT TITTAAACAT 1701 CACAACTAMA GAAGGAGATA TOGOCTITOGA AGACAAGTOT GGACGGAACA ACCTAACCAT TACAGCCCAA GGGACCATCA CCTCAGGTAA TAGTAACCGC TITAGATITA ACAACGICIC ICTAAACAGC CITGGCGGAA AGCIGAGCTI TACTGACAGC AGAGAGGACA GAGGTAGAAG AACTAAGGGI AATATCICAA ACAMATTICA COGMEGITA MICATITICO GMICTOTAGA TATOTOMATO AMAGCACCIA AMOTOMOCTO GITTITACAGA GACAMAGGAC GCACCITACTO CAMEGIANCE ÁCTITANATE TIACCICEGE TAGIANATIT ANCETETECA TIGNCAGCAE AGGANGTEGE TENCAGGTE CANGCATACE CANTECAGAN TTAMATEGEA TAMENTTAM TAMAGECACT TTYMATATEG CACAAGGETE AACAGETAAC TTYAGCATCA AGGCATCAAT AATGCCCTTT AAGAGTAACG CTANCTACGE ATTATTTANT GAMEATATIT CAGTETEAGG GGGGGGTAGE GTTANTTTCA AACTTAACGE CTCATCTAGE AACATACAAA CECCETGGEGT 2301 MITATAMA TOTOMANOT TRANSCTOR AGGAGGGTCA ACTITAMATO TOMOGOCTGA AGGTTCANCA GALACOGOTT TITOMATAGA AMATGATTTA 2401 MCTTAMCG CCACCGGTGG CANTATMCA ATCAGACMG TCGAGGGTAC CGATTCACGC GTCAACAMG GTGTCGCAGC CAMAMAC ATAACTTTTA 2501 MGGGGGTAN TATCACETTE GGCTETCHIN ANGECACHIC AGMATCHIA GGCANTGTTA CCATCANTAN AMCACTANE GCTACTETTE GTGGTGGGAA

G-46- "

2601 TITTGCCCAA ANCANTEGE CTTTANATAT AGEAGGANAT GTTATTANTA ATGGCANCET TACCACTGCE GGCTCCATTA TENATATAGE CEGANATETT ACTOTITCAA AAGGCCCTAA CCTTCAAGCT ATAACAAATT ACACTITTAA TGTAGCCGCC TCATTTCACA ACAATGGCCGC TTCAAACATT TCCATTGCCA GAGGAGGGGC TAMATITAMA GATATCMATA ACACCAGTAG CTIMATATT ACCACCAACT CTGATACCAC TTACCGCACC ATTATAMAG GCAATATATC CANCANATCA GGTGATTTGA ATATTATTGA TANAMAGC GACGCTGANA TCCANATTGG CGGCAATATC TCACANAAG AAGGCAATCT CACAATTTCT TETGATAMAG TAMATATTAE CHATCAGATA ACAATCAAAG CAGGEGTTGA AGGGGGGGCGT TETGATTCAA GTGAGGCAGA AMATGETAAC CTAACTATTE AMECHANICA GITAMATTIC GEAGGAGACE TAMATATTIC AGGETTIMIT MAGEAGAM TIACAGETMA AMATEGEAGT GATTIMAETA TIGGEMATGE TAGESGIEGT MATGETGATG CTAMMAGT, GACTTITGAC MAGGITAMAG ATTEMMAT CTCGACTGAC GGTCACAATG TAACACTAM TAGEGGAGTG AMACETETA ATGGTAGTAG CAATGETGGT AATGATAACA GCACEGGTTT AACCATTTCE GCAAAGATG TAACGGTAAA CAATAACGTT ACCTCCEACA 3401 AGACAATAMA TATETETEEE ECAGCAEGAA ATGTAACAAC CAAAGAAGGC ACAACTATCA ATGCAACCAC AGGCACCGTG GAAGTAACTG CTCAAAATGG TACANTIANA GGCARCATTA CETEGERANA TIGTANCAGTIC ACAGERACAG AMATETTET TACCACAGAG ANTICETET TAATGERAC CAGEGGERACA GTANACATTA GTACANNAC AGGGGATATT ANAGGTGGAN TIGNATCANC TICCGGTANT GTANATATTA CAGCGAGCGG CANTACACTT ANGGTANGTA ATATEACTEC TEAGATETA ACAETAACAE EGGATGEAGG ACCETTGAEA ACTACAGCAE CETCAACCAT TAGTGEGACA ACAEGGEAATE CAAATATTAC AACCAMACA GGTGATATCA ACGGTAMAGT TGAATCCAGC TCCGGCCTCTG TAACACTTGT TGCAACTGGA GCAACTCTTG CTGTAGGTAA TATTTCAGGT AACACTGTTA CTATTACTGC GGATAGCGGT AAATTAACCT CCACAGTAGG ITCTACAATT AATGGGACTA ATAGTGTAAC CACCTCAAGC CAATCAGGCG ATATTGAAGG TACAATTTCT GGTAATACAG JAAATGTTAC AGCAAGCACT GGTGATTTAA CTATTGGAAA TAGTGCAAAA GTTGAAGCGA AAAATGGAGC TECANCETTA ACTECTEMIT CAGGEMANTI AACCACCEMA ACAGGETETA GEATTACCTE AAGCAATEGT CAGACAACTE TTACAGCEMA GGATAGCAGT ATCGCAGGAA ACATTANTGC TGCTAATGTG ACGTTANATA CCACAGGCAC ITTANCTACT ACAGGGGGATT CANAGATTAN CGCAACCAGT GGTACCTTAN 4201 CAATCAATCC AMAGATGCC AMATTAGATG GTGCTGCATC AGGTGACCGC ACAGTAGTAA ATGCAACTAA CGCAAGTGGC TCTGGTAACG TGACTGCGAA AACCTCAAGC AGCGTGAATA TCACCGGGGA TTTAAACACA ATAAATGGGT TAAATATCAT TTCGGAAAAT GGTAGAAACA CTGTGCGCTT AAGAGGCAAG 4501 GAMATTEATG TEMATATAT ECMACCAGGT GTAGCAAGEG TAGAAGAGGT MATTGAAGEG AMACGEGTEE TTGAGAAGGT AMAGATTTA TETGATGAAG 4601 MAGAGAME ACTAGECAM CTTGGTGTM GTGCTGTACG TTTCGTTGAG CCAMATANTG CCATTACGGT TANTACACAA AACGAGTTTA CAACCAMACC 4701 ATCANGTON GTGACANTTI ETGAAGGTAN GGCGTGTTTC TCANGTGGTA ATGGCGCACG AGTATGTACC AATGTTGCTG ACGATGGACA GCAG

Fin a

HMW4 nucleotide sequence

Fa 41

REFORMAT of: Temp4.Gcg check: -1 from: 1 to: 4803 October 5, 1995 17:44
(No documentation)

Nms4.Gcg Length: 4803 October 5, 1995 18:29 Type: N Check: 3920 ...

1 ATGALCAGA TATATOGTOT CANATTOGC ANACGOOTGA ATGOTTTGGT TOCTGTGTCT GAATTGACAC GGGGTTGTGA COATTCCACA GAANAGGCA 101 GTGALANCE TETTEGTACG AMGTAGGEC ACTTGGEGTT AMGCEACTT TEEGETATAT TGETATETTT GGGEATGGEA TECATTEEGE ANTETGTTTT 201 AGCCAGCGGT TTACAGGGAA TGAGCGTCGT ACACGGTACA GCAACCATGC AAGTAGACGG CAATAAAACC ACTATCCGTA ATAGCGTCAA TGCTATCATC 301 ANTIGOANC ANTITACAT TOACCAANT GANATGGTGC AGTITITACA AGANGCAGC ANCTETGCCG TITTCANCCG TGTTACATCT GACCAAATCT CCCANTIANA AGGGATTITA GATTCTANCG GACANGTETT TITANTCANC CCANATGGTA TCACAATAGG TANGACGCA ATTATTANCA CTAATGGCTT TACTGETTET ACGETAGACA TTICTANEGA MACATCANG GEGEGIANTI TEACCECTIGA GEAMACCANG GATAMAGEAE TEGETGAMI EGIGNATEAC GETTTAATTA CCGTTGGTAA AGACGGTAGC GTAAACCTTA TIGGTGGCAA AGIGAAAAC GAGGGCGTGA TIAGCGTAAA IGGCGGTAGT ATTICTTTAC 701 TIGCAGGGCA AMMATCACC ATCAGCGATA TAATAMATCC AACCATCACT TACAGCATTG CTGCACCTGA AMACGAAGCG ATCAATCTGG GCGATATTTT 801 TECCHAAGET GETALCATTA ATGTEEGCEC TECCHACTATI CECHATANAG GTANACTITC TECCENCTET GTANGCANAG ATANAGETEG TANCATTETT 901 CTETETECCA ALGUAGGTGA AGEGGAAATT GGCGGTGTAA TITECGCTCA ALATCAGCAA GCCAAAGGTG GTAAGTTGAT GATTACAGGT GATAAAGTCA 1001 CATTAMANC AGGTGCAGTT ATCGACCTTT CAGGTANGA AGGGGGAGAG ACTTATCTTG GCGGTGATGA GCGTGGCGAA GGTANNATG GTATTCAATT 1101 AGCERAGANA ACCTETTTAG ANNAGGETE GACAATTAAT GTATCAGGCA ANGAMAAGG EGGGEGEGET ATTGTATGGG GEGATATTGC ATTAATTAAT 1201 GGTANCATTA ATGCTCANGG TAGCGATATT GCTANANCTG GCGGCTTTGT GGAANCATCA GGACATGACT TATCCATTGG TGATGATGTG ATTGTTGACG 1301 CTAMAGAGTG GTTATTAGAC CCAGATGATG TGTCCATTGA AACTCTTACA TCTGGACGCA ATAATACCGG CGAMACCAA GGATATACAA CAGGAGATGG 1401 GACTANAGAG TCACCTANAG GTANTAGTAT TTCTANACCT ACATTANCAN ACTCUACTCT TGAGCANATC CTANGANGAG GTTCTTATGT TANTATCACT 1501 GCTANTANTA GANTITATET TANTAGCTEC ATCANCTTAT CTANTEGCAG TITANCACTT CACACTANAC GAGATEGAET TANANTIANC GETGATATTA 1601 CETCAMACGA AMATGGTAAT TTAMCEATTA AMGCAGGETE TIGGGTIGAT GITCATAMAA ACATCACGET TGGTACGGGT TITTIGAATA TIGTEGGTIGG 1701 GGATTETGTA GETTTTGAGA GAGAGGGEGA TAMAGCALGT AACGEMICAG ATGETEMAT TACCGCACAA GGGALGATAA CEGTCAATAA AGATGATAAA 1801 CANTITAGAT TOANTANTGE ATCENTIANC GEGACGEGCA AGGETTEAN STETATEGCA ANTOANATA ATTECACICA TAANTEGAT GECGALATEA 1901 ACATATETEG AATAGTAACA ATTAACCAAA CEACGAAAAA AGATGTTAAA TACTGGAATG CATCAAAAGA CTCTTACTEG AATGTTTETT CTCTTACTTT 2001 GAATACGGTG CAAAATTTA CCTTTATAAA ATTCGTTGAT AGCGGCTCAA ATTCCCAAGA TTTGAGGTCA TCACGTAGAA GTTTTGCAGG CGTACATTTT 2101 MCGGCATCG GAGGCAMAC AMETICANC ATCGGAGGTA ACGCAMAGC CITATTIAM TIAMACCIA ACGCCGGTAC AGACCCAMA AMGAATTAC 2201 CTATTACTIT TANCGCCAAC ATTACAGCTA COGGTANCAG TGATAGCTCT GTGATGTTTG ACATACACGC CAATCTTACC TCTAGAGCTG COGGCATAAA 2301 CATGGATTCA ATTACATTA CEGGGGGGCT TGACTTTTCC ATACATCCC ATACTCGCAA TAGTAATCCT TTTGAAATCA AAAAGACTT AACTATAAAT 2401 GEALCTGGCT EGALTITTAG TETTAAGCAA ACGAAAGATT CTTTTTATAA TGALTACAGC AAACACGCCA TTAACTCAAG TCATAATCTA ACCATTCTTG

2501 CCCCCAATGT CACTCTAGGT GGGGAAAATT CAAGCAGTAG CATTACGGGC AATATCAATA TCACCAATAA AGCAAATGTT ACATTACAAG CTGACCACCAG 2601 CALCAGEANC ACAGGETTGA ACAMAGIAC TETANETETT GGEANTATAT ETGTTGAGGG GAATTTAAGC ETANETGGTG CANATGEANA CATTGTEGGC MICTITETA TIGENGNASI TICCACATTI ANGGAGNAS CENGIGNENA CETANCATE ACEGGENEET TINCENCAN EGGTNEEGCE MENTANTA TAMACAAGG AGTGGTAAAA CTCCAAGGCG ATATTATCAA TAMAGGTGGT TTAMATATCA CTACTAACGC CTCAGGCACT CAAAAAACCA TTATTAACGG 2901 MATATACT MCGAMMG GCGACTTAM CATCHIGUT ATTAMIGEEG ACGCEGAMT CEMATTIGGE GCCATATET CACAMANGA AGGENATETE ACANTTICTT CTCATAAAGT AATATTACC AATCAGATAA CAATCAAAGC AGGCGTTGAA GCGGGGGGGGTT CTCATTCAAG TGAGGCAGAA AATGCTAACC TAACTATTCA MCCAAAGAG TIMMATTGG CAGGAGACCT AMTATTTCA GGCTTTAATA AAGCAGAAT TACAGCTAAA AATGGCAGTG ATTTAACTAT TEGERATECT ACCORTEGIA ATECTERICE TAMANGTE ACTITICACA ACGITANGA TICANAMATE TEGRATEGIA GERACAATET ANCACTANAT 3201 AGCGAAGTGA MACGTCTAA TGGTAGTAGC AATGCTGGTA ATGATAACAG CACCGGTTTA ACCATTTCCG CAAAGATGT AACGGTAAAC AATAACGTTA ECTECCACAA GACAATAAAT ATCTCTGCCG CAGCAGGAAA TGTAACAACC AAAGAAGGCA CAACTATCAA TGCAACCACA GGCAGCGTGG AAGTAACTGC TEAMATEST ACANTAMS SCALCATTAC CICSCAMAT STACASTSA CASCAACASA AMATETISTI ACCACASASA ATSCTÉTCAT TAATSCAACC AGCGGCACAG TAMCATTAG TACAMAACA GGGGATATTA AAGGTGGAAT TGAATCAACT TCCGGTAATG TAMTATTAC AGCGAGCGGC AATACACTTA AGGTAAGTAA TATCACTGGT CAAGATGTAA CAGTAACAGC GGATGCAGGA GCCTTGACAA CTACAGCAGG CTCAACCATT AGTGCGACAA CAGGCAATGC AMATATTACA ACCAMACAG GIGATATCAA COGTAMAGIT GAATCCAGCT CCCGCTCIGI AACACTIGIT GCAACTGGAG CAACTCTIGC TGTAGGTAAT ATTICAGGTA ACACTGTTAC TATTACTGCG GATAGCGGTA AATTAACCTC CACAGTAGGT TCTACAATTA ATGGGACTAA TAGTGTAACC ACCTCAAGCC ANTEAGGEGA TATTGAAGGT ACANTTICTG GTAATACAGT AAATGTTACA GCAAGCACTG GTGATTTAAC TATTGGAAAT AGTGCAAAAG TIGAAGCGAA AMATGGAGET GEMACETTMA CTGCTGAATE AGGCAMATTA ACCACCCAMA CAGGETETAG CATTACCTCA AGCAATGGTC AGACAACTET TACAGCCAAG GATAGCAGTA TOGCAGGAMA CATTMATGCT GCTAATGTGA CGTTAMATAC CACAGGCACT TTAACTACTA CAGGGGATTC AAAGATTAAC GCAACCAGTG STACCTTANE ANTENATGEN AMENTECCA ANTENDATES TECTECATEN SETENCECCA CAGTAGTANA TECNACTANE SCANETESCE CTESTANCET GACTGEGAMA ACCTCAAGCA GEGTGAATAT CACCGGGGAT TTAMACACAA TAMATGGGTT AMATATEATT TEGGAMATG GTAGAAACAC TGTGCGCTTA AGAGGEAAGG AMTIGATET GAATATATE CAACCAGGTE TAGCAAGEGT AGAAGAGGTA ATTGAAGEGA AACGCGTECT TGAGAAGGTA AAAGATTTAT CTGATGAAGA AAGAGAACA CTAGCCAAAC TTGGTGTAAG TGCTGTACGT TTCGTTGAGC CAAATAATGC CATTACGGTT AATACACAAA ACGAGTTTAC AACCAMACCA TOMOTOMO TGACAATTTC TGAAGGTAAG GCGTGTTTCT CAAGTGGTAA TGGCGCACGA GTATGTACCA ATGTTGCTGA CGATGGACAG 4801 CAG

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COMPARISON OF DERIVED AMINO ACID SEQUENCE	KRLNALVAVS ELARGCDHST EKSSEKPARM KVRHLALKPL KRLNALVAVS ELARGCDHST EKGSEKPARM KVRHLALKPL KRLNALVAVS ELARGCDHST EKGSEKPARM KVRHLALKPL KRLNALVAVS	100 VKT TIRNSVNAII VKT TIRNSVNAII VKT TIRNSVNAII	101 Nự KẨ FẠI ĐẬY EM FẬF LỢCS S VỊ SẠY FỊ ĐẬT S ĐẠI SẠ LƯỚI LÀ SOUTE DENGOVELIN NWƘOFNIDON EMEQFLOESS NSAVFNRVTS DQISQLKGIL DSNGQVFLIN
AMINO ACI		ATMAY D5WKT ATMQVDGNKT ATMQVDGNKT ATMQVDGNKT	o ą i są lkś DQISQLKG
DERIVED A	KRLNALVAVS ELARGCDHST KRLNALVAVS ELARGCDHST KRLNALVAVS ELARGCDHST	SIPQSVLASG LQGMSVVHGT SIPQSVLASG LQGMSVVHGT SIPQSVLASG LQGMSVVHGT	<i>ŅŚĄŸĘĸŖ</i> ĮŢŚ NSAVFNRVTS
1PARISON OF		SLGVT SIPQSVLASG LQGMSVVHGT SLGVT SIPQSVLASG LQGMSVVHGT SLGVT SIPQSVLASG LQGMSVVHGT	Emeqfiqess
FIG. 10A. CON	1 MWKIYRLKFS MNKIYRLKFS MNKIYRLKFS	51 SAILLSLGVT SAMLLSLGVT SAMLLSLGVT	101 nự kậ fựi pạ _v nwkofnidon
FIG	Hmw3com Hmw4com Hmw1com Hmw2com	Hmw3com Hmw4com Hmw1com	Hmw3com Hmw4com

300

ISDIINPTIT

ISLLAGOKIT

EGVISVNGGS

GLITVGKDGS VNLIGGKVKN

Hmw2com

\$\$!#A!PRINGDIFAKG GNINVRAATI RNKGKLSADS VSKDKSGNIV

Hmw3com

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200 PNSITISKOA IINTNSFTAS TLDISNENIK ARNFTLEGTK DKALAEIVNH NWKQFNIDQN EMVQFLQENN NSAVFNRVTS NQISQLKGIL DSNGQVFLIN EMVQFLQENN NSAVFNRVTS NQISQLKGIL DSNGQVFLIN ISTUNDITY ISDITAPTITY TLDISNENIK ARNFTLEQTK DKALAEIVNH TLDISNENIK ARNFTLEQTK DKALAEIVNH ISDIINPTIT ISDIINPTIT IINTNGFTAS TLDISNENIK ARNFTLEQTK DKALAEIVNH ISLLAGOKIT ISLLAGQKIT VALTESHVKN EGVISVNEGS EGVISVNGGS GLITVGKDGS VNLIGGKVKN EGVISVNGGS IINTNGFTAS PNGITIGKDA IINTNGFTAS GLITVGKDGS VNLIGGKVKN NWKQFNIDQN GLITV9KDAS PNGITIGKDA PNGITIGKDA 151 Hmw1com Hmw2com Hmw3com Hmw4com Hmw1com Hmw3com Hmw4com Hmw2com Hmw1com

FIG. 10B.

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VSKDKSGNIV VSKDKSGNIV RNKGKLSADS VSKDKSGNIV GNINVRAATI RNKGKLSADS RNKGKLSADS GNINVRAATI GNINVRAATI YSIAAPENEA INLGDIFAKG VNLGDIFAKG VNLGDIFAKG YSIAAPENEA YSIAAPENEA Hmw4com Hmw1com Hmw2com

350 GGVISAQNQQ AKGGKLMITG DKVTLKTGAV IDLSGKEGGE IDLSGKEGGE IDLSGKEGGE GGVISAQNOQ AKGGKLMITG DKVTLKTGAV IDLSGKEGGE DKVTLKTGAV DKVTLKTGAV GGVISAQNQQ AKGGKLMITG GGVISAQNQQ AKGGKLMITG LSAKEGEAEI LSAKEGEAEI LSAKEGEAEI LSAKEGEAEI 301 Hmw3com Hmw4com Hmw1com Hmw2com

400 TYLGGDERGE GKNGIQLAKK TTLEKGSTIN VSGKEKGGRA IVWGDIALID IVWGDIALID IVWGDIALID IVWGDIALID GKNGIQLAKK TTLEKGSTIN VSGKEKGGRA TYLGGDERGE GKNGIQLAKK TTLEKGSTIN VSGKEKGGRA VSGKEKGGRA GKNGIQLAKK TTLEKGSTIN TYLGGDERGE TYLGGDERGE 351 Hmw3com Hmw4com Hmw1com Hmw2com

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450	DPENVTIEAP	DPDDVSIETL	DPDNVTINAE	DPDDVTIEAE		200	LLKSAHVVNI	ILRRGSYVNI	ILKKGTFVNI	YLKNAWTMNI	550	.EGGNLT	NENGNLT	GDDTRGANLT	SKGGNLT	
	AIVKTKEWLL	VIVDAKEWLL	AIVDAKEWLL	AIVKTKEWLL	·		TTLTNTISN	PTLTNSTLEQ	TTLTNTTLES	TTLTNTTISN		ILHSEGQGGQ GVQIDKDITS	GVKINGDITS	GVEINNDITT	GVQIDGDIT.	
	SGHYLSIDDN	SGHDLSIGDD	SGHDLFIKDN	SGHYLSIESN	÷		VTLKKNNTSL	ESPKGNSISK	STPKRNKE.K	SDPKKNSELK			TLHTKRD	TLWSEGRSGG	ILHSKGQRGG	
 	IAKTGGFVET	IAKTGGFVET	IAKTGGFVET	IAKTGGFVET	IT TOTAL	<u></u>	RNSHSAEVIK	QGYTTGDGTK	DEYTGSGNSA	DEFPTGTGEA		SISIERGSHL	SINLSNGS.L	SINE. SNGSL	SINGSNGSHL	
401	GNINAQGK.D	GNINAQGS.D	GNINAQGSGD	GNINAQGSGD		451	SASRVELGAD	TSGRNNTGEN	TAGRSNTSED	DPLRNNTGIN	501	TARRKLTVNS	TANNRIYVNS	TANQRIYVNS	TASRKLTVNS	
FIG. 10E.	Hmw3com	Hmw4com	Hmw1com	Hmw2com			Hmw3com	Hmw4com	Hmw1com	Hmw2com		Hmw3com	Hmw4com	Hmw1com	Hmw2com	

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	551	•			009
Hmw3com	IYSGGWVDVH	IYSGGWVDVH KNITLGS.GF LNITTKEGDI AFEDKSGRNNLTITAQ	LNITTKEGDI	AFEDKSGR	NNLTITAQ
Hmw4com	IKAGSWVDVH	IKAGSWVDVH KNITLGT.GF LNIVAGDS.V AFEREGDKAR NATDAQITAQ	LNIVAGDS.V	AFEREGDKAR	NATDAQITAQ
Hmw1com	IYSGGWVDVH	IYSGGWVDVH KNISLGAQGN INITAKQD.I AFEKGSNQVITGQ	INITAKQD.I	AFEKGSNQV.	ODLI
Hmw2com	IYSGGWVDVH	IYSGGWVDVH KNITLD.QGF LNITA.AS.V AFEGGNNKAR DANNLTITAQ	LNITA.AS.V	AFEGGNNKAR	DANNLTITAQ

	601		:		650
Hmw3com	GTITSG.NSN	.NSN GFRFNNVSLN SLGGKLSFTD SREDRGRRTK GNISNKFDGT	SLGGKLSFTD	SREDRGRRTK	GNISNKFDGT
Hmw4com	GTITVNKDDK	GTITVNKDDK QFRFNNVSIN GTGKGLKFIA NQNNFTHKFDGE	GTGKGLKFIA	NQN	.NFTHKFDGE
Hmw1com	GTIT.SGNOK	GTIT.SGNOK GFRFNNVSLN GTGSGLQFTT KRTNK YAITNKFEGT	GTGSGLQFTT	KRTNK	YAITNKFEGT
Hmw2com	GTVTITGEGK	GTVTITGEGK DFRANNVSLN GTGKGLNIIS SVNNLTHNLSGT	GTGKGLNIIS	SVNN	LTHNLSGT

	TCQ				70
Hmw3com	LNISGTVDIS	LNISGTVDIS MKAPKVSWFY RD.KGRTYWN VTTLNVTSGS KFNLSIDST	RD.KGRTYWN	VTTLNVTSGS	KFNLSIDST
Hmw4com	INISGIVTIN	INISGIVTIN QTTKKDVKYW NA.SKDSYWN VSSLTLNTVQ KFTF.IKFVI	NA. SKDSYWN	VSSLTLNTVQ	KFTF.IKFVI
Hmw1com	LNISGKVNIS	LNISGKVNIS MVLPKNESGY DKFKGRTYWN 1.TSI.NVSESC FFNITINSE	DKFKGRTYWN	LTST.NVSESC	FENI TITLOED

INISGNITIN OTTRKNTSYW QTSHD.SHWN VSALNLETGA NFTF.IKYIS FIG. 10G Hmw2com

750 NFSIKASIMP LFKLKPNAAT SFNLKEGAKV NFKLKPNENM TENVERNARV NEDIKAPIGI IRNA. ELNG ITFN. . . . KA TFNIAQGSTA NFNIGANAKA SGSNS...QD LRSSRRSFAG VHFNGIGGKT ISFN...KDT V. . N. . . GNM ... PYNLNG RSSAGVNFNG SGSTG...PS SNSKGLTTQY SDSAGTLTQ. 701 Hmw3com Hmw4com Hmw1com Hmw2com

800 GGSVNFKLN ASSSNIQTPG VIIKSQNFNV SDSSVMFDIH A. . . NLTSRA AGINNDSINI .GGSVDFTLL ASSSNVQTPG VVINSKYFNV GGSVFFDIY ANHS...GRG AELKMSEINI FNEDISVSG. DPKKELPIT. FNANITATGN FNGNISVSG. FLANITATG. FKSNANYAL. NKYSSLNYAS NTSKPLPI.R 751 Hmw3com Hmw4com Hmw1com Hmw2com

850 T. DSRVNKG SNFSLKQTKD SFYNEYSKHA ENDLNLNATG GNITIRQVEG KKDLTINATG TGGLDFSITS HNRNSNAFEI SGGSTLNLKA EGSTETAFSI 801 Hmw3com Hmw4com

ANNAPNOONI

IEKAANVTLE

TRDTLNITGN

ENADIKGNLT ISESATFKGK

RDRVIKLGSL LVNGSLSLTG

Hmw2com

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FIG. 10H

GNITLLQVEG T. DGMIGKG DFYDGYARNA SNFSLRQTKD SGSTKTGFSI EKDLTLNATG HVRGDDAFKI NKDLTINATN STGSSLRFKT SNGANFTLNS Hmw1com Hmw2com

900 851

ADTSNSNTGL GSDFDNHQ. INKNTNATLR GANFAEN. ITNKANVTLQ INNNANVTLI VAAKKNITFK GGNITFGSQK ATTEIKGNVT SSSSITGNIN INSSHNLTIL GGNVTLGGEN Hmw3com Hmw4com

GGNITFGSRK AVTEIEGNVT GGNVTLGGQN SSSSITGNIT IVAKKNITFE INSTYNISIL Hmw1com Hmw2com

950 TNYTFNVAGS SIINIAGNLT VSKGANLQAI INNGNLTTAG KSPLNIAGNV 901 Hmw3com

ASDNLNITGT IAEDSTFKGE SVEGNLSLTG ANANIVGNLS KKRTLTLGNI Hmw4com

TNFTFNVGGL INSGNLTAGG NIVNIAGNLT VESNANFKAI KPLTIKKDVI Hmw1com

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(2)	FDNNGASNIS	FTNNCTANITN
FIG. 10I	Hmw3com	Hmw4com

IKGNISNKS IINGNITNEK IISGNITNKN IIGGDIINNK TTNSDTTYRT TTHAKRNQRS TTNASGTQKT TTNSSSTYRT IARGGAKFK. DINNTSSLNI DIDNSKNLSI NVTNDGDLNI DINNKGGLNI IKQGVVKLQG ITQGVVKLG. IAKGGARFK. INNCT.ANIN FTNNGTAEIN FDNKGNSNIS Hmw1com Hmw2com

TIKAGVEGGR TIKAGVEGGR TIKAGVDGEN TIKKGIDGED SDKVNITNQI SDKINITKQI SDKINITKQI SDKVNITNQI GDLNIIDKKS DAEIQIGGNI SQKEGNLTIS SQKEGNLTIS SQKEGNLTIS SQKEGNLTIS GSLNITDSNN DAEIQIGGNI GDLNIKNIKA DAEIQIGGNI DTEMQIGGDI GDLNITNEGS 1001 Hmw3com Hmw4com Hmw1com Hmw2com

1100 SDSSEAENAN LTIQTKELKL AGDLNISGFN KAEITAKNGS DLTIGNASGG SDSSEAENAN LTIQTKELKL AGDLNISGFN KAEITAKNGS DLTIGNASGG DLTIGNTNSA DLTIGNSNDG SSSDATSNAN LTIKTKELKL TEDLSISGFN KAEITAKDGR KAEITAKDGS SDSDATNNAN LTIKTKELKL TQDLNISGFN 1051 Hmw3com Hmw4com Hmw1com Hmw2com

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Hmw3com	N ADAKKVT	FDKVKDSKIS	TDGHNVTLNS	EVKTSNGS	N. ADAKKUT FUKVKDSKIS TDGHNVTLNS EVKT SNGS SNAGNDNSTG
Hmw4com	N. ADAKKVT	FDKVKDSKIS	TDGHNVTLNS	EVKTSNGS	KKVT FDKVKDSKIS TDGHNVTLNS EVKTSNGS SNAGNDNSTG
Hmw1com	D. GTNAKKVT	KKVT FNOVKDSKIS ADGHKVTIHG KVETEGENNN TEDSCENIAG	ADGHKVTLHS	KVETCCCNINI	O TOTAL STATE OF THE ACT
Hmw2com	NSGAEAKKVT	KVT FNNVKDSKIS ADGHNVTLNS KVKTSSSNGG RESNEDNING	ADGHNVTLNS	EVIKT G G NIGG	I EDSSDINIAG PECNCONDEC

1				1201	
		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •			
NGKASIT	TTAGSTINAT	NITA.SEKVT	LTITAKNVEV NKDVTSLKTV NITA.SEKVT TTAGSTINAT NGKASIT.	LTITAKNVEV	Hmw2com
TGWVEIT	TKTGTTINAT	SISATSGEIT	LTIDAKNVTV NNNITSHKAV SISATSGEIT TKTGTTINAT TGNVEIT	LTIDAKNVTV	Hmw1com
TGSVEVTAQN	TKEGTTINAT	NISAAAGNV'F	LTISAKDVTV NNNVTSHKTI NISAAAGNVT TKEGTTINAT TGSVEVTAQN	LTISAKDVTV	Hmw4com
TGSVEVTAQN	TKEGTTINAT	NISAAAGNVT	LTISAKDVTV NNNVTSHKTI NISAAAGNVT TKEGTTINAT TGSVEVTAQN	LTISAKDVTV	Hmw3com
1.200				1151	

	1201				1250
Hmw3com	GTIKGNITSQ	GTIKGNITSQ NVTVTATENL VTTENAVINA TSGTVNISTK TGDIKGGIES	VTTENAVINA	TSGTVNISTK	TGDIKGGIES
Hmw4com	GTIKGNITSQ NVTVTATENL VTTENAVINA TSGTVNISTK TGDIKGGIES	NVTVTATENL	VTTENAVINA	TSGTVNISTK	TGDIKGGIES
Hmw1com	•	AO TGDIKGGIES	•	A0	TGDIKGGIES

FIG. 10K.	· •				
Hmw2com			•	TK	T
	1251				1300
Hmw3com	TSGNVNITAS	GNTLKVSNIT	GQDVTVTADA	GALTTTAGST	ISATTGNANI
Hmw4com	TSGNVNITAS	GNTLKVSNIT	GQDVTVTADA	GALTTTAGST	ISATTGNANI
Hmw1com	SSGSVTLTAT	EGALAVSNIS	GNTVTVTANS	GALTTLAGST	IKG.TESVTT
Hmw2com		•	•		
			÷		
	1301				1350
Hmw3com	TTKTGDINGK	VESSSGSVTL	VATGATLAVG	NISGNTVTIT	ADSGKLTSTV
Hmw4com	TTKTGDINGK	VESSSGSVTL	VATGATLAVG	NISGNTVTIT	ADSGKLTSTV
Hmw1com	SSQSGDIG		9	TISGGTVEVK	ATESLTTQSN
Hmw2com	GDIS	•	9	TISGNTVSVS	ATVDLTTKSG
	1351				1400
Hmw3com	GSTINGTNSV	TTSSQSGDIE GTISGNTVNV	GTISGNTVNV	TASTGDLTIG	NSAKVEAKNG
Hmw4com	GSTINGTNSV	TTSSQSGDIE	GTISGNTVNV	TASTGDLTIG	NSAKVEAKNG

1550

FIG. 10L

SKIKATTGEA NVTSATGTIG GTISGNTVNV TANAGDLTVG NGAEINATEG GTISGNTVNV TANAGDLTVG NGAEINATEG SKIEAKSGEA NVTSATGTIG Hmw1com Hmw2com

1450 SSNGQTTLTA KDSSIAGNIN AANVTLNTTG SSNGQTTLTA KDSSIAGNIN AANVTLNTTG SAKGQVNLSA QDSSVAGSIN AANVTLNTTG STKGQVDLLA QNSSIAGNIN AANVTLNTTG AATLTAESGK LTTQTGSSIT AATLTAESGK LTTQTGSSIT AATLTTSSGK LTTEASSHIT LTTEAGSSIT AATLTATGNT Hmw3com Hmw4com Ilmw1.com Hmw2com

1401

1451

1500 NATSGTLTIN AKDAKLDGAA SGDRTVVNAT NASGSGNVTA TLTTTGDSKI NATSGTLTIN AKDAKLDGAA SGDRTVVNAT NASGSGNVTA AKDAELNGAA LGNHTVVNAT NANGSGSVIA SGDSTEVNAV NASGSGSVTA AKDAKLNGDA NATSGTLTIN KATSGTLTIN TLTTTGDSKI TLTTVAGSDI TLTTVKGSNI Hmw3com Hmw4com Imw1com Hnw2com

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(112 10~:4)

QP

PSSQVIISEG KACFSSGNGA RVCTNVADDG

Hmw2com

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IQPGVASVEE IQPGVASVEE IQPGIASVDE IQPGVASVEE IQPGVASVEE VNTQNEFTTK VNTQNEFTTR VDTQNEFTTR	(6:~0,70)	(110k 10 ~ 111)	(7) (4) (7) (7)
ISENGRNTVR LRGKEIDVKY ISENGRNTVR LRGKEIDVKY ISKNGINTVL LKGVKIDVKY ISKDGRNTVR LRGKEIEVKY TLAKLGVSAV RFVEPNNAIT ALAKLGVSAV RFIEPNNTIT TLAKLGVSAV RFIEPNNTIT TLAKLGVSAV RFIEPNNTIT		00 V	R.
DLNTINGLNI ISENGRNTVR LRGKEIDVKY DLNTINGLNI ISENGRNTVR LRGKEIDVKY DLITINGLNI ISKNGINTVL LKGVKIDVKY DLNTVNGLNI ISKDGRNTVR LRGKEIEVKY VKDLSDEERE TLAKLGVSAV RFVEPNNAIT VKDLSDEERE ALAKLGVSAV RFIEPNNTIT VKDLSDEERE TLAKLGVSAV RFIEPNNTIT VKDLSDEERE TLAKLGVSAV RFIEPNNTIT	FORVITAGE MACFASGNGA RVCTNVADDG QQ		
DLNTINGLNI DLNTINGLNI DLITINGLNI DLNTVNGLNI VKDLSDEERE VKDLSDEERE VKDLSDEERE	NACE SSGNGA	KACFSSGNGA	RACFSNSDGA
KTSSSVNITG TTSSRVNITG ATSSRVNITG ATSSSVNITG VIEAKRVLEK VIEAKRVLEK VIEAKRVLEK VIEAKRVLEK VIEAKRVLEK VIEAKRVLEK	ב ממעי ב במהפ	PSSQVTISEG	PLSRIVISEG RACFSNSDGA TVCVNIADNG
Hmw3com Hmw1com Hmw3com Hmw4com Hmw1com Hmw2com	11	HMW4 COM	Hmwlcom

FIG. 10L.

43

11

HMW₁

HMW₂

FIG. 2. Western immunoblot assay of phage lysates containing either the HMW1 or HMW2 recombinant proteins. Lysates were probed with an *E. coli*-absorbed adult serum sample with high-titer antibody against high-molecular-weight proteins. The arrows indicate the major immunoreactive protein bands of 125 and 120 kDa in the HMW1 and HMW2 lysates, respectively.

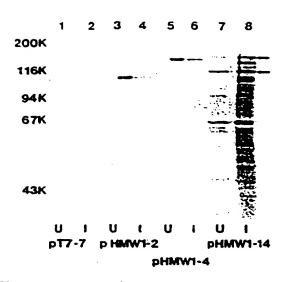
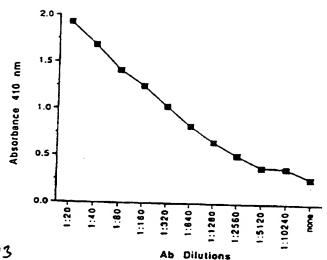


FIG. 3. Western immunoblot assay of cell sonicates prepared from E. coli transformed with plasmid pT7-7 (lanes 1 and 2), pHMW1-2 (lanes 3 and 4), pHMW1-4 (lanes 5 and 6), or pHMW1-14 (lanes 7 and 8). The sonicates were probed with an E. coli-absorbed adult serum sample with high-titer antibody against high-molecular-weight proteins. Lanes labeled U and I represent sonicates prepared before and after induction of the growing samples with IPTG, respectively. The arrows indicate protein bands of interest as described in the text.



Ab Dilutions
FIG. 6. ELISA with rHMW1 antiserum assayed against purified filamentous hemagglutinin of B. pertussis. Ab, antibody.

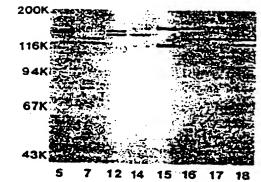


FIG. A. Western immunoblot assay of cell sonicates from a panel of epidemiologically unrelated nontypeable H. influenzae strains. The sonicates were probed with rabbit antiserum prepared against HMW1-4 recombinant protein. The strain designations are indicated by the numbers below each lane.

65 | 73

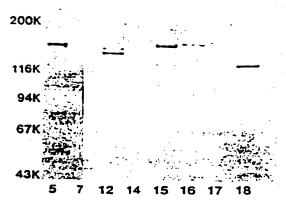


FIG. 8. Western immunoblot assay of cell sonicates from a panel of epidemiologically unrelated nontypeable H. influenzae strains. The sonicates were probed with monoclonal antibody X3C, a murine IgG antibody which recognizes the filamentous hemagglutinin of B. pertussis (13). The strain designations are indicated by the numbers below each lane.

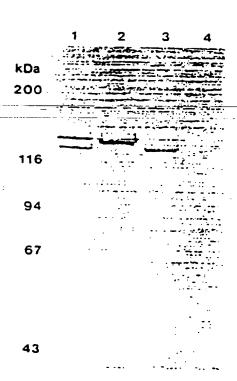
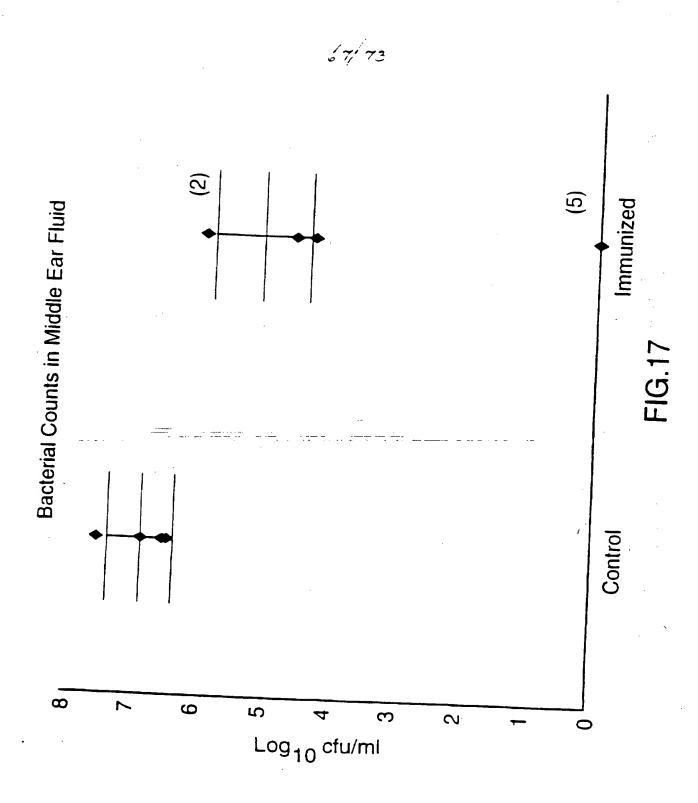
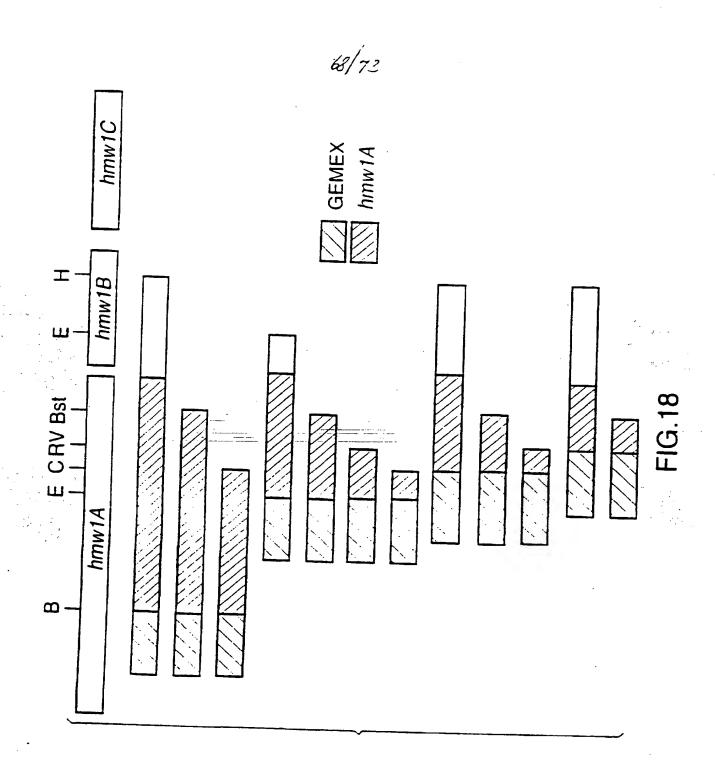
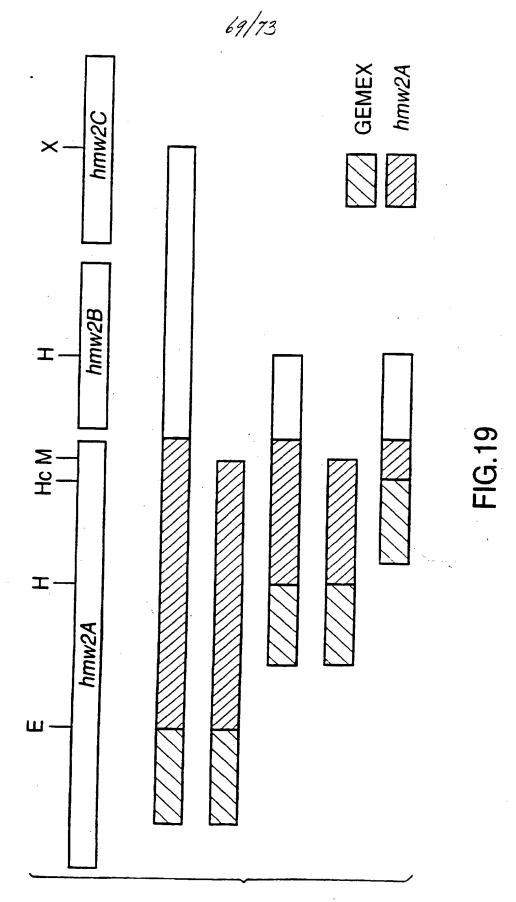


Fig. 2: Immunoblot assay of cell sonicates of nontypable H. influenzae strain 12 derivatives. The sonicates were probed with rabbit antiserum prepared against HMW-1 recombinant protein. Lanes: 1, wild-type strain: 2, HMW-2 mutant; 3, HMW-1 mutant; 4, HMW-1 / HMW-2 double mutant.



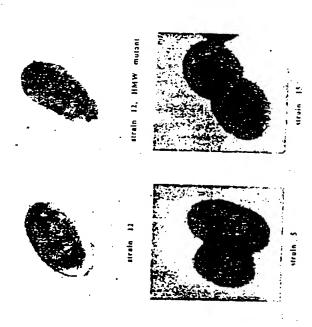
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Immunoelectron microscopy with Mah AD6



71 | 73

Western immunoblot assay with Mab AD6 and HMW1A or HMW2A recombinant proteins

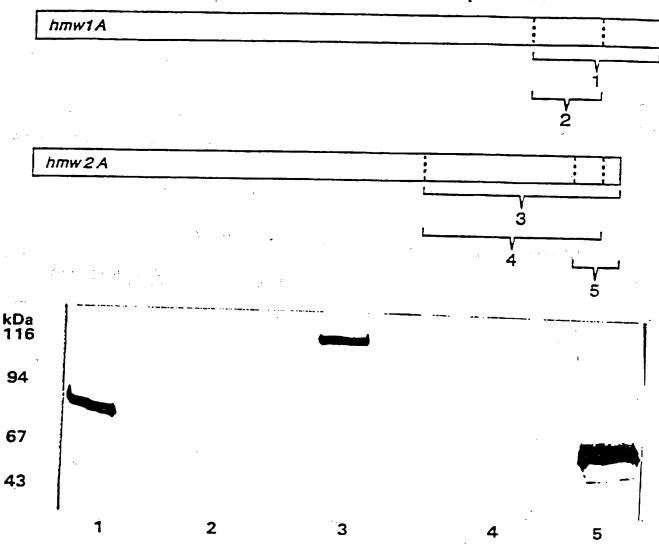
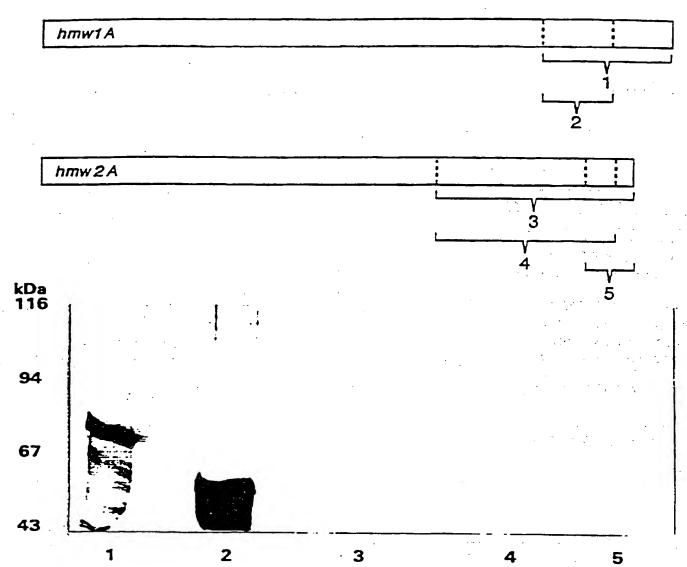


Figure 4 21

Western immunoblot assay with Mab 10C5 and HMW1A or HMW2A recombinant proteins



fy 22

Western immunoblot assay with Mab AD6 and ten unrelated nontypable *Haemophilus influenzae*

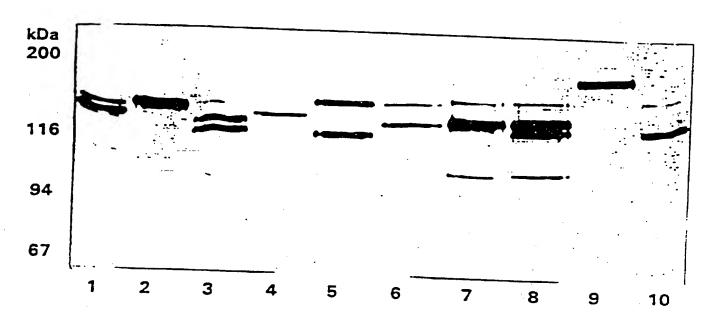


Figure 5 23

International application No. PCT/US97/04707

	PC170	139 7/04 70 7
A. CLASSIFICATION OF SUBJECT MATTER		
IPC(6) :C07H 21/02, 21/04; C12P 21/06; A61K 39/10 US CL :536/23.1, 23 4, 23 7, 24 3, 24 32, 425/60 1	2	
	24/256.1	
According to International Patent Classification (IPC) or to B. FIELDS SEARCHED	both national classification and IPC	
- Control of the cont		
Minimum documentation searched (classification system follows)	owed by classification symbols)	
U.S. : 536/23.1, 23.4, 23.7, 24.3, 24.33; 435/69.1; 42		
Documentation searched other than minimum documentation	to the extent that such documents are	included in the fields searched
Electronic data base consulted during the international search	(name of data base and, where pra	cticable, search terms word)
APS, DIALOG, CAS, MEDLINE, BIOSIS, MPSRCH search terms: haemophilus influenzae, h. influenzae		octobre, search terms used)
C. DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVAN	Т	
Category* Citation of document, with indication, when	e appropriate, of the relevant passag	ges Relevant to claim No.
WO 93/19090 A1 (BARENKA entire document.	MP) 30 September 19	993, 1-4
X BARENKAMP et al. Clasica F.		
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Analysis of Genes Encoding	Nontyneable Haemoni	hilis
"""derizae nign-Molecular-Weig	ht Surface-Exposed Prot	aine I 1
herated to Filamentous Hemagali	utinin of <i>Rordetella partus</i>	ccic
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pages 1302-1313, entire docum	nent.	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
WO 94/21290 A1 (BARENKA	MP) 29 September 19	194. 1-4
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X Further documents are listed in the continuation of Box	C. See patent family ann	ıcx.
Special categories of cited documents:	"T later document mublished after	the international filing date or priority
4 document defining the general state of the art which is not considered to be of particular relevance	date and not in conflict with the principle or theory underlying	E REPUICATION but cited to understand the
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document referring to an oral disclosure, use, exhibition or other mones	considered to involve as in-	nce; the claimed invention cannot be ventive step when the document is her such documents, such combination
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14 MAY 1997	1 O JUN 1997	
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Commissioner of Patents and Trademarks Sox PCT	1	
Washington, D.C. 20231	JENNIFER SHAVER	DINE 1/2
m PCT/ISA/210 (second sheet)/July 1992)	Telephone No. (703) 308-0196	s
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International application No.
PCT/US97/04707

ategory*	Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the releva	nt passages	Relevant to claim N
-	BARENKAMP et al. Genes Encoding High-Molecular-Adhesion Proteins of Nontypeable <i>Haemophilus influenz</i> Part of Gene Clusters. Infection and Immunity. August Volume 62, No. 8, pages 3320-3328, entire document.	Weight	2-4
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Form PCT/ISA/210 (continuation of second sheet)(July 1992)*

International application No. PCT/US97/04707

Box 1 Observations where certain claims were found unsearchable (Continuation of item 1 of first sheet)
This international report has not been established in respect of certain claims under Article 17(2)(a) for the following reasons:
<u> </u>
1. Claims Nos.: because they relate to subject matter not required to be searched by this Authority, namely:
Claims Nos.: because they relate to parts of the international application that do not comply with the prescribed requirements to such an extent that no meaningful international search can be carried out, specifically:
Claims Nos.: because they are dependent claims and are not drafted in accordance with the second and third sentences of Rule 6.4(a).
Box II Observations where unity of invention is lacking (Continuation of item 2 of first sheet)
This International Searching Authority found multiple inventions in this international application, as follows:
Please See Extra Sheet.
·
1. As all required additional search fees were timely paid by the applicant, this international search report covers all searchable claims.
2. As all searchable claims could be searched without effort justifying an additional fee, this Authority did not invite payment of any additional fee.
3. As only some of the required additional search fees were timely paid by the applicant, this international search report covers only those claims for which fees were paid, specifically claims Nos.:
No required additional search fees were timely paid by the applicant. Consequently, this international search report is restricted to the invention first mentioned in the claims; it is covered by claims Nos.:
Remark on Protest The additional search fees were accompanied by the analysis
The additional search fees were accompanied by the applicant's protest. No protest accompanied the payment of additional search fees.
payment of additional scattle lees.

Form PCT/ISA/210 (continuation of first sheet(1))(July 1992)*

International application No. PCT/US97/04707

BOX II. OBSERVATIONS WHERE UNITY OF INVENTION WAS LACKING This ISA found multiple inventions as follows:

This application contains the following inventions or groups of inventions which are not so linked as to form a single inventive concept under PCT Rule 13.1. In order for all inventions to be searched, the appropriate additional search fees must be paid.

Group I, claim(s) 1-4, drawn to DNA and vectors.

Group II, claim(s) 5-9, 12 and 13, drawn to proteins.

Group III, claim(s) 10 and 11, drawn to conjugate molecules.

The inventions listed as Groups I-III do not relate to a single inventive concept under PCT Rule 13.1 because, under PCT Rule 13.2, they lack the same or corresponding special technical features for the following reasons:

The special technical feature of Group I is DNA encoding a high molecular weight protein of Haemophilus influenzae. This DNA is separate and independent from the proteins of Group II and the conjugates of Group III as it is biologically, chemically and structurally different. The special technical feature of Group II is high molecular weight proteins of Haemophilus influenzae which are separate and independent from Group III as they are not linked to an antigen, hapten or polysaccharide. These peptides have different immunological properties then the conjugates of Group III. The conjugates of Group III are different structurally from the proteins of Group II and may be used as multivalent vaccines. The DNA of Group I may be used for purposes other than encoding the proteins of Group II, i.e., as probes or primers in detection methods. For these reasons, the inventions of Groups I-III are shown to have different properties with no common link between them.

Form PCT/ISA/210 (extra sheet)(July 1992)*

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